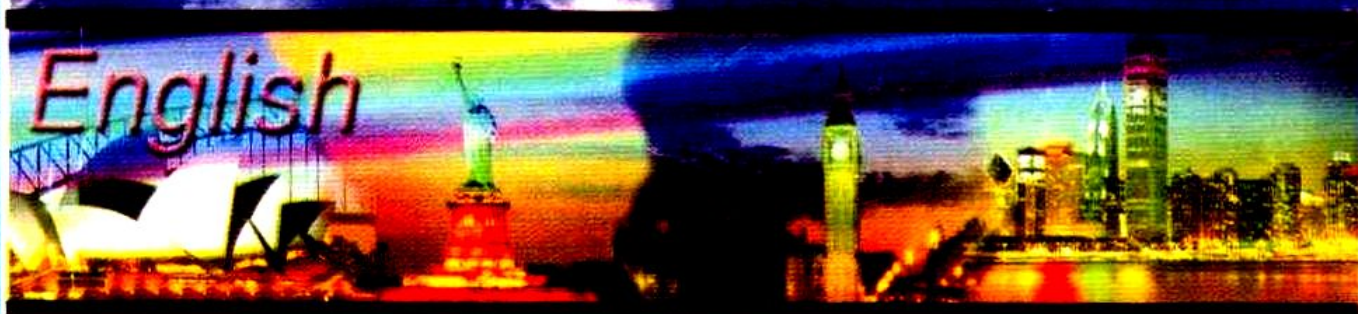


TRẮC NGHIỆM

kiến thức

TIẾNG ANH

9



- **BỔ TRỢ & NÂNG CAO**
- **ÔN THI VÀO LỚP 10 THPT CÔNG LẬP VÀ CÁC LỚP CHUYÊN ANH**



NHÀ XUẤT BẢN ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA HÀ NỘI

VÕ TÂM LẠC HƯƠNG, M.A.

TRẮC NGHIỆM *kiến thức* **TIẾNG ANH** **9**

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Mã số: 2L - 46ĐH2007

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Lời giới thiệu

Xin giới thiệu đến bạn đọc cuốn "*Trắc nghiệm kiến thức tiếng Anh 9*" của thạc sĩ Võ Tâm Lạc Hương. Đây là tài liệu được biên soạn nhằm phục vụ đối tượng là học sinh khối lớp 9 và giáo viên THCS theo chương trình và sách giáo khoa mới của Bộ GD&ĐT, với mục đích giúp các em học sinh ôn tập và hệ thống hóa các kiến thức đã học, các thầy cô giáo có thêm tư liệu để soạn giảng và kiểm tra môn học này.

Sách được trình bày khá rõ ràng và bám sát theo từng đơn vị bài học (unit) và được thể hiện dưới các dạng bài kiểm tra trắc nghiệm khách quan. Trọng tâm của sách gồm những phần:

- Cách đọc (pronuciation)
- Tự vựng (vocabulary)
- Ngữ pháp (grammar)
- Khả năng hiểu biết nội dung một đoạn văn (comprehension)

Những ngữ liệu xây dựng các bài tập ở đây được tác giả lấy ra từ những nội dung của bài học trong sách giáo khoa với nhiều mức độ khó, dễ và bao quát được các kỹ năng ngôn ngữ khác nhau. Và để đạt được các kết quả tốt nhất, học sinh cần kiên trì tự làm các bài tập đã cho trước khi xem đáp án ở cuối cuốn sách nhằm kiểm tra lại các phần đã làm.

Chúng tôi tin rằng cuốn "*Trắc nghiệm kiến thức tiếng Anh 9*" của thạc sĩ Võ Tâm Lạc Hương sẽ giúp cho các thầy cô giáo thêm một tư liệu quý, các em học sinh sẽ có cơ hội kiểm tra kết quả học tập của mình và chuẩn bị tốt cho việc làm bài kiểm tra học kì, thi tuyển sinh vào lớp 10 trường THPT công lập, THPT chuyên...

Mặc dù tác giả đã có những cố gắng trong việc biên soạn song khó tránh khỏi những khiếm khuyết, chúng tôi rất mong nhận được nhiều ý kiến đóng góp của các thầy cô giáo, phụ huynh và học sinh để những lần tái bản sau sách sẽ được tốt hơn.

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UNIT 1

A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL

Grammar

The Past Simple

The Past Simple is used to talk about completed actions at a particular point in the past, often with dates or times and words like **yesterday**, **last** and **ago**.

Christan phoned me yesterday.

I bought a new laptop two days ago.

Positive: *Tommy passed his exam last year.*

Those cakes were delicious.

Negative: *I didn't understand his question.*

Mary wasn't very well last week.

Question: *Did you enjoy the movies last night?*

Where were you yesterday?

The Past Simple with wish

The Past Simple is used to make a wish about the present.

I wish my husband didn't smoke so much.

I wish I lived in a big city. It is so boring in the country.

I wish I were taller.

Vocabulary

Buddhism, climate, comprise, federation, sacred, tropical, mosque
ethnic, Hinduism, mausoleum, pray, region, religion, territory
tropical, correspondence, separate, rehearsal, comprise, worship
storytelling, humanity, impressive, identity, inhabitant, suburb...

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. canoe B. puppet C. Hinduism D. souvenir
2. A. climate B. comprise C. decide D. Tamil
3. A. federation B. climate C. pray D. sacred
4. A. tropical B. locate C. mosque D. rock
5. A. occasion B. design C. possession D. pleasant

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. friendliness B. ethnic C. notice D. religion
7. A. depend B. compulsory C. territory D. impress
8. A. mausoleum B. separate C. optional D. primary
9. A. religion B. region C. depend D. vacation
10. A. modern B. temple C. correspond D. peaceful

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. When Mrs. Linda hears a strange noise, she got up
A B C
to investigate.
D
12. I was walking down the street while it began to rain.
A B C D
13. Thomas didn't hear the thunder during the storm last night
A B
due to he was sleeping.
C D
14. I often wish that I am really weathy.
A B C D

15. Professor Harry expressed hissself very forcibly when he was
A B C
in a meeting yesterday.
D
16. Ms. Lee is teaching at the Apollo center, that
A B C
is just over the road.
D
17. I wouldn't mind to be the manager of a store.
A B C D
18. They were all friends, many of which
A B C
had known each other for years.
D
19. Only if they would realize how stupid they've been.
A B C D
20. Take these tablets, and in twenty-four hours the pain
A B C
is going to go.
D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Mary and her pen pal have been _____ correspondence for three years.
 A. under B. in
 C. through D. over
22. He _____ the part now if he _____ the producer at the last rehearsal.
 A. is playing, didn't offend
 B. will be playing, hadn't offended
 C. will play, didn't offend
 D. would be playing, hadn't offended
23. My mother _____ me at 8:00 last night.
 A. called B. calls
 C. calling D. used to call

C. slept

D. used to sleep

33. The art of storytelling is _____ humanity.

A. as old

B. old as

C. as old as

D. old

34. There _____ a lot of people at Tom's birthday party yesterday.

A. is

B. are

C. was

D. were

35. If they'd _____ Justin more time, he'd have been able to do a better job.

A. given

B. giving

C. give

D. gave

36. Our team finally won the soccer game _____ one goal.

A. at

B. for

C. on

D. by

37. All of the witnesses _____ to tell the truth in the court of law.

A. burst

B. dig

C. swore

D. shake

38. Mike was _____ cold that his whole body shook.

A. extremely

B. so

C. much

D. very

39. _____ only a pen with blue ink, Sue drew a beautiful picture of a bird.

A. Use

B. To use

C. Used

D. Using

40. _____ the balloon burst, everyone was startled by the sudden noise.

A. While

B. When

C. During

D. For

41. Their team lost by four goals _____ nil.
A. at B. for
C. on D. to
42. Kim Lee learned some Spanish when she was in Madrid, and last year she _____ herself Italian.
A. kept on teaching B. went on teaching
C. kept on to teach D. went on to teach
43. Nellie Ross of Wyoming was the first woman _____ governor in the United States.
A. who elected B. to be elected
C. was elected D. her election as
44. Jane lost her case. It did not have a/an _____ with her name on.
A. ticket B. poster
C. label D. identification
45. We hear it _____ that Anna has got married.
A. said B. to say
C. say D. to be said

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

London is a big city, but many of the people who live there (46)_____ it as a number of small towns put together. Each district has (47) _____ own identity and atmosphere and some parts are even described by their inhabitants as "villages". Much of the center of the city (48) _____ of shops and businesses and the majority of people live in the suburbs. A great many of them travel to work in the city every day by train, bus, tube or car, this is called (49) _____.

The cost of living in London is higher than in most other parts of Britain and many people are paid extra money on top of their salaries (50) _____ this. Millions of visitors come to London every year from all over the world to see the famous

(51) _____, such as Buckingham Palace, (52) _____ the Queen lives, and many other historic buildings. London is also very famous (53) _____ its theaters, red buses and black taxis. Some people find it a noisy, dirty place but it has many large, pleasant parks where everyone can enjoy some peace and quiet. London has (54) _____ attractions, both for people from overseas and for people from all parts of Britain.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|------------|
| 46. A. find | B. believe | C. regard | D. study |
| 47. A. its | B. such | C. so | D. few |
| 48. A. comprises | B. holds | C. consists | D. gathers |
| 49. A. journeying | B. voyaging | C. commuting | D. sailing |
| 50. A. because of | B. although | C. since | D. thanks |
| 51. A. look | B. seeing | C. sightseeing | D. sights |
| 52. A. which | B. whose | C. that | D. where |
| 53. A. with | B. for | C. over | D. in |
| 54. A. much | B. lots | C. many | D. plenty |

VI. Read the following information about different pen pals.

Mary, 24 years old, comes from Scotland and would like to find a pen pal who comes from East Europe. She likes playing the piano and listening to jazz music. She is interested in history but does not like discussing politics.

Kim Lee, 19 years old, comes from Seoul, South Korea. Kim loves traveling and hopes to visit Great Britain in the future. He would like a pen pal who is interested in discussing the differences between life in Europe and life in Asia. He loves listening to pop music and playing football in his free time.

Pietro, 42 years old, comes from Argentina. He is a businessman and would like to find a pen pal who is also a businessperson and lives in North America. He is married with three children and likes using the Internet in his free time.

Helga, 31 years old, comes from Germany and speaks French, English and Russian. She would like a pen pal who is interested in exchanging ideas about language learning. She does not like using

computers for learning and believes that language learning can only happen in a classroom.

Jennifer, 18, comes from New Orleans in the United States. She is interested in discussing the political differences between East Europe and North America. She loves riding her horse, Jackie, and listening to jazz music.

Alessandro, 25 years old, comes from Rome. He is interested in finding a pen pal who speaks different languages and can exchange ideas on using the computer for learning purposes. He likes playing tennis and football in his free time.

Which pen pal is best for these people? Choose only one pen pal for each person.

55. Pietro Vladovic, 18, comes from Serbia and would like a pen pal who is interested in discussing the current political situation in the world. He likes jazz and playing tennis in his free time.

The best pen pal for Pietro would be _____.

A. Mary B. Pietro C. Jennifer D. Alessandro

56. Tom Synder, 36, is a businessman from Toronto, Canada. He would like to find a pen pal from a different continent to discuss business practices and differences between his country and others.

The best pen pal for Tom would be _____.

A. Mary B. Pietro C. Helga D. Alessandro

57. Olga, 32 years old, comes from Moscow, Russia. She is a historian and would like to find a pen pal who is interested in discussing the history of Russia before the communist regime. She is not interested in comparing different political systems.

The best pen pal for Olga would be _____.

A. Mary B. Kim Lee C. Jennifer D. Helga

58. Jack, 27, is from London. His favorite pastime is learning languages. He goes to evening German and French classes and uses his computer to improve his German and French by visiting Internet sites.

The best pen pal for Jack would be _____.

A. Helga B. Pietro C. Jennifer D. Alessandro

59. Stuart, 22, is from Dublin. He loves traveling and wants to visit Asia in the near future and would like a pen pal who likes playing football and who can tell him about the differences between life in Asia and Ireland.

The best pen pal for Stuart would be _____.

A. Mary B. Kim Lee C. Helga D. Pietro

60. Elisabeth, 35 years old, comes from Sydney, Australia. She likes learning languages, but does not like using modern technology. She is interested in finding a pen pal who also enjoys learning languages in a traditional manner.

The best pen pal for Elisabeth would be _____.

A. Jennifer B. Kim Lee C. Helga D. Alessandro

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

- 61. If they offered me the job, I would accept.**

- A. They offered me the job and I accepted.
- B. I would accept any job they offer me.
- C. They agreed to offer me a good job.
- D. Were they to offer me the job, I would accept.

- 62. You are not to leave the hospital under any circumstances.**

- A. Leaving the hospital now is not a good idea.
- B. Under no circumstances are you to leave the hospital.
- C. You are allowed to stay in the hospital.
- D. You can leave the hospital only in certain circumstances.

- 63. Why didn't you tell me you were ill?**

- A. You might have told me you were ill.
- B. I'm very sorry that I didn't know you were ill.
- C. If I had known that you were ill, I would have visited you.
- D. Whenever you get sick, let me help you.

64. After taking the pills, I began to feel much better.

- A. I was sick so I took some pills.
- B. I often take these pills when I get sick.
- C. I need some pills to ease the pain.
- D. Since taking the pills, I have felt much better.

65. "I'm sorry I forgot to set the security alarm," said the receptionist.

- A. The receptionist refused to set the security alarm.
- B. The receptionist was asked to set the security alarm.
- C. The receptionist apologized for forgetting to set the security alarm.
- D. The receptionist wondered if she had forgotten to set the security alarm.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- 1. A. touch B. couch C. ground D. bounce
- 2. A. horoscope B. poet C. emotion D. horrible
- 3. A. fond B. gorilla C. colleague D. monument
- 4. A. intelligence B. journalist C. plague D. pigeon
- 5. A. president B. optimism C. plastic D. noisy

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

- 6. A. monster B. instruction C. annoy D. official
- 7. A. extraordinary B. distribution C. cosmopolitan D. electricity
- 8. A. broadcast B. baggage C. antique D. border
- 9. A. athlete B. district C. fiction D. complete
- 10. A. pronounce B. philosophy C. temptation D. energy

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Angela reminded Thomas to his promise to buy
his son a toy car.
A B C D
12. It was getting late. I have been waiting there since two
o'clock.
A B C D
13. Jack arrives while the children were having their swim
in the pool.
A B C D
14. Tom is unemployed, but he wishes he has enough money
to travel around the world.
A B C D
15. Have you told me about the problem, I would have helped
you.
A B C D
16. Although the fact that it sounds like science fiction,
most of it is technically possible at this moment.
A B C D
17. It may be a good idea hiring a trainer that can work with
you privately.
A B C D
18. There's a lot of material there. You can use some of those.
A B C D
19. They obeyed him with so willingness that the strike went on
for over a year.
A B C D

20. The tour of the palace included^A a visit to the old kitchen where they were baking^B bread and the huge underground wine cellar which was containing^C thousands of bottles and felt^D like a prison.

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Do you still _____ in touch with your friends from high school?
A. have
B. keep
C. hold
D. grasp
22. Marketing is important; _____, we're hiring a new public relations firm.
A. therefore
B. even though
C. nevertheless
D. but
23. The Malaysian unit of _____ is the *ringgit*.
A. bargain
B. penny
C. currency
D. dollar
24. I _____ very hard lately.
A. am working
B. will work
C. am going to work
D. have been working
25. Where _____ to school?
A. did Sally go
B. Sally did go
C. Sally go
D. Sally went
26. Indoor heating systems have made _____ for people to live and work comfortably in temperate climates.
A. possible that
B. it possible
C. possible
D. it is possible
27. - My mother was born in Hue.
- _____

- A. So did my parents. B. So was my parents.
C. So were my parents. D. My parents were, either.
28. To beat the holiday traffic, we'll have to _____ out at dawn.
A. set B. go
C. move D. drive
29. Bob and Ted didn't _____ in Manchester.
A. lived B. use to live
C. used to live D. used to living
30. Take the bus, and _____ at Oxford Circus.
A. get out B. get away
C. get down D. get off
31. The thief wore gloves so that his fingerprints didn't _____.
A. give him in B. give him away
C. give him out D. give him up
32. Who do you believe is _____ for the current conflict?
A. capable B. wrong
C. responsible D. illegal
33. I left the party early because I _____ a headache.
A. had B. have
C. used to have D. was having
34. - I'm feeling rather tired.
- _____ a game of tennis?
A. How about play B. What about playing
C. Why do you play D. How about to play
35. _____ it rains very hard, the streets flood.
A. If B. Always
C. During D. Unless

- 18

44. Mary spread butter all over her piece of toast _____ her knife.
 A. on B. with
 D. at D. under
45. Maria promised _____ us. I hope she meant what she said.
 A. help B. to help
 C. helped D. helping
46. Arthur blew out _____ the candles on his birthday cake.
 A. most B. some
 C. few D. all of

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

As you walk north-west, the estuary of the river Dee becomes a vast expanse of mudflats and grassland, much of it rarely under water. At the point where the river joins the Irish Sea, there are two islands: Hilbre and Little Hilbre, both (47) _____ worth a visit. Lying a kilometer or so offshore, they are internationally famous as a sanctuary for migrating birds. The islands can be reached (48) _____ foot, but only at certain times of day (check local tide timetables). To be on the safe (49) _____, it is best to follow the tide as it goes out, giving you plenty of time to explore the islands and then make an unhurried return to Red Rocks at the tip of the Wirral peninsula. Don't be tempted to try to cross in either (50) _____ once the tide is coming in: you run the risk of being cut (51) _____ by fast-moving currents. Nor is it safe to remain on the nearby rocks, as they may be covered by water at (52) _____ tide.

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|----------|--------------|
| 47. A. well | B. very | C. quite | D. rather |
| 48. A. in | B. with | C. on | D. at |
| 49. A. side | B. aspect | C. angle | D. edge |
| 50. A. way | B. heading | C. route | D. direction |
| 51. A. down | B. out | C. up | D. off |
| 52. A. top | B. high | C. tall | D. maximum |

VI. Lousia, Lars and Akemi have each written a short description of themselves as part of a pen pal scheme organized by their teachers. Read the passages as quickly as possible and decide

53. who drives to work.

A. Lousia B. Lars C. Akemi

54. who has a long summer holiday.

A. Lousia B. Lars C. Akemi

55. who learns English at work.

A. Lousia B. Lars C. Akemi

56. who has a quite tiring job.

A. Lousia B. Lars C. Akemi

57. who hopes to get a job using his/her English.

A. Lousia B. Lars C. Akemi

My name's Lousia. I'm 19 years old and come from Bologna in Italy. I'm a student at the university, where I study law. Most of my lectures are in the afternoon, so I usually get up late and study in the evenings. On weekends, I often go to the cinema with my friends in the winter, or to the seaside in the summer. My family has a house on the Adriatic coast, and we all go there every summer for two months. I'm very interested in environmental issues, and would like to meet students from other countries who share my views.

My name's Lars. I'm 26 years old and I come from Malmo in Sweden. I'm a trainee manager in a company which sells office equipment. I spend one week of each month in a different department so that I can learn various aspects of the work. I generally spend at least one day per week out of the office as my job involves sales and marketing. My job's very interesting but rather tiring. I get up early each morning and drive ten miles to my office, but I still find the time to study English, because a teacher comes to the company twice a week. In my spare time I like to go skiing and I enjoy all water sports.

My name's Akemi. I'm 25 years old and I come from Tokyo in Japan. At the moment I'm living in Cambridge, where I'm a

student of English at a language school. My interests are theater, cinema and classical music, especially opera. In Japan I work in a large department store selling cosmetics. When I go home I hope to get a job using my English, maybe in a travel agency. My ambition is to travel all over Europe and learn another European language.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

58. Tim often lies to me, and I don't like that.

- A. Tim shouldn't have lied to me.
- B. I hate Tim because he's a bad boy.
- C. I don't like Tim's lying to me.
- D. If only Tim were more honest.

59. I don't think you can solve this problem.

- A. This problem is none of your business.
- B. You'd better not solve this problem.
- C. In my opinion, you can't solve this problem.
- D. We'd rather solve this problem together.

60. We can't possibly afford that car.

- A. We don't want to buy that car.
- B. That car is too expensive for us to buy.
- C. It was such a cheap car that we want to buy it.
- D. We'll never buy such an expensive car.

61. It was careless of Rose to leave the door unlocked.

- A. Rose shouldn't have left the door unlocked.
- B. Rose couldn't have left the door unlocked.
- C. Rose mightn't have left the door unlocked.
- D. Rose needn't have left the door unlocked.

62. Nancy enjoys listening to classical music much more than surfing the Internet.

- A. Nancy thinks that surfing the Internet is enjoyable but listening to classical music isn't.
- B. Nancy is very interested in listening to classical music.
- C. Nancy doesn't enjoy listening to classical music as much as surfing the Internet.
- D. Nancy prefers listening to classical music to surfing the Internet.

63. The children can't wait to visit their grandparents.

- A. The children are not very keen on visiting their grandparents.
- B. The children are every excited about visiting their grandparents.
- C. The children show little interest in visiting their grandparents.
- D. The children are too busy to visit their grandparents.

64. The news was so great that they decided to have a celebration.

- A. They heard the great news with enthusiasm.
- B. They decided to have a celebration in order to get the news.
- C. It was such great news that they decided to have a celebration.
- D. They welcomed the great news.

65. Linda knew how time-consuming the task was, so she offered to help me.

- A. Despite her time-consuming task, Linda offered to help me.
- B. Much as she likes me, Linda offered to help me with the time-consuming task.
- C. Knowing that the task was time-consuming, Linda offered to help me.
- D. Linda will help me in case I have to do a time-consuming task.

CLOTHING

Grammar

The Present Perfect

The Present Perfect is used to talk about:

a. recent actions or events when no fixed time is given, often with words like **just**, **recently** and **lately**.

b. actions which have a result in the present.

c. actions in a period of time which is not yet finished, and experiences in someone's life so far, often with **yet**, **so far**, **ever**, **for** and **since**.

Positive: *My brother **has prepared** the chair.*

*I **have dropped** my calculator.*

Negative: *We **haven't had** a party for ages.*

*It **hasn't rained** today.*

Question: ***Have you ever been** to Paris?*

***Has the post come** this morning?*

The Passive

In the passive, ***the object*** of an active verb becomes ***the subject*** of the passive verb.

(a) *Mary **helped** the boy.* → (b) *The boy **was helped** by Mary.*

Only transitive verbs (verbs that can be followed by an object) are used in the passive. It is not possible to use intransitive verbs in the passive.

FORM OF THE PASSIVE

Present simple passive: *am / is / are + past participle*

*Corn **is grown** in Iowa.*

Present continuous passive: *am / is / are + being + past participle*

*A new hospital **is being built** in this area.*

Present perfect passive: *have / has + been + past participle*

*Maria **has been given** a promotion at her job as a computer programmer at Microsoft.*

Past simple passive: *was / were + past participle*

*That play **was written** by Shakespeare.*

Past continuous passive: *was / were + being + past participle*

*The floor **was being cleaned** earlier today.*

Past perfect passive: *had + been + past participle*

*I **had been warned** about the weather before I went to Scotland.*

Be going to future: *be going to + be + past participle*

*The lesson **is going to be explained**.*

Simple modal passive: modal (*can, may, will, etc.*) + *be + past participle*

*Ann **will be invited** to the party.*

Modal perfect passive: modal + *have been + past participle*

*The letter **should have been sent** last week.*

Vocabulary

baggy, champagne, cotton, design, economic, embroider, encourage, inspiration, traditional, modernize, preference, species, plow, luxurious, comfort, uniform, overweight, enormous, waterproof, fondness, exclusive, antique, luxury, glamour, atmosphere, outfit, fabric, challenge, stylish...

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. fashion B. plaid C. champagne D. plain
2. A. cleared B. heard C. beard D. feared
3. A. shoes B. goes C. nose D. toes
4. A. among B. wrong C. sung D. begun
5. A. load B. road C. showed D. board

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. casual B. minority C. logical D. poetry
7. A. encourage B. embroider C. inspiration D. champagne
8. A. century B. musician C. tradition D. design
9. A. traditional B. alternative C. unique D. modernize
10. A. preference B. colorful C. continue D. favorite

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. None of the children wants to be in the group that has to stay inside because everyone prefer to go outside and play.
A B C D
12. George has been working in this hospital for he graduated.
A B C D
13. The old ladies were collecting money for people who needed some help at Christmas, so after my wife and I discussed it, we decided putting \$5 in their collection box.
A B C D

- IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

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3. _____ species of wild goats, only one, the Rocky Mountain goat, is native to North America.
- A. The ten B. Ten of the
C. Of the ten D. There are ten
4. The shirts come in a huge range of colors and _____.
A. stripes B. designs
C. labels D. embroideries
5. John _____ quite ill in the past few days.
A. becomes B. had become
C. has become D. become
6. What _____ shoes do you take?
A. size B. number
C. part D. shape
7. I've known Billy _____ a long time.
A. since B. by
C. while D. for
8. I like your new dress. That color really _____ you!
A. fits B. suits
C. goes D. puts
9. I'm really looking forward _____ to university.
A. to go B. going
C. to going D. go
10. I'm _____ money every week to buy a new sports jacket.
A. making for B. getting over
C. putting aside D. turning in
11. I'm sorry you got lost coming here. I _____ to meet you at the station if I _____ you wanted me to.
A. would have gone, had known B. would go, knew
C. will go, have known D. would have gone, knew

- 28

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Choosing clothes can be difficult. Some people want to be (41) _____, but they don't want to look exactly (42) _____ everybody else. Not all clothes are (43) _____ for work or school, perhaps they're not (44) _____ enough, or simply not (45) _____. It is easy to buy the (46) _____ size, and find that your trousers are too (47) _____, especially if you're a bit (48) _____. Very (49) _____ clothes make you feel (50) _____, but when they have (51) _____ in the washing machine, then you have the same problem! If you buy light (52) _____ clothes, then they might not be (53) _____ enough for winter. If your shoes are not (54) _____, and if you aren't (55) _____ for the cold, you might look good, but feel terrible!

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 11. A. of fashion | B. fashioned | C. fashionable | D. fashion |
| 12. A. alike | B. like | C. similar | D. same |
| 13. A. fitted | B. suitable | C. comfort | D. equal |
| 14. A. formal | B. strict | C. uniform | D. suited |
| 15. A. comforting | B. comfort | C. comforted | D. comfortable |
| 16. A. false | B. mistake | C. wrong | D. error |
| 17. A. straight | B. close | C. stiff | D. tight |
| 18. A. slim | B. overweight | C. thin | D. enormous |
| 19. A. loose | B. lose | C. loosened | D. lost |
| 20. A. thin | B. slim | C. narrow | D. spare |
| 21. A. lessened | B. reduced | C. decreased | D. shrunk |
| 22. A. of cotton | B. in cotton | C. cotton | D. cottoned |
| 23. A. warm | B. cold | C. hot | D. cool |
| 24. A. tight | B. enclosed | C. firm | D. waterproof |
| 25. A. worn | B. clothed | C. dressed | D. fitted |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question

High-Heel Freak

The owner of 150 pairs of shoes, Gloria Hunniford is a high-heel freak!

"My mother always said that in life you should buy good shoes and a good bed – because if you weren't in one you'd be in the other," laughs Gloria Hunniford.

Wise words – and they could explain Gloria's passion for shoes as well as her fondness for the exclusive Pinet shoe shop in London's Bond Street.

With its marble steps and antique furniture the shop oozes with luxury and glamour. "I love the atmosphere, the service and knowing that whatever I buy there will be the best. I'll look good and feel good – and that's coming from someone who's a high-heel freak."

At her home in the countryside cupboards have been fitted with row upon row of shoe racks to house the 150 pairs that Gloria has collected.

When her daughter ("now she's a real shopaholic") moved out recently to get married, Gloria took over her bedroom, turning it into a room "for the overspill. I simply can't throw them away. I've got every color and type imaginable, although most are high heels. I sometimes look at some of the outrageously high ones and wonder how on earth I ever managed to walk on them."

For some time after Gloria moved to London from Northern Ireland, she'd return to shop in Belfast. "London was still a maze and it took me a while to find my way around."

Since discovering Pinet, she heads for the shop whenever she needs shoes to match an outfit. "I'll take in a piece of fabric and Trevor Goodlad, the deputy manager, who has been helping choose shoes for years, sees it as a great challenge to match it up."

Avoiding the satin rhinestone numbers at \$79, the gold hand-painted pumps or even the handmade silk evening shoes selling between \$200 and \$300 – "I'd never spend that much money. My average is just over \$100, and around \$40 for sale shoes." – she usually heads for the Weitzmann collection.

"They're very stylish and flattering, especially to someone like me who has absolutely horrible feet," she says, shaking off her shoes to reveal neat pointed toes.

56. What types of shoes did Gloria's mother recommend?

- A. High-quality shoes.
- B. Shoes which look expensive.
- C. Shoes from a particular shop.
- D. Shoes which made her look good.

57. What does Gloria keep in her daughter's bedroom?

- A. Her daughter's shoes.
- B. Only high-heeled shoes.
- C. The shoes she has no space for.
- D. Shoes which are worn out.

58. Why did Gloria go back to Belfast to shop?

- A. She thought the shops were better.
- B. She needed to match shoes to fabric.
- C. She could get higher heels in Belfast.
- D. She found London large and confusing.

59. How does Trevor Goodlad help Gloria?

- A. By finding shoes with pointed toes and high heels.
- B. By making shoes especially to match her clothes.
- C. By finding shoes in the color and style she wants.
- D. By advising her on clothes to match her shoes.

60. Why does Gloria like Weitzmann shoes?

- A. They are very comfortable.
- B. They make her feet look nice.
- C. She can buy them in a sale.
- D. They are made by hand.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. There haven't been many changes in this town since last visited it.

- A. Since my last visit not much has changed in this town.
- B. This town has many changes, which is amazing.
- C. I have been to this town several times.
- D. I visited this town and didn't see many changes.

62. Hardly anybody applied for the job.

- A. The job was so difficult that nobody wanted to apply for it.
- B. There were very few applicants for the job.
- C. Although it was a hard job, many people wanted to do it.
- D. Even though not many people liked that job, I applied for it

63. We didn't realize how serious the situation was.

- A. We knew very little about the situation.
- B. The situation was too serious for us to ignore.
- C. Little did we realize how serious the situation was.
- D. If the situation was serious, we would realize it.

64. Luisa does a full-time job and looks after the house too

- A. Instead of looking after the house, Luisa does a full-time job
- B. Luisa prefers doing a full-time job to looking after the house
- C. Luisa would rather do a full-time job.
- D. Luisa does a full-time job as well as looks after the house.

65. My grand father was sixty when he took up tennis.

- A. My grandfather has played tennis for sixty years.
- B. It's sixty years since my grandfather took up tennis.
- C. My grandfather, who is sixty years old, is too old to take up tennis.
- D. My grandfather took up tennis at the age of sixty.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. uncertain B. university C. wonderful D. nudge
2. A. celebration B. cigarette C. castle D. ceiling
3. A. pressure B. mission C. assure D. massive
4. A. check B. chord C. picturesque D. clinic
5. A. landmark B. alpha C. elegant D. canyon

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. cotton B. baggy C. ignore D. label
7. A. material B. completely C. economy D. tropical
8. A. memory B. neighbor C. typical D. sincerity
9. A. prejudice B. privacy C. outspoken D. sensible
10. A. ambulance B. composer C. collection D. siesta

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Before diamonds can be used as jewels, they must be cut and polish.
A B C D
12. She's wanted to go mountain climb since she was a little girl.
A B C
She's always had an adventurous nature.
D
13. Tiny pigmy shrews breathe ten times as fast as humans beings.
A B C D

- IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

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23. I was too tired to _____ my suitcase.
A. unpack B. empty
C. put out D. disorder
24. _____ the stockbrokers said the market was healthy, they refused to invest more money.
A. Because B. Although
C. In addition D. So
25. I don't think that tie _____ with your shirt.
A. goes B. matches
C. wears D. works
26. My brother _____ for the race since June.
A. practiced B. practices
C. has been practicing D. was practicing
27. This shirt is too small! It just doesn't _____.
A. go B. fit
C. try D. make
28. Water _____ at 100 degrees Celsius.
A. boils B. boiling
C. is boiling D. boil
29. One day last May, I _____ a very strange letter.
A. did got B. used to get
C. got D. was getting
30. I think Mr. Wilson _____ in this school since 1990 or maybe earlier.
A. teaches B. is teaching
C. has taught D. taught
31. That's very sad news. If _____ sooner, I would have tried to help.
A. I know B. I'll know
C. I knew D. I'd known

32. _____ English nor French.
- A. Neither he can speak B. He neither can speak
C. He can neither speak D. He can speak neither
33. I really enjoy being with my Dad. He's got a really good _____ of humor.
- A. way B. feeling
C. mood D. sense
34. My sister _____ to me once or twice since she's been living in Athens.
- A. was writing B. has written
C. has been writing D. had written
35. When I was hiking in the mountains, I _____ on a snake.
- A. tripped B. stepped
C. surprised D. carried
36. Snare drums produce a sharp, rattling sound _____.
- A. as striking B. when are struck
C. struck D. when struck
37. Nancy has passed the driving test _____ of her parents.
- A. to their much delight B. to the much delight
C. to much their delight D. much to the delight
38. Bob arrived an hour late, _____ made his teacher unhappy.
- A. that B. as
C. which D. why
39. If I wear a long-sleeved shirt, I usually _____ the sleeves.
- A. put up B. take up
C. roll up D. get up

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Are you one of the thousands of people who eagerly follow every new (40) _____ that appears? Or are you one of those who go to the shops and just buy whatever they can find in their (41) _____ that (42) _____ them? Or perhaps you order from a mail-order catalogue, and then have to send everything back because nothing (43) _____? Whatever (44) _____ of shopper you are, one thing is certain. Everyone finds (45) _____ important. According to a recent survey, people spend more time either buying clothes, or thinking about buying them, or looking at them in shop (46) _____, than they do on most other products, (47) _____ from food. And the reason is obvious. Clothes are an important part of our (48) _____. At work, you may need to impress a customer, or persuade the boss that you know what you are doing, and clothes certainly help. (49) _____ dressed people, so they say, get on in the world. And as far as attracting the opposite sex is concerned, clothes also play a vital role. If a friend who has been (50) _____ the same old jacket or the same old dress suddenly appears in the (51) _____ fashion, you can be sure that romance is in the air. And apart from work and romance, there are the influences of sport, music and leisure on the way we (52) _____. So excuse me while I (53) _____ on my tracksuit and training (54) _____. I'm just dashing off for some fast window-shopping.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| 40. A. appearance | B. fashion | C. uniform | D. dress |
| 41. A. place | B. price | C. size | D. self |
| 42. A. suits | B. makes | C. takes | D. likes |
| 43. A. sizes | B. styles | C. fits | D. measures |
| 44. A. means | B. typical | C. idea | D. kind |
| 45. A. out | B. clothes | C. dresses | D. vests |
| 46. A. centers | B. sale | C. times | D. windows |
| 47. A. apart | B. or | C. according | D. taken |
| 48. A. nowadays | B. appearance | C. looking | D. events |
| 49. A. Well | B. Good | C. Best | D. Fancy |
| 50. A. dressing | B. putting on | C. carrying | D. wearing |

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 51. A. last | B. minute | C. latest | D. complete |
| 52. A. clothes | B. have | C. dress | D. go |
| 53. A. put | B. dress | C. wear | D. have |
| 54. A. fit | B. shoes | C. tonight | D. again |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

Welcome to the land of Nike. Here, the great goddess Nike, who wears a Ronaldo shirt, looks down on other gods, Reebok and Adidas. This land is a dangerous one for parents. How can they make their child, who lives for nothing but sport, happy at Christmas? The trainers kids want to wear these days are so expensive! Take Derek Hill, 15, whose wardrobe is full of basketball trainers: he will only buy well-known brands like Nike and Reebok. "I like to wear something that's comfortable and smart," he says, "the cheaper ones don't last that long." Derek is not a basketball player, and he doesn't watch much basketball; he is just keeping up with the latest fashion. One of the things that he likes doing most on Saturdays is shopping for new trainers.

Trainers have been around for at least a hundred years. In 1900 Joseph Foster set up a company in England which produced and sold trainers. This company, which was then known as Fosters, is now known as Reebok. The name Reebok is African and comes from a type of animal called a gazelle, which runs very fast.

Today, Reebok Classics, which come with a smart zip, are very popular with teenagers; the younger ones may prefer Reebok Fruit, which also have a transparent stripe. The Airmax come with a bubble in the sole, which gives added bounce to the shoe.

The big names in teenage footwear are Reebok, Nike and Adidas and the competition between these companies can be fierce. They all want teenagers to buy their shoes and not a rival brand. One battle the sports companies have been fighting recently is persuading famous sports stars to link their name with their trainers. Football players such as Ronaldo and Beckham and basketball players as popular as Michael Jordan can cost the footwear companies a great deal of money in sponsorship fees. However, if sales increase as a result of

successful advertising, they can also bring in enormous profits. There is only one brand of football boots which teenagers are happy to be seen in and that is the "Beckham", or the Adidas Predator Accelerate, which is their official name.

These days, trainers seem to be an essential part of any teenager's wardrobe. Pop groups such as the Spice Girls have had an enormous influence in making trainers high-fashion wear for girls.

Given the power of modern marketing methods, parents have a difficult job persuading their children to wear less well-known, cheaper brands. Are the brand-name trainers worth the money? They certainly look good, and plenty of effort is made by companies in making their latest models better than the rest. So it seems likely that brand-name trainers will continue to be a popular choice with both athletes and kids.

55. Parents think that trainers are _____.

- A. dangerous
- B. necessary
- C. too expensive
- D. very cheap

56. Derek likes trainers _____.

- A. he can play basketball in
- B. that aren't too expensive
- C. that are worn by famous people
- D. that feel good and look good

57. Reebok trainers _____.

- A. are also called Fosters
- B. are made by Fosters
- C. used to be called Fosters
- D. were popular one hundred years ago

58. Sports stars are paid a lot of money _____.

- A. to advertise footwear
- B. to advise footwear companies
- C. if sales of footwear increase
- D. to train other players

59. Why do teenagers want to wear the "Beckham"?

- A. To advertise football boots.
- B. Because they are comfortable.
- C. They are the most fashionable boots to be seen in.
- D. They want to meet David Beckham.

60. The Spice Girls _____.

- A. like to play sport in trainers
- B. have made trainers popular with girls
- C. prefer to wear Nike
- D. think trainers mean "girl power"

61. What does the article say about brand-name trainers?

- A. They aren't worth the money.
- B. They should be cheaper.
- C. They look attractive but are badly made.
- D. They look attractive and are popular.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

62. Mr. Pike hardly loses temper with his students.

- A. Mr. Pike doesn't get on very well with his students.
- B. Mr. Pike is always losing temper with his students.
- C. It's unusual for Mr. Pike to get angry with his students.
- D. That Mr. Pike gets angry with his students is quite usual.

63. The laptop was so expensive that she couldn't afford it.

- A. Although the laptop was very expensive, she bought it.
- B. She bought the laptop despite its high cost.
- C. The laptop was too expensive for her to buy.
- D. The laptop was cheap enough for her to buy.

64. It was not until 2000 that he began to work as a lawyer.

- A. His career as a lawyer began in 2000.
- B. He had worked as a lawyer until 2000.
- C. He has never worked as a lawyer.
- D. He began his career as a lawyer.

65. I didn't think that she would run so fast.

- A. She ran faster than me.
- B. I didn't expect her to run with me.
- C. She ran faster than I expected.
- D. I can run as fast as her.

A TRIP TO THE COUNTRYSIDE

Grammar

Modal could with wish

*I wish I **could** go to the party tomorrow.*

*Alan wishes he **could** pass the driving test.*

Preposition of time: in, on, at

IN

*We bought that car **in** 2000.*

In + year / month / season

***in** 2007 **in** October*

***in** spring **in** the twenty-second century*

In + a week or more

***in** the Easter holiday*

***in** the summer term*

In + part of the day

***in** the morning **in** the evening*

ON

*The race is **on** Sunday.*

On + day / date

***on** Monday **on** 18 March **on** that day*

On + a single day

***on** Easter Monday **on** Christmas Day*

On + day + part of day

***on** Thursday morning **on** Tuesday evening*

AT

*The movie starts **at** seven thirty.*

At + clock time / meal time

at two fifteen

at lunch

at that time

at the moment

At + two or three days

At Easter / Christmas

At the weekend (US: on the weekend)

Examples with **night**:

Daisy woke up in the night. (= in the middle of the night)

They went to the cinema on Monday night.

My mother cannot sleep well at night.

Adverb clauses of result

My foot was still painful so I went to see a doctor.

Vocabulary

admire, collection, comment, sightseer, pagoda, exchange, gather, picnic, plow, tip, shrine, route, maize, hamburger, spectacular, oyster, plumber, terrorist, sociable, pilgrim, majority, picnic, handwriting, dismantle, invent, mineral, scenery, magnificent, coastline, exotic, rickshaw, misgiving, predictable, pavement, invisible, explore, inconvenient...

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. r <u>ou</u> te | B. poll <u>u</u> tion | C. spec <u>u</u> lar | D. l <u>o</u> se |
| 2. A. oy <u>s</u> ter | B. past <u>y</u> | C. prom <u>i</u> se | D. turqu <u>oi</u> se |
| 3. A. p <u>u</u> blish | B. stadi <u>u</u> m | C. plu <u>m</u> ber | D. mu <u>s</u> sel |
| 4. A. sunbat <u>h</u> e | B. <u>t</u> heater | C. mo <u>th</u> er | D. <u>th</u> ough |
| 5. A. terror <u>i</u> st | B. techn <u>o</u> | C. pro <u>g</u> ram | D. soc <u>i</u> able |

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. hamburger B. blanket C. relax D. picnic
7. A. pagoda B. locate C. collection D. gather
8. A. village B. between C. enjoy D. exchange
9. A. banyan B. complete C. weekend D. mountain
10. A. confidence B. mirror C. majority D. pilgrim

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Experts predict that by 2020, the population of southern California will have growing from 16 million to 22 million people, thus creating increasingly greater demands on transportation systems.
_{A B C D}
12. Susan wishes she can have enough money to buy a new laptop.
_{A B C D}
13. Someone on the Internet tried to get personal information about my son, but I was so upset and worried.
_{A B C D}
14. If she has chosen to study in San Francisco, she would have had to find a new house.
_{A B C D}
15. Children receive a lot of presents at Christmas Day.
_{A B C D}
16. I wish I am living on a Caribbean island.
_{A B C D}
17. Most major surveys in recent years have find that Americans are satisfied with their family life.
_{A B C D}

18. They invited a lot of friends to their house-warming
A B C
in Sunday evening.
D
19. When Mary was younger, she used to liking tennis
A B C
much more than now.
D
20. We built snow slides through the backyards and gone down
A B
them on sleds every day after school.
C D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. It's a nice day. Let's _____ for a picnic.
 A. make B. put
 C. go D. run
22. John wishes that his boss _____ him a long vacation.
 A. gives B. will give
 C. would give D. was giving
23. Copperplate, a highly ornate form of handwriting, is _____
 longer in common use.
 A. not B. none
 C. never D. no
24. I enjoyed reading the story. It was rather sad, _____.
 A. also B. but
 C. so D. though
25. Snow was _____ thick on the ground.
 A. lying B. laying
 C. being lied D. being lain
26. My mother hasn't _____ very often.
 A. flew B. flies
 C. flown D. flying

27. It's very easy to _____ over when the snow is hard.
 A. slide B. skid
 C. skate D. slip
28. I've never been very good _____ with money.
 A. at dealing B. to deal
 C. deal D. for dealing
29. They _____ here for three years before they moved.
 A. live B. have lived
 C. had lived D. have been living
30. They often have a small family gathering _____ Christmas Day.
 A. in B. on
 C. at D. up
31. If Los Angeles had not dismantled its system of electric trains mass transportation there _____ better today.
 A. might be B. might
 C. might have been D. might had been
32. We're hoping to get away for a few days _____ Easter.
 A. in B. on
 C. at D. up
33. New words are constantly being invented _____ new objects and concepts.
 A. to describe B. a description of
 C. they describe D. describe
34. I _____ to the zoo tomorrow. _____ there?
 A. am going, Have you ever been
 B. am going to go, Were you
 C. will go, Were you
 D. will have gone, Have you ever been

35. The board meetings usually _____ on time.
A. have started B. start
C. are starting D. have been starting
36. By December Tim _____ enough money to buy a mountain bike.
A. saves B. will have saved
C. will save D. has saved
37. Martha called me _____ the middle of the night.
A. in B. on
C. at D. up
38. The school authorities don't allow _____ in class.
A. to smoke B. smoke
C. smoking D. to smoking
39. I wish I _____ to play the piano when I was young.
A. learned B. should have learned
C. had learned D. would have learned
40. Once known as the "Golden State" because of its gold mines, _____.
A. North Carolina today mines few metallic minerals
B. few metallic minerals are mined in Northern Carolina today
C. there are few metallic minerals mined in Northern Carolina today
D. today in Northern Carolina few metallic minerals are mined
41. The restaurants on the island are expensive, so it's worth _____ a packed lunch.
A. take B. to take
C. taking D. taken

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

The scenery in North Wales is magnificent and so this area is very popular with tourists. Situated on a dramatic part of the rocky coastline in a village, (42) _____ in Britain, called Portmeirion. The dream of the architect Clough Williams-Ellis, its construction, began in 1925 and he finally (43) _____ in finishing the (44) _____ in 1973. The result is a copy of a small, and very beautiful, Italian village.

As you wander down the (45) _____ paths towards the village you can (46) _____ the sea through the trees, and there is a marvelous (47) _____ of the whole coastline from the top of the church tower. (48) _____ the houses, shops and restaurants, there is a luxury hotel, which seems, at (49) _____ tide, almost to float on the water.

Most of the houses are (50) _____ to visitors in the summer months, (51) _____ a few people do live in Portmeirion all year (52) _____. It is possible for (53) _____ to visit the village for the day (54) _____ payment of a small entrance (55) _____. Late spring and early autumn are the best times to visit, (56) _____ in the early morning when the only sound that can be heard is the splashing of the water in the fountains.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 42. A. single | B. unique | C. particular | D. only |
| 43. A. succeeded | B. managed | C. resulted | D. achieved |
| 44. A. task | B. attempt | C. effort | D. labor |
| 45. A. curling | B. winding | C. rolling | D. waving |
| 46. A. glimpse | B. glance | C. look | D. catch |
| 47. A. display | B. view | C. sight | D. outlook |
| 48. A. As well | B. More than | C. In addition to | D. Apart |
| 49. A. complete | B. big | C. maximum | D. high |
| 50. A. charged | B. paid | C. let | D. borrowed |
| 51. A. although | B. otherwise | C. even | D. despite |
| 52. A. by | B. along | C. round | D. down |

53. A. spectators B. onlookers C. observers D. sightseers
 54. A. in B. over C. from D. on
 55. A. ticket B. fee C. fare D. subscription
 56. A. particularly B. exactly C. precisely D. distinctly

VI. Four paragraphs have been removed from the article. Fill each gap 57 - 60 with the paragraph which you think fits best from the list A - D.

We visited most of the most exotic places in the world and some of the least. We stayed with friends in some places, and in hotels, motels and guest houses. We traveled in taxis, buses, cars, vans, jeeps, rickshaws, trains and planes. We ate well and we ate badly. And all the time we were together. After more than twenty-five years. Just each other. Alone at last.

I will pass over the day that we were supposed to fly to New York and didn't because my wife lost her passport. We discovered this on the way to the airport. Several hours passed before we found it, stored for safe keeping along with her diaries in my mother's attic. It was something that could have happened to anyone.

(57) _____

We were also consumed with misgivings about giving up our jobs, though the desire to make a break from routine had been one of the motives behind the trip. Our feelings came to a head one morning in the rather shabby room we were renting in Brooklyn. We looked each other in the eye. "Shall we go home?" we said together.

(58) _____

Less emotional and more predictable was the problem of living out of suitcases. My theory that we could buy disposable clothes as we went along was wrong, at least from the perspective of a style-conscious Englishwoman. The truth is that you get what you pay for, which in the Far East is often not much.

(59) _____

We learned that floor space, a view and a private bathroom were vital for a stay of any length. Usually we found all three, though sometimes not before a search. We wouldn't recommend you staying in the Transit Hotel in Jakarta.

(60) _____

Much of our reading was escapist, but we did discover that books about their history and culture added to our appreciation of the countries we visited.

We expected, of course, to be ill. Nothing serious, you understand, because we'd been inoculated against everything. But we confidently feared food poisoning, snake bites, insect stings and a variety of alien fevers. In the event I caught a cold and Carole had to have a filling replaced in Melbourne, the home of dentistry.

A

Another pressure point was accommodation. It is hard to say which is worse, a hotel room or one belonging to friends. The former lacks home comforts, the latter imposes behavioral constraints.

B

It was a rhetorical question, as we had let our house for the year and in any case the moment passed. It recurred, but with less and less intensity, though we never did stop missing our near and dear ones.

C

At the end of the first fortnight we felt desolate. We both missed our daughter. My wife, Carole, suffered from homesickness and missed her friends and colleagues.

D

We didn't miss television but books were a problem, solved by begging, borrowing and stealing. Books were also a major contribution to the weight of our luggage.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. "Don't forget to enclose a check, will you?" the clerk said to me.

- A. The clerk asked if I would forget to enclose a check.
- B. The clerk accused me of not enclosing a check.
- C. The clerk told me not to enclose a check.
- D. The clerk reminded me to enclose a check.

62. You might be late back so take a key.

- A. Take a key to open the door.
- B. Unless you take a key, you cannot get in.
- C. You got in very late last night.
- D. Take a key in case you get back late.

63. People estimate that the painting is worth over a million pounds.

- A. The painting has an estimated value of over a million pounds.
- B. People underestimate the value of this painting.
- C. The painting cost over a million pounds.
- D. The painting is sold at over a million pounds.

64. I'm sorry now that I didn't tell you the truth.

- A. Now I regret not having told you the truth.
- B. I can't tell you the truth, which is a pity.
- C. I wish I told you the truth.
- D. I'm sorry because I didn't tell you anything.

65. It was difficult for me to persuade Rick to buy the book.

- A. Rick didn't want to buy the book.
- B. The book is so difficult for Rick to read.
- C. I had difficulty persuading Rick to buy the book.
- D. Although the book was difficult, I persuaded Rick to buy it.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. private B. widely C. particular D. finally
2. A. transfer B. attrative C. sanguine D. tolerant
3. A. motion B. concert C. contract D. college.
4. A. house B. about C. cough D. nowadays
5. A. possession B. message C. guess D. confess

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. passenger B. scholarship C. performance D. narrow
7. A. employ B. motel C. polite D. obstacle
8. A. religion B. parliament C. organize D. pavement
9. A. marathon B. insurance C. horrible D. teenager
10. A. custom B. awful C. biscuit D. accept

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. In the future, human workers^A might be replaced^B by robots
in dangerous areas^C such as^D nuclear power plants or coal
mines.
12. In 1950, two-thirds^A of the world's^B motor vehicles
was manufacture^C in the United States^D.
13. Between 1980 and^A 2000, millions of^B personal computers
was sold^C to consumers^D.

14. Physically fit people should be able stay the same weight
A B C D
 over a period of several years.
15. I have been away from home for years, so I wish I
A B C
am going to see my family soon.
D
16. All of mammals, dolphins are undoubtedly among the
A B C
friendliest to humans.
D
17. Medical students must learning both the theory and the
A B
practice of medicine.
C D
18. Our classroom doesn't have any windows. I wish our
A B
 classroom has windows.
C D
19. Elena is tired because she went to bed late last night. She
A B
 wishes she went to bed earlier last night.
C D
20. Mary would liking to hear from you if you have the time
A B
to write her.
C D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Bob and Daisy got married _____ 15th May 2000.
 A. in B. on
 C. at D. up
22. You'd better stop spending money, _____ you'll end up in debt.
 A. if B. in case
 C. otherwise D. unless

23. We didn't _____ to the station in time to catch the train.
A. get B. reach
C. arrive D. make
24. _____ think of metallurgy as a modern field of science, but it is actually one of the oldest.
A. Although many people B. Many people
C. Many people who D. In spite of many people
25. Tom's roommate wishes that Tom _____ a set of drums.
A. would never have bought B. would have never bought
C. had never bought D. never bought
26. If she _____ chosen to study in San Francisco, she would have had to find a new house.
A. has B. would have
C. will have D. had
27. I often get up late _____ Saturday morning.
A. in B. on
C. at D. up
28. Remember to wear a helmet _____ your head is protected
A. in order that B. so as
C. that D. to
29. Tobacco companies are always coming _____ new ways of persuading people to smoke.
A. out with B. up with
C. in with D. up against
30. What _____ Bob fond of?
A. do B. does
C. are D. is
31. The evening with my old school friends brought _____ a lot of happy memories.
A. up B. in
C. round D. back

32. I _____ a lie if I said that I _____ you.
A. have told, liked B. would be telling, liked
C. am going to tell, liked D. tell, have liked
33. I don't agree with my sister _____ many things.
A. on B. with
C. to D. for
34. A cloud is a dense mass of _____ water vapor or ice particles.
A. or B. whether
C. both D. either
35. My brother didn't telephone me while I was out, _____?
A. has he B. did he
C. didn't he D. hasn't he
36. - Are you going there with us?
- If Ann wants to go, _____.
A. I also go B. so do I
C. so will I D. so I will
37. Desert flowers can be invisible for years _____ appear suddenly after heavy rain.
A. actually, but B. alternatively or
C. consequently and D. nevertheless, so
38. I felt _____ that she had done it in a wrong way.
A. strong B. strongly
C. to be strong D. to strongly
39. The swimmers _____ forward as they waited to begin the race.
A. fell B. crawled
C. rolled D. leaned
40. You'll lose marks if you don't _____ in all the gaps.
A. fill B. send
C. fit D. join

41. - Can you tell me where my brother is?
 - Yes, of course. _____
 A. Here your brother comes. B. Here comes your brother.
 C. Comes your brother here. D. Your brother here comes.
42. By the end of last year he _____ four Shakespeare plays,
 and by next year he _____ two more.
 A. had read, will have read B. read, will read
 C. have read, will have read D. had read, will be reading
43. - Some of you may have already completed section one.
 _____, you can go on to section two.
 A. If so B. If you do
 C. If you may D. If not
44. Matthew Webb was the first person _____ across the
 English Channel.
 A. who swam B. to swim
 C. swam D. A & B
45. Dr. Perez spent ten hours in the operating room _____ the
 delicate surgery.
 A. performed B. performs
 C. having performed D. performing

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

A House in the Country

The house is situated among beautiful (46) _____, two miles from the nearest village, surrounded by (47) _____. On a (48) _____ a short distance from the house is a (49) _____, and a small (50) _____ flows past the end of the garden, which also contains a small (51) _____. The name of the house, Rose Cottage, is on the garden (52) _____, from which a (53) _____ leads to the (54) _____ door. On the (55) _____ floor there is a large (56) _____ room, a dining room a kitchen, and (57) _____ and toilet.

(58)_____ there are three bedrooms. There is also a garage next to the house. The village has a post (59) _____, a small shop and a pub, and there is a railway (60) _____ three miles away.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 46. A. view | B. scenery | C. sights | D. looks |
| 47. A. grass | B. flats | C. earth | D. fields |
| 48. A. mountain | B. peak | C. hill | D. summit |
| 49. A. wood | B. greenery | C. jungle | D. forest |
| 50. A. river | B. channel | C. stream | D. canal |
| 51. A. sea | B. bath | C. water | D. pond |
| 52. A. gate | B. door | C. opening | D. entrance |
| 53. A. road | B. path | C. way | D. pavement |
| 54. A. forward | B. front | C. first | D. further |
| 55. A. bottom | B. back | C. ground | D. earth |
| 56. A. lounge | B. seating | C. saloon | D. living |
| 57. A. bathroom | B. bath | C. basin | D. washing |
| 58. A. Over | B. Up | C. Upstairs | D. Higher |
| 59. A. shop | B. center | C. place | D. office |
| 60. A. station | B. stop | C. post | D. base |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

If you want to take the whole family on holiday, and keep everybody happy, then I have found just the place for you. I recently went with a group of friends to stay at the Greenwood Holiday Village, which is open from May until October.

Built in the center of a forest, Greenwood is a great place to stay whatever the weather. Its main attraction for families is the indoor World of Water, where young and old can have fun in the different pools. Some of these, however, are for serious swimmers only.

For sporty people, the Country Club offers tennis, squash and badminton. If your children are too young to join in these sports,

there are activity clubs. Greenwood is a good place for families as it is traffic-free – you explore on foot or bike. Some people complained that this was inconvenient, but I was pleased to be out in the fresh air. For evening entertainment, there are shows and cinemas.

Accommodation is in a variety of apartments of different sizes. These have up to four bedrooms, a kitchen and a bathroom, as well as a dining area. Before going, I thought the apartments might not be big enough for all of us, but I was pleasantly surprised – it was not too crowded at all.

I'll definitely go back to Greenwood next year. Why don't you give it a try? Visit their website for further information now!

61. What is the writer's main purpose in writing this text?

- A. to give her opinion of the holiday village
- B. to describe what her family did at the holiday village
- C. to give advice to a friend going to the holiday village
- D. to complain about the holiday village

62. From the text, the reader can find out _____.

- A. the best way to get to the holiday village
- B. the best time of year to visit the holiday village
- C. what activities are available at the holiday village
- D. how to reserve accommodation at the holiday village

63. What does the writer think about the holiday village?

- A. The apartments there are not big enough.
- B. It is not convenient because you cannot use your car.
- C. It can only be enjoyed in good weather.
- D. There is something there for all ages.

64. What does the writer say about the apartments?

- A. There is not much space between them.
- B. Each one has its own bathroom.
- C. They all have four bedrooms.
- D. Not all of them have dining areas.

65. Which postcard would somebody send from the holiday village?

A. Dear Jane,

The children love the beach and all the activities. We've got a lovely four-bedroom apartment.

Love,

Ann

B. Dear Jane,

As it's April, the weather isn't good, but it doesn't matter as there's a lovely swimming pool.

Love,

Ann

C. Dear Jane,

My parents love the swimming pool, and the children love riding around the forest on their bicycles.

Love,

Ann

D. Dear Jane,

We're a bit disappointed that we have to drive everywhere, but there's a lot to see and do.

Love,

Ann

UNIT 4

LEARNING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

Grammar

Modal verbs with if

*If you want to lose weight, you **should** take more exercise.*

*You **have to** go to university if you want to study medicine.*

Direct and reported speech

Change of tense

<u>Direct speech</u>	<u>Reported speech</u>
Present simple	Past simple
Present continuous	Past continuous
Present perfect	Past perfect
Past simple	Past perfect
Past continuous	Past perfect continuous
Past perfect	Past perfect
Past perfect continuous	Past perfect continuous

*"Anna **is cooking**," said Tom. → Tom said Anna **was cooking**.*

*"I've **fixed** the machine," he said. → He said he'd **fixed** the machine.*

*"We **like** our new apartment," they said. → They said they **liked** their new apartment.*

*"The door **isn't locked**," Chris said to me. → Chris told me the door **wasn't locked**.*

Other changes in reported speech

<u>Direct speech</u>	<u>Reported speech</u>
----------------------	------------------------

now	then / at that time
today	that day
yesterday	the day before / the previous day
tomorrow	the next day / the following day
this week	that week
last year	the year before / the previous year
next month	the month after / the following month
an hour ago	an hour before / an hour earlier

Rose said, "I am taking my driving test **tomorrow**."

→ Rosa said she was taking her driving test **the following day**.

Reported questions

The word order in reported questions is the same as in statements.

Ann asked me, "**Where can I find your brother?**"

→ Ann asked me **where she could find my brother**.

"**Did you enjoy your trip?**" asked Linda.

→ Linda asked me **if I enjoyed my trip**.

Some common reporting verbs

Statements: **say, tell, answer, reply, add**

Questions: **ask, wonder, want to know**

Vocabulary

well-qualified, deposit, campus, course, experience, institute, publish, reputation, linguistics, reservation, agriculture, factor, mother tongue, affect, influence, apparently...

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. insurance B. camps C. ambulance D. apple
2. A. season B. reservation C. museum D. sausage
3. A. advertise B. variety C. deliver D. wine
4. A. path B. pasta C. cabbage D. lamp
5. A. deposit B. problem C. phone D. hot

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. advance B. edition C. experience D. scenery
7. A. deposit B. intermediate C. amount D. appearance
8. A. practice B. grammar C. exam D. story
9. A. reputation B. difficult C. possible D. excellent
10. A. expensive B. dormitory C. agreement D. vacation

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Harmonize_A, melody, and rhythm_B are important elements in most_C forms of music_D.
12. Tom asked_A me_B did_C I liked_D his new motorbike.
13. New York City surpassed_A the other Atlantic seaports in partly_B because it developed_C the best transportation links with_D the interior of the country.
14. It was my first day_A at university, and I was on my way_B to my first class. I wondered who else_C will be_D in the class.

- V. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

- 63

24. One of the advantages of having a pet is that it _____ you company.
A. gives B. keeps
C. does D. makes
25. These students live on _____.
A. suburb B. city
C. campus D. main hall
26. Dry farming is a type of agriculture used in areas _____ less than 20 inches of rainfall.
A. there are B. in which is
C. where there is D. which has
27. "Why don't you join us for coffee, Don?"
After the movie, we asked Don _____ us for coffee.
A. would he join B. why he didn't join
C. to join D. for joining
28. I wish we _____ a bigger house. This one is too small.
A. have B. had
C. had had D. will have
29. You have to _____ the person with the ball until you catch them.
A. chase B. rush
C. jump D. drop
30. - It's snowing outside.
- _____
A. So it is. B. So is it.
C. It is so. D. Is it so?
31. I _____ here since last January.
A. am working B. have been working
C. had been working D. was working
32. As the years passed, Joe's memories of his terrible experience _____ away, and he began to lead a normal life again.

A. faded

B. backed

C. passed

D. got

33. "We must leave immediately!"

When the fire alarm rang, our teacher said _____ leave immediately.

A. we had to

B. we have to

C. not to

D. he must

34. As soon as I _____, I'm going to apply for a job as a journalist.

A. have graduated

B. will graduate

C. will have graduated

D. had graduated

35. - Which shirt do you like best?

- The one _____.

A. I tried it on first

B. first I tried it on

C. I tried on it first

D. I tried on first

36. David was trying to _____ another cyclist when he crashed.

A. overpass

B. overcome

C. overtake

D. overcharge

37. "Today is the happiest day of my life."

At the reception last night, the groom said _____ the happiest day of his life.

A. today was

B. that day is

C. yesterday was

D. today is

38. I hope it _____ when the bride _____ the church tomorrow.

A. isn't raining, is leaving

B. doesn't rain, is going to leave

C. won't rain, leaves

D. won't rain, will leave

39. Paul wanted to _____ a fire, but the logs were too big.

A. catch

B. make

C. do

D. work

40. Tommy wanted to play a little _____ on his friend, Marcia. He ran up to Marcia's front door, rang the doorbell, and then fled quickly down the street. When Marcia answered the door, no one was there.

A. deception

B. joke

C. humor

D. laughter

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Intelligence and Learning Languages

Human beings may not be the most intelligent animal (41)_____, but most of us are not too sure what we (42)_____ when we talk about intelligence. One moment we use the word to (43)_____ some one who knows the answer to a difficult question, and the next we will say that someone is intelligent because they have (44)_____ a lot of money. Intelligence is the ability to (45)_____ up with new approaches to solve problems, as (46)_____ to doing things out of habit or conditioning. Rats in a maze can learn (47)_____ the mistakes that they (48)_____, but this isn't really intelligence. A good example of intelligence is the way that humans use tools to make life easier (49)_____ themselves. One measure of intelligence is the (50)_____ of learning, or how long it (51)_____ to find a solution to a problem. The ability to learn a language isn't directly (52)_____ to intelligence. As children, we are all programmed to learn to speak and it is not the (53)_____ that intelligent children always talk at a younger age. But as we (54)_____ older, intelligent people have an advantage because they will find ways of making the (55)_____ of the abilities they have.

41. A. brain

B. species

C. type

D. kind

42. A. say

B. mean

C. want

D. think

43. A. refer

B. say

C. mention

D. describe

44. A. done

B. made

C. taken

D. had

45. A. come

B. put

C. get

D. make

46. A. contrast

B. different

C. opposed

D. compared

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| 7. A. of | B. about | C. from | D. with |
| 8. A. did | B. make | C. have | D. were |
| 9. A. with | B. to | C. for | D. at |
| 10. A. speed | B. fast | C. quick | D. quickly |
| 11. A. gets | B. is | C. makes | D. takes |
| 12. A. related | B. relative | C. compared | D. comparative |
| 13. A. instance | B. example | C. case | D. fact |
| 14. A. make | B. were | C. are | D. grow |
| 15. A. most | B. top | C. way | D. right |

I. Read the text and decide if the statements are true or false.

People often ask which is the most difficult language to learn, and it is not easy to answer because there are many factors to take into consideration. Firstly, in a first language the differences are not as important as people learn their mother tongue naturally, so the question of how hard a language is to learn is only relevant when learning a second language.

A native speaker of Spanish, for example, will find Portuguese much easier to learn than a native speaker of Chinese, for example, because Portuguese is very similar to Spanish, while Chinese is very different, so first language can affect learning a second language. The greater the differences between the second language and our first, the harder it will be for most people to learn. Many people answer that Chinese is the hardest language to learn, possibly influenced by the thought of learning the Chinese writing system, and the pronunciation of Chinese does appear to be very difficult for many foreign learners. However, for Japanese speakers, who already use Chinese characters in their own language, learning writing will be less difficult than for speakers of languages using the Roman alphabet.

Some people seem to learn languages readily, while others find it very difficult. Teachers and the circumstances in which the language is learned also play an important role, as well as each learner's motivation for learning. If people learn a language

because they need to use it professionally, they often learn it faster than people studying a language that has no direct use in their day to day life.

Apparently, British diplomats and other embassy staff have found that the second hardest language is Japanese, which will probably come as no surprise to many, but the language that they have found to be the most problematic is Hungarian, which has 3 cases (forms of a nouns according to whether it is subject, object, genitive, etc). This does not mean that Hungarian is the hardest language to learn for everyone, but it causes British diplomatic personnel, who are generally used to learning languages, the most difficulty. However, Tabassaran, a Caucasian language has 4 cases, so it might cause more difficulty if British diplomats had to learn it.

Different cultures and individuals from those cultures will find different languages more difficult. In the case of Hungarian for British learners, it is not a question of the writing system, which uses a similar alphabet, but the grammatical complexity, though native speakers of related languages may find it easier, while struggling with languages that the British find relatively easy.

No language is easy to learn well, though languages which are related to our first language are easier. Learning a completely different writing system is a huge challenge, but that does not necessarily make a language more difficult than another. In the end, it is impossible to say that there is one language that is the most difficult language in the world.

56. The question of how hard a language is to learn is only relevant to second language acquisition.

A. True

B. False

57. Portuguese is definitely easier than Chinese.

A. True

B. False

58. A Japanese speaker may well find the Chinese writing system easier than a speaker of a European language.

A. True

B. False

59. The Hungarian grammar causes problems for British speakers.

A. True

B. False

10. Hungarian is the hardest language in the world.
 A. True B. False
11. Hungarian has as less cases than Tabassaran.
 A. True B. False
12. Many British diplomats learn Tabassaran.
 A. True B. False
13. The writer thinks that learning new writing systems is easy.
 A. True B. False

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

14. **Nobody apart from my mother thought I would win the race.**
 A. My mother didn't think that I would win the race.
 B. To everyone's surprise, I won the race .
 C. My mother was the only one that thought I would win the race.
 D. Everyone thought I would win the race.
15. **Thomas would have gone to the meeting if he had not been so tired.**
 A. Although Thomas was tired, he went to the meeting.
 B. Thomas was too tired to go to the meeting.
 C. Thomas enjoyed going to the meeting.
 D. After Thomas had been to the meeting, he felt tired.

TEST 2

. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. break B. beach C. great D. famous
 2. A. knowledge B. grow C. window D. show

3. A. cash B. moustache C. spacious D. decision
4. A. toe B. October C. boat D. woman
5. A. construction B. department C. about D. cost

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. delicious B. bicycle C. computer D. expression
7. A. qualified B. institute C. improvement D. favorite
8. A. vacancy B. interview C. Vietnamese D. history
9. A. experience B. population C. environment D. Australian
10. A. resources B. extra C. pollen D. plastic

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Because I suspected that our bill was too high, I asked our waiter if he would check it again and he agreed me there had been a mistake.
12. Although the social sciences different a great deal from one another, they share a common interest in human relationships.
13. Mary asked if I can help her with her homework the following day.
14. By the time Juan will finish his math project next week, he will be exhausted.
15. The traffic warden asked why had I parked there.

16. Jessica was complaining to the coach that she felt tired and
told him she had to rest, but he encouraged not to quit and
said she didn't have much farther to go.
17. The first recorded use of natural gas to light street lamps
it was in the town of Frederick, New York, in 1825.
18. I only wanted know where he had been for so long.
19. Go to school is optional for young children in the United
States.
20. My aunt congratulated me on pass the exam.

21. This is an opportunity to enhance the _____ of the company.
- A. strong B. reputation
C. famous D. edit
22. You look terribly tired. You really _____ to get more sleep.
- A. should B. ought
C. must D. could
23. She's professor of _____ at the University of Wales.
- A. lingual B. linguistic
C. linguistics D. linguist
24. I'm afraid you're not _____ to take your driving test.
You'll have to wait until you're 17.
- A. old enough B. too old
C. very old D. enough old

25. The elaborate bridal costumes of the coastal Indians are _____ from mother to daughter.
- A. taken after B. put by
C. parted with D. handed down
26. "You look beautiful in that dress."
Last night she told me _____ beautiful in that dress.
- A. you look B. you looked
C. I'll look D. I looked
27. We'd better find out _____ the train left.
- A. if B. does
C. has D. did
28. - Should we turn left or go straight?
- Hmm. I'm not sure which way _____.
- A. do we turn B. to turn
C. should we turn D. it turned
29. Both longitude and latitude _____ in degrees, minutes,
and seconds.
- A. measuring B. measured
C. are measured D. being measured
30. I know it's a pretty boring routine, but you'll just have to
_____ on for the moment, I'm afraid.
- A. count B. live
C. soldier D. move
31. There's no point _____ him for help.
- A. to ask B. asking
C. with us to ask D. if we ask
32. Part of Jane Colden's work involved collecting plant
specimens, cataloging plants, and _____ with other
botanists.
- A. exchanging correspondence

- V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.**

Romantic fiction has changed over the years and Mills and Boon novels continually try to reflect contemporary (47)_____. The company has also tried to give readers greater (48)_____.

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novel. The booklet contains valuable (56) _____ that can be applied to almost any form of creative writing.

So, if you've written a love letter but feel you could write a (57) _____ novel, get *And Then He Kissed Her...* Happy Writing!

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 43. A. than | B. greatly | C. much | D. just |
| 44. A. adds | B. makes | C. comes | D. gives |
| 45. A. although | B. besides | C. moreover | D. whereas |
| 46. A. interpreted | B. transferred | C. exchanged | D. translated |
| 47. A. attitudes | B. ways | C. habits | D. traditions |
| 48. A. differences | B. selection | C. variety | D. alternatives |
| 49. A. receives | B. registers | C. remarks | D. realizes |
| 50. A. beginner | B. training | C. hopeful | D. promised |
| 51. A. regular | B. common | C. correct | D. routine |
| 52. A. hoped | B. wondered | C. considered | D. thought |
| 53. A. work | B. hand | C. once | D. last |
| 54. A. unique | B. solitary | C. single | D. lone |
| 55. A. start | B. take | C. carry | D. work |
| 56. A. directions | B. proposals | C. suggestions | D. indications |
| 57. A. whole | B. total | C. strong | D. thorough |

VI. Four parts have been removed from the text. Choose from the paragraphs A – D the one which best fits each space 58 – 61.

This June, about 300,000 candidates will sit for the Cambridge First Certificate Examination in thirty different countries. These candidates, aged between 12 and 65, will have studied English for at least 500 hours and sitting the examination will be an opportunity to see what they have learnt. (58) _____

The average pass rate for the FCE is 70-75 per cent. (59) _____ If students do fail, they can re-sit the exam a few months later – in December – or they can wait till the following

June. What can candidates do to prepare themselves for the great day and make sure they get the best possible results?

(60) _____ You have to make the decision to be successful – it's in your hands, nobody else can do it for you. Secondly, if you are interested in a good grade (an A or B) you will have to do much more than just attend classes and hand in your homework in a half-hearted way.

Long before you have to sit for the examination you should get into the habit of reading something in English just for the fun of it.

(61) _____ After a while, you will be able to understand basic messages.

You could also try writing down the words of songs in English and learning verses by heart. Listening to songs is not only enjoyable but memorable because of the melody. Singing to yourself in English while you're waiting for the bus is an excellent way of revising your grammar and vocabulary.

- A. There are many cases of people who were able to communicate in a foreign language after a matter of months just by reading on a regular basis. You should start with simplified readers and then go on to magazine articles.
- B. It is not possible to re-sit individual papers of the FCE. The exam is designed to be a test of students' overall competence in English, and their final grade is the total score of all five papers.
- C. Candidates have to take five papers, including a speaking test which will take the form of a "paired" interview with another candidate.
- D. First of all, whatever your aims in taking the exam, you must set out with a positive attitude towards studying. If you think you will fail, the chances are you will.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

62. The switchboard operator connected me to the manager.

- A. The switchboard operator put me through to the manager.
- B. The switchboard operator and I went to see the manager.

C. The manager likes to do business over the phone.

D. The switchboard operator asked me to talk to the manager.

63. There are very few buildings in the old city higher than this.

A. The old city has many high buildings.

B. This is one of the highest buildings in the old city.

C. This building is not very high.

D. There aren't any high buildings in the old city.

64. If we had arrived a moment later, we would have missed the ferry.

A. We missed the ferry because we arrived late.

B. We didn't arrive early enough to catch the ferry.

C. We arrived just in time to catch the ferry.

D. Unless we arrive early, we'll miss the ferry.

65. Andrew set off for the supermarket despite the heavy rain.

A. Andrew set off for the supermarket even though it was raining heavily.

B. The heavy rain prevented Andrew from going to the supermarket.

C. It was raining heavily as Andrew went to the supermarket.

D. It rained so heavily that Andrew decided not to set off for the supermarket.

THE MEDIA

Grammar

Tag questions

Tag questions are short questions added on to a statement, either requesting information (when the voice goes up) or inviting agreement (when the voice goes down). Positive tags are normally used with negative sentences, and negative tags with positive sentences.

*The computer **doesn't** work, **does** it?*

*You **enjoyed** the party, **didn't** you?*

As well as **do** and **did** (with present and past simple), other auxiliary verbs are used in tag questions.

*It's a lovely day, **isn't** it?*

*I **can** park here, **can't** I?*

*You've played tennis before, **haven't** you?*

After an imperative, the tag question is **will** you, and after **Let's** it is **shall** we.

Be careful with:

*She'd rather go out for a walk, **wouldn't** she?*

*You'd better look for another job, **hadn't** you?*

*I'm late, **aren't** I?*

Gerunds after some verbs

The following verbs take the gerund: *spend / waste (time), finish, dread, detest, hate, avoid, dislike, risk, deny, postpone, like, love, enjoy, imagine, understand, mind, consider, miss, admit, practice, suggest*

*Maria **enjoys** reading in her free time.*

*Would you **mind** closing the window?*

*My father usually **avoids** driving in the rush hour.*

Teddy and Bobby are practicing playing the piano.

10. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- . A. access B. documentary C. interactive D. finance
 . A. consume B. respond C. commercial D. surf
 . A. commerce B. shirt C. work D. violent
 . A. wonderful B. purpose C. problem D. tomorrow
 . A. violent B. website C. deny D. opinion

. A. widely B. teenager C. commercial D. benefit
 . A. communicate B. entertainment C. documentary D. limitation
 . A. control B. respond C. remote D. costly
 . A. government B. wonderful C. teenager D. interactive
 0. A. newspaper B. Internet C. activity D. popular

1. In my view parents should not let their children to watch too much television.

2. He has learned a lot in the last couple of years, didn't he?
A B C D

3. A rattlesnake has a spot between one's eyes that is
 A B
sensitive to heat.
 C D

C. beneficent

D. beneficial

24. Remote controls are used _____ with TV.

A. to interact

B. to interacting

C. interact

D. interacting

25. *Tom and Jerry* is one of my favorite _____.

A. documentaries

B. tragedies

C. cartoons

D. thrillers

26. Did you have any trouble _____ my house?

A. finding

B. to find

C. find

D. found

27. The stones have _____ buried in the sand for a thousand years.

A. lied

B. lying

C. laid

D. lain

28. I want _____ clear up the mess you've made.

A. that you

B. you to

C. you do

D. you should

29. We shall review the salary arrangements _____ due course.

A. in

B. on

C. by

D. with

30. I told you that he couldn't play the piano, _____?

A. didn't I

B. did I

C. couldn't I

D. could I

31. I dislike _____ in public.

A. to laugh at

B. laughed at

C. laughing at

D. being laughed at

32. The magistrate _____ his disapproval of the young man's behavior.

A. said

B. told

C. voiced

D. spoke

33. I'll _____ you just one more story before you go to sleep.
 A. tell B. speak
 C. say D. talk
34. If only I _____ lost my temper in the meeting!
 A. wouldn't have B. wouldn't
 C. hadn't D. didn't
35. He had little time to spare, _____?
 A. had he B. hadn't he
 C. did he D. didn't he
36. You _____ Jack yesterday. He is out of town.
 A. can't see B. can't have seen
 C. shouldn't see D. shouldn't have seen
37. Lend me your rubber. I _____ a mistake and _____ to rub it out.
 A. am going to make, want B. make, have wanted
 C. have made, want D. am making, will want
38. He'll believe anything. He's so _____.
 A. garrulous B. gullible
 C. credible D. believable
39. At _____ time did I ever promise you a pay rise.
 A. any B. no
 C. all D. some
40. He's got plenty of _____ experience as he's worked in that field already.
 A. second-hand B. first-hand
 C. primary D. tertiary
41. The girl was very _____ in the interview.
 A. impresses B. impression
 C. impressive D. impress

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Hooked on the Net

The (42) _____ addiction to trap thousands of people is the Internet, which has been (43) _____ for broken relationships, job losses, financial ruin and even one suicide. Psychologists now recognize Internet Addiction Syndrome (IAS) as a new illness that could (44) _____ serious problems and ruin many lives. Special help groups have been set up to (45) _____ sufferers help and support.

Psychologists have described many (46) _____ examples, including one man who took his own life after (47) _____ more than \$14,000 to feed his addiction, and a teenager who had to receive psychiatric treatment for his 12-hour-a-day (48) _____. "This illness is not (49) _____, and it must be taken seriously," said an expert in behavioral addiction at Nottingham Trent University. "These are not sad people with serious personality (50) _____; they are people who were fine before they found the Internet."

IAS is similar to other problems like gambling, smoking and drinking: addicts have dreams about the Internet; they need to use it first thing in the morning; they (51) _____ to their partners about how much time they spend on line; they (52) _____ they could cut down, but are unable to do so. A recent study found that many users spend up to 40 hours a week on the Internet; (53) _____ they felt guilty, they became depressed if they were (54) _____ to stop using it.

Almost anyone can be at risk. Some of the addicts are teenagers who are already (55) _____ on computer games and who (56) _____ it very difficult to resist the games on the Internet. Surprisingly, however, psychologists (57) _____ that most victims are middle-aged housewives who have never used a computer before.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 12. A. closest | • B. latest | C. nearest | D. soonest |
| 13. A. blamed | B. faulted | C. mistaken | D. accused |
| 14. A. lead | B. affect | C. take | D. cause |

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 45. A. offer | B. suggest | C. recommend | D. advise |
| 46. A. worrying | B. worried | C. disappointing | D. disappointed |
| 47. A. gaining | B. lending | C. winning | D. borrowing |
| 48. A. habit | B. custom | C. manner | D. routine |
| 49. A. false | B. imitation | C. fake | D. artificial |
| 50. A. mistakes | B. errors | C. faults | D. defects |
| 51. A. betray | B. deceive | C. cheat | D. lie |
| 52. A. want | B. wish | C. rather | D. prefer |
| 53. A. although | B. despite | C. unless | D. without |
| 54. A. let | B. allowed | C. had | D. made |
| 55. A. taken | B. addicted | C. tied | D. hooked |
| 56. A. say | B. feel | C. find | D. have |
| 57. A. promise | B. tell | C. say | D. object |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

There's an old saying in the theater world – 'Never work with children or animals'. It's a pity that Herman Gross has never heard this piece of advice, or if he has, that he didn't pay attention to it. It's not so much that *Pet Doctor* is a bad film, although I can't really find many reasons for saying it's a good one. It's more that it makes me angry. Gross is a good actor. His appearance on the New York stage last winter in Shakespeare's *Romeo and Juliet* showed that he really can act. So what's he doing in this nonsense?

It's a story about a small town doctor who finds he's making more money by looking after the local children's pets than he is by looking after humans. Then he gets into trouble with the police because he doesn't have the right sort of license to do this, and surprise, surprise, the children and their pets find a way to solve his problems. I won't say how, as it's the only part of the film that's even slightly original or amusing. If you have to see it, you'll be annoyed with me for telling you. But my advice is, when it comes to a cinema near you – stay in and shampoo the cat.

58. What is the writer trying to do in the text?
- A. compare the theater and the cinema
 - B. compare Herman Gross with another actor
 - C. give his or her opinion about using animals in films
 - D. give his or her opinion about *Pet Doctor*
59. What would a reader expect to get from this text?
- A. information about a new film
 - B. ideas about how animals should be cared for
 - C. news about the lives of film stars
 - D. information about the careers of child actors
60. How did the writer feel about *Pet Doctor*?
- A. It's funny.
 - B. It ends too suddenly.
 - C. It's not worth seeing.
 - D. It's ideal family entertainment.
61. Why did the writer mention *Romeo and Juliet*?
- A. It's an example of a really good play.
 - B. Gross proved he's a good actor in it.
 - C. It was produced in New York.
 - D. The central characters are very young.
62. Which one of these TV guides is describing *Pet Doctor*?
- A. **7 pm** A doctor's patients complain about him. He is reported to the police and he has a lot of explaining to do.
 - B. **7 pm** A doctor prefers animals to humans and stops looking after his patients. People are dying, the animals are cured, then the police arrive...
 - C. **7 pm** A doctor finds he can cure local animals, then discovers this isn't allowed. But it all finishes happily.
 - D. **7 pm** A doctor is loved by the children whose pets he cures. But everything goes wrong and he is sent to prison.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

63. "Why don't you postpone your trip till the autumn Jim?" said Sarah.

- A. Sarah asked Jim why he postponed his trip till the autumn.
- B. Sarah suggested that Jim should put off his trip till the autumn.
- C. Sarah didn't think it was a good idea for Jim to postpone his trip till the autumn.
- D. Sarah wondered if Jim wanted to postpone his trip till the autumn.

64. He decided that there was no point in continuing the course.

- A. He decided that he should continue the course.
- B. The course was too hard for him to continue.
- C. He decided that it wasn't worth continuing the course.
- D. This course is not as interesting as other courses, so he decided to drop out.

65. I can't believe this is the best room there is.

- A. There are a lot of bad rooms in this hotel.
- B. I don't want to stay in this room.
- C. This room is too dirty for me to stay in.
- D. There must be better rooms than this one.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- 1. A. conservation B. sugar C. suggest D. service
- 2. A. plow B. ground C. should D. house
- 3. A. cry B. hike C. light D. routine
- 4. A. control B. smog C. romantic D. program
- 5. A. play B. fame C. waste D. plastic

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. television B. inexpensive C. information D. variety
7. A. communicate B. different C. development D. convenient
8. A. relative B. benefit C. occasion D. educate
9. A. release B. agree C. response D. danger
10. A. explore B. status C. horrible D. keenness

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. Those are your pens, isn't it?
A B C D
12. Before the examination began, the teacher advised the students working quickly.
A B C D
13. Sue is a hardworking student which is sure to achieve her goals.
A B C D
14. I am supposed to be here, are I?
A B C D
15. Improvements in people's health are due in part to advances in medical care and better sanitary.
A B C D
16. Mrs. Anderson warned the children sternly to not play with matches.
A B C D
17. Insects appeared on earth before long the earliest mammals.
A B C D

- IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

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27. It's a good film, _____?
A. isn't it B. doesn't it
C. wasn't it D. hasn't it
28. Nancy is very interested _____ watching cartoons.
A. at B. in
C. on D. with
29. Joan is considering _____ a new house.
A. to buy B. buying
C. buy D. to be buying
30. Nick admitted _____ one of the detectives that he had taken the cashbox.
A. to B. for
C. in D. with
31. These books aren't yours, _____?
A. are these B. are they
C. aren't these D. are these
32. I think playing computer games is _____.
A. time-consume B. time-consuming
C. time-consumer D. time-consumption
33. Don't forget _____ home as soon as you arrive at your destination.
A. to call B. calling
C. having called D. to be called
34. He _____ TV a lot when he was young.
A. is watching B. has watched
C. used to watch D. watches
35. Your parents live in an apartment, _____?
A. aren't they B. do they
C. don't they D. are they

36. My lawyer advised me not _____ anything further about the accident.
A. to say B. say
C. saying D. to be said
37. We were used _____ jogging in the morning when we lived in Manchester.
A. going B. to going
C. to go D. and went
38. My mother enjoys _____ to the park on summer evenings.
A. to go B. going
C. being gone D. go
39. The frog suddenly _____ into a prince after the princess kissed him.
A. appeared B. turned
C. reacted D. discovered
40. You've never been in Paris, _____?
A. do you B. don't you
C. have you D. haven't you
41. More than half of the population are suffering _____ malnutrition.
A. with B. for
C. by D. from
42. The feuding families have been _____ enemies for years.
A. sworn B. promised
C. cursed D. blood
43. Not only was there no tea, _____ there was no food either.
A. and B. nor
C. but D. so
44. The girl felt _____ with hunger.
A. faintly B. fainting
C. fainted D. faint

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

E-style!

Remember all that advice people used to give you about how to lay out a (45) _____? Well, the good thing about (46) _____ is that you don't need to worry about most of that. No need to put your (47) _____ in the top right-hand corner or wherever. No need to say "Dear Dan" if you don't want to. Some people do, however, add a (48) _____ at the bottom of their (49) _____ - it usually contains all their (50) _____ details.

In (51) _____ of general style, though, it's a good idea to keep it short and sweet. (52) _____ that people are paying to (53) _____ your mail so try not to add to their (54) _____. You'll find your e-mail style tend to be much more (55) _____ than in conventional correspondence, and most people see it as an extended form of conversation. Of course, your mail won't look at all (56) _____ if it's so ungrammatical or badly spelled that no one can understand it!

Most (57) _____ mail features headings and text that scream at you in capitals. This is (58) _____ as the equivalent of shouting, and looks rather rude, so it's better not to annoy people by doing it.

45. A. telegram B. fax C. heading D. letter
46. A. communication B. electronics C. e-mail D. websites
47. A. address B. surname C. phone number D. file number
48. A. dedication B. signature C. autograph D. postscript
49. A. message B. memo C. folder D. report
50. A. contract B. private C. contact D. factual
51. A. matter B. terms C. course D. regard
52. A. Remind B. Bear C. Remember D. Recall
53. A. store B. send C. forward D. download
54. A. receipts B. bills C. invoices D. accounts
55. A. stylish B. looser C. lazy D. informal

56. A. impressive B. impressed C. impressing D. impressively
 57. A. rubbish B. junk C. recycled D. direct
 58. A. thought B. considered C. looked D. regarded

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

The Man Booker Prize

The Man Booker Prize for Fiction is awarded every year for a novel written by a writer from the Commonwealth or the Republic of Ireland and it aims to represent the very best in contemporary fiction. The prize was originally called the Booker-McConnell Prize, which was the name of the company that sponsored it, though it was better-known as simply the 'Booker Prize'. In 2002, the Man Group became the sponsor and they chose the new name, keeping 'Booker'.

Publishers can submit books for consideration for the prize, but the judges can also ask for books they think should be included to be submitted. Firstly, the Advisory Committee gives advice if there have been any changes to the rules for the prize and selects the people who will judge the books. The judging panel changes every year and usually a person is only a judge once.

Great efforts are made to ensure that the judging panel is balanced in terms of gender and professions within the industry, so that a writer, a critic, an editor and an academic are chosen along with a well-known person from wider society. However, when the panel of judges has been finalized, they are left to make their own decisions without any further involvement or interference from the prize sponsor.

The Man Booker judges include critics, writers and academics to maintain the consistent quality of the prize and its influence is such that the winner will almost certainly see the sales increase considerably, in addition to the \$50,000 that comes with the prize.

59. The Republic of Ireland _____.
- A. is in the Commonwealth
- B. is not in the Commonwealth

- C. can't enter the Man Booker Prize
D. joined the Booker prize in 2002
60. The Man group _____.
A. was forced to keep the name "Booker"
B. decided to include the name "Booker"
C. decided to keep the name "Booker-McConnell"
D. decided to use only the name "Booker"
61. Books can be submitted _____.
A. by publishers
B. by writers
C. by judges
D. by the sponsors
62. Who advises on changes to the rules?
A. The sponsors
B. The judging panel
C. The advisory panel
D. Publishers
63. The judging panel _____.
A. doesn't include women
B. includes only women
C. is only chosen from representatives of the industry
D. includes someone from outside the industry
64. The sponsors of the prize _____.
A. are involved in choosing the winner
B. are involved in choosing the judges
C. are not involved at all
D. choose the academic for the panel of judges
65. The consistent quality of the prize _____.
A. is guaranteed by the prize money
B. is guaranteed by the gender of the judges
C. is guaranteed by the make-up of the panel of judges
D. is guaranteed by the increase in sales of the winner

THE ENVIRONMENT

Grammar

Adjectives and adverbs

Adjectives are used to describe people or things. We use adjectives before nouns, or after *appear, feel, look, seem, smell, sound, taste*.

*Look at that **beautiful** guitar!*

*Anna looks **happy**!*

Common endings are **-ive, -ful, -less, -ic, -al, -able, -y**

active, helpful, tasteless, artistic, national, comfortable, angry

Adverbs are used to describe how someone or something does an action.

*Anna plays the guitar **beautifully**. (**beautifully** describes how Anna plays the guitar)*

Most adverbs are formed by adding **-ly** to the adjective: *slow → slowly; bad → badly*

*The team played **badly**.*

If an adjective ends with **-y**, the adverb ends with **-ily**: *happy → happily; easy → easily*

If an adjective ends in **-ble**, the adverb ends in **-bly**: *comfortable → comfortably*

Some adverbs are irregular; they do not end with **-ly**: *good → well*
*Ann is a **good** guitar player. She plays the guitar very **well**.*

Fast and **hard** are both adjectives and adverbs.

*Mary is a **fast** learner. She learns very **fast**.*

Adverb clauses of reason (as, because, since)

Because is used to give a reason or explanation for something.

*I was late **because** I missed the bus.*

***Because** our TV set was broken, we listened to the news on the radio.*

As or **since** are sometimes used instead of **because** in reason clauses.

***Since** Monday is a holiday, the children do not have to go to school.*

***As** it was well past midnight, they decided to leave the party.*

Adjective + that clause

This structure is used with adjectives that refer to feelings or certainty: *afraid, angry, bad, certain, disappointed, glad, grateful, happy, helpful, hopeful, important, lucky, pleased, possible, sad, sorry, sure, thankful, true, wrong.*

*I am **glad** that you are feeling better.*

*He was **certain** that she had lied to him.*

Conditional sentences: type 1

Conditional Sentence Type 1 is used for a possible future action which depends on another action.

*If + present simple, **will** + verb*

*If Brad **works** hard, he **will** pass the exam.*

*We **will** get there on time if we **take** a taxi.*

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. A. supply | B. pesticide | C. why | D. rhythm |
| 2. A. fluoride | B. emit | C. pipe | D. wildlife |
| 3. A. safeguard | B. natural | C. train | D. vapor |
| 4. A. traffic | B. laser | C. rain | D. paint |
| 5. A. butter | B. put | C. sugar | D. push |

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 3. A. prevent | B. pollute | C. sewage | D. provide |
| 7. A. garbage | B. persuade | C. convince | D. reduce |
| 8. A. minimize | B. dynamite | C. carefully | D. pollution |
| 9. A. picnic | B. collect | C. plastic | D. worry |
| 10. A. recycle | B. natural | C. motorbike | D. energy |

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. I'm feeling more enthusiastically now you have explained it all to me.
A B C D
12. Because of Angela's English was poor, she couldn't pass the final exam.
A B C D
13. He is always spills coffee on his shirt, which makes me furious.
A B C D
14. Jack became angrily when he saw what had happened.
A B C D
15. In many societies it is true that the rich get richer, and poor get poorer.
A B C D
16. Halifax harbor in Nova Scotia is one of the most safe harbors in the world.
A B C D
17. If I have enough time, I would write my parents a letter every week.
A B C D
18. Many tourists enjoy seeing the New York skyline, that includes some of the tallest skyscrapers in the world.
A B C D
19. Ballpoint pens require a tiny, perfectly round ball for its tips.
A B C D
20. The cherry trees, which are admiring by everyone, were a gift of the Japanese government to the United States.
A B C D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. He responded to my question _____.
A. polite B. politely
C. politeness D. impolite
22. Mrs. Linda insisted _____ by the headmaster.
A. to be seen B. being seen
C. on being seen D. on seeing
23. _____ Ann didn't feel well, she didn't go to school yesterday.
A. Therefore B. In spite of
C. Because D. However
24. Most people knows that oil floats on water. If you put oil on water, it _____.
A. floats B. will float
C. would float D. A & B
25. Delilah wasn't at all hungry, and could only _____ with the food on her plate.
A. finger B. toy
C. snack D. side
26. As we were asleep, _____ of us heard the sound.
A. both B. none
C. either D. any
27. This letter has got to be in Chicago in two days. I'm sure if I _____ it today, it will arrive in time.
A. sent B. send
C. sending D. will send
28. Edward missed the final exam. He failed the course, _____.
A. therefore B. in spite of
C. because D. as

29. Neil's not very fit. He doesn't _____ any exercise.
A. take B. practice
C. make D. have
30. We postponed our trip _____ the bad driving conditions.
A. because B. because of
C. since D. as
31. Once you _____ into a routine, you'll find the work is quite easy.
A. are settling B. have settled
C. settled D. will settle
32. If I could speak Spanish, I _____ next year studying in Mexico.
A. would spend B. would have spend
C. had spent D. will spend
33. _____ the hurricane was moving directly toward the town, all residents were advised to move inland.
A. As B. Because of
C. Therefore D. So
34. I fell over while skiing and my sister had to _____ a doctor.
A. bring B. take
C. fetch D. carry
35. Four miles off the southeastern coast of Massachusetts _____, a popular summer resort.
A. lies the island of Martha's Vineyard
B. the island of Martha's Vineyard lies there
C. does lies the island of Martha's Vineyard
D. where the island of Martha's Vineyard lies
36. Hardly had he sat down _____ he was sent for again.
A. when B. than
C. after D. that

37. Nothing was arranged – it was all very _____.
A. take away B. worn out
C. slapdash D. slap up
38. She gave me the same advice _____ you did.
A. like B. than
C. as D. who
39. _____ you are, the more you laugh.
A. The happier B. More happy
C. The happy D. Happier
40. She's always been one of your _____ critics.
A. fiercest B. most violent
C. wildest D. hardest
41. Here is an example of an ancient _____ Chinese vase.
A. beautiful B. tiny
C. patterned D. exotic
42. Tom was the only one _____ did not come to our party.
A. which B. that
C. whom D. whose

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

The Threat to the Environment

Nowadays people are more aware that wildlife all over the world is in (43) _____. Many (44) _____ of animals are threatened, and could easily become (45) _____. If we do not make an effort to (46) _____ them. There are many reasons for this. In some cases, animals are (47) _____ for their fur or for other valuable parts of their bodies. Some birds, (48) _____ as parrots, are caught (49) _____, and sold as pets. For many animals and birds, the problem is that their habitat – the (50) _____ where they live – is (51) _____. More

(52)_____ is used for farms, for houses or industry, and there are fewer open (53) _____ than there once were. Farmers use powerful chemicals to help them grow better (54) _____, but the chemicals pollute the environment and (55) _____ wildlife. The most successful animals on earth – human beings – will soon be the only ones (56) _____, unless we can (57)_____ this problem.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 43. A. danger | B. threat | C. problem | D. vanishing |
| 44. A. marks | B. more | C. species | D. forms |
| 45. A. disappeared | B. vanished | C. empty | D. extinct |
| 46. A. harm | B. safe | C. protect | D. serve |
| 47. A. hunted | B. chased | C. game | D. extinct |
| 48. A. like | B. such | C. or | D. where |
| 49. A. lively | B. alive | C. for life | D. for living |
| 50. A. spot | B. point | C. place | D. site |
| 51. A. exhausting | B. departing | C. escaping | D. disappearing |
| 52. A. earth | B. land | C. soil | D. area |
| 53. A. spaces | B. air | C. up | D. parts |
| 54. A. products | B. fields | C. herbs | D. crops |
| 55. A. spoil | B. harm | C. wound | D. wrong |
| 56. A. survived | B. over | C. missing | D. left |
| 57. A. answer | B. calculate | C. solve | D. explain |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

Rainforests circle the globe for twenty degrees of latitude on both sides of the equator. In that relatively narrow band of the planet, more than half of all the species of plants and animals in the world make their home. Several hundred different varieties of trees may grow in a single acre, and **just** one of those trees may be the habitat for more than ten thousand kinds of spiders, ants, and other insects.

Unfortunately, half of the world's rainforests have already been destroyed, and at the current rate, another 25 per cent will be lost by the year 2020. Every sixty seconds, one hundred acres of rainforest is being cleared. By the time you finish reading this passage, two hundred acres will be destroyed. When this happens, constant rains erode the former forest floor, and the ecology of the region is altered forever. Thousands of species of plants and animals are condemned to extinction and, since we aren't able to predict the ramifications of this loss to a delicate global ecology, we don't know what we may be doing to the future of the human species as well.

58. What is the main point of view that the author expresses in this passage?
- A. The author believes that the rainforest will survive.
 - B. The author believes that preserving the rainforest is important to the global ecology.
 - C. The author believes that he can predict the future of global ecology.
 - D. The author believes that the extinction of species is a natural process.
59. According to the passage, more than half of all the species of plants and animals _____.
- A. live in twenty rainforests
 - B. live in several hundred different varieties of trees
 - C. live in a forty-degree band of latitude
 - D. live in areas where the rainforest has been cleared
60. What is the meaning of the word "just" in line 5?
- A. fairly
 - B. only
 - C. correctly
 - D. precisely
61. How many of the world's rainforests are projected to be destroyed if the current rate continues?
- A. All of them will be gone by the year 2020.
 - B. Three-quarters of them will be gone by the year 2020.

- C. Half of them will be gone by the year 2020.
- D. One-quarter of them will be gone by the year 2020.

62. What is the current rate of destruction?

- A. One acre per minute.
- B. One acre per second
- C. One hundred acres per minute.
- D. Two hundred acres per hour.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

63. The notice says you have to sign the forms twice.

- A. Read the notice before you sign the forms.
- B. You'll have to sign both forms.
- C. The notice says the forms must be signed twice.
- D. As soon as you read the notice, you sign the forms.

64. It's a waste of time for you to discuss the problem with Jane.

- A. It takes you a lot of time to discuss the problem with Jane.
- B. Jane doesn't want to discuss the problem with you.
- C. Even though you don't have a lot of time, you should discuss the problem with Jane.
- D. There's no point in discussing the problem with Jane.

65. Michael is usually punctual, so I'm surprised that he's late.

- A. I don't know why Michael is so late.
- B. I'm surprised that Michael's not here because it's not like him.
- C. I'm annoyed at Michael's lateness.
- D. I like Michael because he's usually punctual.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. great B. bread C. break D. steak
2. A. weight B. height C. eight D. vein
3. A. too B. food C. soon D. good
4. A. disappointed B. dynamite C. install D. banana
5. A. enough B. cough C. though D. rough

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. beautiful B. collection C. provision D. reduction
7. A. exhaust B. treasure C. mention D. worry
8. A. equipment B. cosmetics C. observant D. altitude
9. A. chaotic B. applicant C. unconscious D. fantastic
10. A. critical B. luxury C. minimum D. guarantee

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. The mountain stood powerfully and threatening
A B C
ahead of me.
D
12. The patient was lying unconsciously on the bed.
A B C D
13. Because of we didn't have a television set while I was
A B
growing up, I watched TV at my neighbor's house even
C D
though my parents didn't approve.
14. No matter what happen, I'll always stand by him!
A B C D

23. If I _____ wings, I _____ take an airplane to fly home.
- A. have, won't have to B. had, wouldn't have to
C. had, won't have to D. have, wouldn't have to
24. A breeze _____ touched my face.
- A. gentle B. gentlemen
C. gentleness D. gently
25. I looked for some bread, but there was _____ left.
- A. no one B. no thing
C. none D. any
26. I can't come out this evening, I've got to look _____ my baby brother.
- A. after B. up to
C. into D. over
27. It was raining _____ the boys couldn't play soccer in the park.
- A. because B. so hard that
C. so that D. too hard that
28. If you _____ a crime, you must expect to suffer the consequences.
- A. perform B. make
C. do D. commit
29. The Northern Hemisphere has mostly westerly winds _____ the rotation of the earth toward the east.
- A. due to B. because
C. therefore D. so
30. Ms. Bolton is both a strong manager _____ a skilled negotiator.
- A. or B. with
C. and D. though

31. She _____ the papers looking for her mother's letter.
A. searched for B. went over
C. went through D. looked at
32. _____ the need to finish this project soon, I want you to work on this overtime for the next few days.
A. Because B. So that
C. Because of D. Inasmuch as
33. Had you told him the truth, he _____ some suggestions.
A. might have made B. would make
C. might make D. had made
34. _____ snowfield on a mountain slope reaches a depth of about 100 feet, it begins to move slowly forward under its own weight.
A. Whenever a B. A
C. That a D. Should a
35. You can have these books _____ I finish reading them.
A. so that B. because of
C. therefore D. as soon as
36. It _____ as they walked along the road.
A. has rained B. had rained
C. was raining D. is raining
37. - Did you blame him for the accident?
- Yes, but _____ it.
A. I'd not rather. B. I'd rather not have done
C. I'd better not do D. I'd rather not doing
38. The doctor has advised him to cut down _____ his drinking.
A. on B. in C. with D. to
39. I'm really tired this morning. I wish I _____ to bed so late last night.

- A. hadn't gone B. didn't go
C. haven't been D. don't go

40. The next morning his condition _____ and in the evening there was little hope of his life being saved.

- A. grew bad and worse B. went from bad to worse
C. got from bad to worse D. got to worse

41. _____ has such an stunning achievement been recorded.

- A. Always B. Seldom C. Today D. Recently

42. When _____ money into the slot, be sure to use undamaged coins.

- A. on inserting B. having inserted
C. to insert D. inserting

43. The mother sat by her _____ child's bedside all night.

- A. asleep B. sleep C. sleeping D. overslept

44. Your car's very _____. It hardly seems to use any petrol at all.

- A. economical B. economic
C. ecumenical D. ecological

45. I'm in a terrible _____. I just don't know what to do.

- A. problem B. quandary C. loss D. trouble

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

El Nino

El Nino is a weather phenomenon of the Pacific Ocean which is (46) _____ by an abnormal (47) _____ of water on the surface of the ocean. It has the (48) _____ to influence global weather patterns as it brings drought to some continents and (49) _____ rain to others.

It was first (50) _____ by fishermen in Spanish ports in the Pacific in the 17th century. It got its name (Spanish for "boy child") because it usually takes (51) _____ near Christmas

time. It can cause catastrophic (52) _____. The 1982 El Nino resulted in 1,500 deaths, but it can be a lot worse than that. So animals, (53) _____ fish and birds, also die in large numbers. It is (54) _____ that sailors in the Pacific can smell the dead sea-life during El Nino.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 46. A. happened | B. caused | C. origin | D. done |
| 47. A. increase | B. extra | C. heater | D. warm |
| 48. A. proficiency | B. power | C. practice | D. performance |
| 49. A. wet | B. shower | C. plenty | D. heavy |
| 50. A. saw | B. noticed | C. caught | D. time |
| 51. A. away | B. care | C. part | D. place |
| 52. A. damage | B. difficulty | C. hurt | D. problem |
| 53. A. containing | B. holding | C. including | D. involving |
| 54. A. said | B. felt | C. told | D. mistaken |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

Almost four million people visit Yosemite National Park every year. They want to see the tall waterfalls and steep granite mountains that are capped by large domes. These mountains are an amazing sight when viewed from the valley floor. Lots of stores, lodging, and food are needed to handle the crowds. Also, water, roads, and sewage systems are part of infrastructures that must be maintained.

Unfortunately, these systems are starting to break down. It's not just in Yosemite but in national parks around the nation. Yosemite is thirty years old according to Dennis Galvin, National Park Service worker. The park is not only old but worn out. Two or three times as many visitors come every year. That is too many visitors for the park to handle.

Four years ago a storm washed out a water pipe line in the Grand Canyon. The National Park Service had to send water trucks to provide water for the visitors. Last month pipes almost broke again and trails had to be closed for a while. Some of these water pipes are thirty years old.

Why hasn't the National Park Service kept up the park repairs? There is a lack of money. The United States has 378 monuments, parks, and wilderness areas. Between three and four billion dollars are needed for repairs.

Yosemite is one national park that does have money for repairs. It has two hundred million dollars but cannot spend it any way it chooses. Congress gave the money after the 1997 Flood. When the park workers started widening the road, they were forced to stop by the Sierra Club. The Sierra Club claimed that the roadwork was damaging the Merced River that runs through the park.

A Sierra Club attorney, Julia Olson, feels that the infrastructure needs to be moved out of Yosemite. She wants to see new hotels, roads built, and businesses started outside of the park. That way less pressure will be put on the already crowded park.

Yellowstone National Park is suffering similar problems according to the New York Times. Leaky pipes resulted from spring thaws. Millions of gallons of treated sewage was dumped in park meadows.

Who suffers from the lack of park maintenance? Over three hundred million visitors are affected and our beautiful parks too.

55. From the valley floor at Yosemite, visitors see _____.

- A. high waterfalls and steep granite walls
- B. moose, elk, and bears
- C. the Columbia River
- D. light shows at night

56. How does Dennis Galvin account for many of the Yosemite problems?

- A. He blames the Sierra Club.
- B. Galvin thinks the entrance fees are too high.
- C. The park is old, worn out, and over capacity.
- D. Too few visitors go to the park.

57. What does the National Park Service say is the solution for crumbling parks?

- A. They need about three and a half billion dollars for repairs.

- B. Park officials want states to raise road taxes.
 - C. Older parks should be closed until repaired.
 - D. No new parks should be built until all the old ones are fixed.
58. Why did Congress give money to Yosemite National Park?
- A. It's the most popular park in the country.
 - B. No other park is in worse shape.
 - C. They wanted more motels and stores built there.
 - D. The 1997 Flood had damaged the park.
59. What does Julia Olson think should be done at Yosemite?
- A. More infrastructures should be added to the park.
 - B. New hotels and infrastructures should be built outside the park.
 - C. Congress should take control of the park.
 - D. A dam should be built on the Merced River.
60. According to the New York Times, what happened recently at Yellowstone?
- A. Trails were closed due to flooding.
 - B. A big fire caused Yellowstone to close for three months.
 - C. Water had to be trucked in because old pipes broke.
 - D. Millions of gallons of treated sewage was dumped into meadows.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

- 61. Nobody in the group disagreed with the plan except for John.**
- A. Everybody agreed with the plan.
 - B. John and other people in the group disagreed with the plan.
 - C. John was the only one in the group that agreed with the plan.
 - D. With the exception of John, everyone in the group agreed with the plan.

- 62. If his father hadn't advised him against it, he might have become a record producer.**
- A. Had it not been for his father's advice, he might have become a record producer now.
 - B. Unless his father advises him against it, he may become a record producer.
 - C. His father advised him to become a record producer.
 - D. Despite his father's advice, he worked as a record producer.
- 63. She never finishes her work on time although she works hard.**
- A. She is hard working and good at time management.
 - B. As long as she works hard, she will finish her work on time.
 - C. She never finishes her work on time no matter how hard she works.
 - D. She's working hard so that she can finish her work on time.
- 64. Speaking for my colleagues, I would like to thank you.**
- A. I would like to thank you for what you've done for my colleagues.
 - B. On behalf of my colleagues, I would like to thank you.
 - C. Because of my colleagues, I would like to thank you.
 - D. Such was your help that I would like to thank you.
- 65. Joe gets on with his mother-in-law.**
- A. Joe doesn't like his mother-in-law.
 - B. Joe is on good terms with his mother-in-law.
 - C. Joe's mother-in-law is very kind to him.
 - D. Joe and his mother-in-law have much in common.

UNIT 7

SAVING ENERGY

Grammar

Connectives: *and, but, because, or, so, therefore, however*

*Do it slowly **and** carefully.*

*His mother will not be there, **but** his father might.*

*I did it for you **because** I love you.*

*Do you like pop music **or** classical music?*

*It is raining, **so** I cannot go jogging in the park.*

*Anna did not study. **Therefore**, she failed the test.*

*I was very sleepy. **However**, I finished all of my work.*

Phrasal verbs: *turn off, turn on, look for, look after, go on*

*Please **turn off** the television before you go to bed.*

*It is very cold. I will **turn on** the heating.*

*What are you **looking for**?*

*Who is going to **look after** the children while you are away?*

*He said nothing but just **went on** working.*

Make suggestions

*Tony **suggested** going in his car.*

*My little brother **suggested** (that) we go out to eat.*

Vocabulary

appliance, energy-saving, household, conserve, install, profitable, efficiency, innovation; nuclear, infrastructure, account for, disposal, revolution, apology, hazardous, safety, incineration, competition, alternative energy, garbage, harness, tolerance, satellite, generator

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. appliance B. bill C. effective D. hobby
2. A. faucet B. install C. solution D. quarter

3. A. drip B. riot C. receive D. efficient
4. A. amusing B. appreciation C. association D. analyst
5. A. suspicious B. sociable C. currency D. specialist

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

3. A. appliance B. enormous C. category D. effective
7. A. install B. faucet C. label D. quarter
3. A. obsession B. disposal C. innocence D. detergent
9. A. currency B. overcoat C. suitable D. overseas
10. A. revolution B. inhabitant C. fundamental D. generation

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. She wanted to go on holiday, however did not have
enough money.
A B C D
12. Washington, D.C., where is located on the east coast of the
United States, has many interesting and historic places
to visit.
A B C D
13. If someone told a funny story about you to a group of people
at a party, how will you feel?
A B C D
14. Interstate Highway 80 is so an important road that it is
sometimes referred to as "America's Main Street."
A B C D
15. They have been studying English here for August.
A B C D

16. A visit to Mission Dolores, a church was built^A by the Spanish^B in the eighteenth century, will give you an idea^C of what life was like^D back then.
17. They haven't sold^A all the tickets^B for^C the Cup Final already^D.
18. Mount Hood in Oregon is a^A center for alpine^B sports such as skiing^C, climbing, and hikes^D.
19. I am being^A an engineer^B when^C I finish^D my studies.
20. Florence Sabin is recognized^A not only for^B her theoretical research in anatomy^C and physiology and^D for her work in public health.

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Brian used to be an active person, but now he has to limit his activities _____ problems with his health.
 A. nevertheless B. because of
 C. although D. in spite of
22. Mr. Hill had his money stolen and couldn't _____ his hotel bill.
 A. pay up B. pay C. pay for D. pay out
23. He _____ an apology to me for being unable to attend my wedding, and of course I _____ his apology.
 A. gave, received B. made, received
 C. received, made D. made, accepted
24. No matter how often I explain it, he doesn't seem to _____.
 A. put it through B. take it in
 C. take it on D. put it in

25. Modern saw blades are coated with a special _____ plastic.
A. reduction of friction B. reduced-friction
C. friction is reduced D. friction-reducing
26. Some snakes are poisonous, _____ others are harmless.
A. but B. so C. for D. despite
27. Honey is the only form of naturally occurring sugar that _____ to be refined before it can be eaten.
A. has not B. does not have
C. not having D. does not
28. That is the proposal that I will _____ to the Managing Director.
A. put forward B. take down
C. bring up D. put on
29. In a few minutes' time, when the clock _____ six, I _____ here three-quarters of an hour.
A. strikes, will have been waiting
B. will strikes, will wait
C. is striking, will be waiting
D. strikes, will wait
30. When my teacher gave me my homework back, she said I was on the right _____.
A. course B. way C. direction D. track
31. The windows were all left open. _____, the room was a real mess after the windstorm.
A. Nevertheless B. However
C. Consequently D. Otherwise
32. When I was twenty my parents _____ me stay out until midnight.
A. allowed B. left C. told D. let

43. Jeff wants to look his best at the wedding so he's _____.

A. to get made a suit

B. make a suit

C. having a suit made

D. having made a suit

44. By appearing on the soap powder commercials, she became a _____ name.

A. household

B. housekeeper

C. house

D. housewife

45. My parents don't understand me. I wish they _____ me.

A. will understand

B. understood

C. can understand

D. understand

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

In the US, industries that generate hazardous wastes want to dispose of them as cheaply as possible. Private companies hired to dispose of this waste compete with each other to offer the lowest prices to these industries. The government does not get involved, beyond setting minimum safety standards.

Unfortunately, the (46) _____ of companies that generate and dispose of waste is to save money, (47) _____ to guarantee safety. These companies usually send waste to landfills because this is cheaper than recycling or incineration. Disposal firms who want to increase their business must cut corners to lower cost and (48) _____ customers. At the same time, relatively (49) _____ is done to reduce the volume of waste generated, because disposal costs (50) _____ relatively modest.

Things are different in Denmark. There the government (51) _____ in the waste disposal process beginning (52) _____ the front end. Together with industry, the government formed a corporation to establish and (53) _____ waste disposal facilities. This company, called Kommunichem, has a (54) _____ on waste disposal. Generators of hazardous waste (55) _____ ship their waste to one of Kommunichem's disposal facilities. In this system, there is no price competition in the waste disposal business.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 46. A. solution | B. license | C. importance | D. goal |
| 47. A. not | B. just | C. besides | D. something |
| 48. A. survive | B. efficient | C. gain | D. prosper |
| 49. A. more | B. this | C. recycling | D. little |
| 50. A. still | B. have | C. remain | D. cheap |
| 51. A. interferes | B. participates | C. involves | D. control |
| 52. A. to | B. by | C. of | D. at |
| 53. A. operate | B. found | C. prepare | D. generate |
| 54. A. power | B. profit | C. monopoly | D. responsibility |
| 55. A. help | B. disposal | C. take | D. must |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

The search for alternative energy has led in various directions. Many communities are burning garbage and other biological waste products to produce electricity. Converting waste products to gases or oil is also an efficient way to dispose of wastes.

Experimental work is being done to derive synthetic fuels from coal, oil shale, and coal tars. But to date, that process has proven expensive. Other experiments are underway to harness power with giant windmills. Geothermal power, heat from the earth, is also being tested.

Some experts expect utility companies to revive hydroelectric power derived from streams and rivers. Fifty years ago hydroelectric power provided one third of the electricity used in the United States, but today it supplies only 4 per cent. The oceans are another potential source of energy. Scientists are studying ways to convert the energy of ocean currents, tides, and waves to electricity. Experiments are also underway to make use of temperature differences in ocean water to produce energy.

56. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. The Use of Water Products for Energy
- B. The Search for Alternative Sources of Energy

C. Efficient Ways of Disposing of Wastes

D. New Discoveries in Geothermal Power

7. Fifty years ago one third of the electricity in the United States was provided by _____.

A. wind

B. waste products

C. water

D. oil

8. In the second paragraph, the phrase "synthetic fuels" could best be replaced by which of the following?

A. biological fuels

B. low burning fuels

C. fast burning fuels

D. artificially made fuels

9. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage as an alternative source of energy?

A. burning of garbage

B. geothermal power

C. synthetic fuels

D. electricity

10. According to the author, the impracticability of using coal, oil shale and coal tars as sources of energy is due to _____.

A. their being time consuming

B. their being money consuming

C. the scarcity of sources

D. the lack of technology

11. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

A. All alternative production of energy will be derived from water.

B. Hydroelectric power will be the main source of energy.

C. Synthetic fuels will be the principal source of alternative energy.

D. Alternative energy will come from a variety of sources.

711. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

12. Ellen has been unemployed for six months.

A. Ellen has been out of work for six months.

B. It's difficult for Ellen to find a job.

C. No one wants to employ Ellen.

D. Ellen isn't qualified for the job.

63. I wish I knew what to do about this problem.

A. I wish I hadn't solved this problem.

B. This problem was too hard for me to solve.

C. This problem is none of my business.

D. If only I had the solution to this problem.

64. So that John could go on holiday in the summer, he saved \$10 a week.

A. Although John went on holiday in the summer, he could save \$10 a week.

B. John not only went on holiday in the summer but he saved \$10 a week too.

C. John saved \$10 a week in order to be able to go on holiday in the summer.

D. During his summer holiday, John saved \$10 a week.

65. It's not worth asking the manager for the day off.

A. There's no point in asking the manager for the day off.

B. You don't need to ask the manager for the day off.

C. The manager is off today.

D. If you want to have a day off, you should ask the manager.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. plumber B. revolution C. luggage D. punctual

2. A. contact B. cottage C. spot D. polite

3. A. quality B. famine C. wallet D. waffle

4. A. romance B. tolerance C. performance D. existence

5. A. remedy B. personnel C. terrace D. responsible

- IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

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27. New laws should be passed to _____ wildlife in this area.

- A. campaign
- B. energy
- C. conserve
- D. extinct

28. I got to class on time _____ I had missed my bus.

- A. even though
- B. nevertheless
- C. because
- D. despite

29. It's getting dark. Please _____ the lights on.

- A. take
- B. bring
- C. put
- D. set

30. Mary suggested that I _____ for a new job.

- A. apply
- B. should apply
- C. have applied
- D. A & B

31. Although they worked very hard, they couldn't pay the _____ bills.

- A. household
- B. homework
- C. housework
- D. household

32. I asked _____ the door behind her.

- A. her closing
- B. if she closed
- C. that she should close
- D. her to close

33. _____ in 1772, Maryland's state capitol is still in use and is one of the most attractive public buildings in the United States.

- A. It was built
- B. Built
- C. To build it
- D. Building

34. When do you wish to visit Canada?

_____ I'm settled, I'll go there.

- A. As
- B. Since
- C. Once
- D. While

35. I was disappointed when I saw the film. It was a real _____.

- A. let-down
- B. breakdown
- C. turnout
- D. dropout

_____ humans domesticated animals is not _____ als is not

B. by means of

D. by which

_____ the office as I was passing, but John was out. _____ n was out.

d for B. called up

d on D. called at

ans frequently _____ a lot of criticism. _____ m.

e out in B. catch up with

e in for D. get up to

_____ a ghost, I _____ try to frighten all the people I the people I

will B. am, would

, will D. were, would

of the young people in my town _____ very strai_ very strange
s!

it with B. go in for

rough with D. go back on

I _____ my plane ticket. I can't find it anywhere it anywhere.

B. am losing

lost D. will lose

ies of erosion have exposed _____ rock surfaces ick surfaces in
nted Desert of northern Arizona.

ow-colored B. colored like a rainbow rainbow

lors of the rainbow D. a rainbow's coloring coloring

_____ the book, but I hardly remember it.

read B. may read

have read D. may have read id

at John has decided he doesn't want to stand, we'll hstand, we'll have
a substitute _____ the post.

A. to A. to B. as C. for D. in

15. It's hard to do. It's hard to do _____ to such as masterpiece.

A. judgement A. judgement B. justice C. fair play D. fair

16. It's crucial that he _____ attend the ceremony.

A. should A. should B. must C. will D. can

17. How you invest your money is none of my _____

A. affair A. affair B. business C. matter D. case

18. Take a _____ nap if you're tired.

A. small A. small B. short C. long D. fast

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits the space.

Of the total surface of the earth, 75 percent is covered by water. (49) _____, only a small portion can be used for human purposes. Only about three percent of the water on earth is fresh, (50) _____ of that is ice, primarily in the polar regions. Thus, just less than one percent of the earth's water is available for human use.

Despite its (52) _____ of taste, color, odor, and texture, water is a powerful beverage. It is the only substance needed for all life. Many organisms can live without oxygen; however, (53) _____ can survive without water. The human body is about 70 percent water.

Even though water is critical to all life, it is often taken for granted until a disaster occurs. Some natural disasters, (55) _____ droughts or floods; on the other hand, many are human caused, such as pollution of surface or groundwater.

49. A. Nevertheless B. Since
C. In spite of D. Whereas
50. A. third-quarters B. three-quarters
C. third-four D. three-four

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| 51. A. made | B. held | C. available | D. use |
| 52. A. short | B. emptiness | C. inadequate | D. lack |
| 53. A. little | B. not | C. none | D. much |
| 54. A. taken | B. seen | C. made | D. thought |
| 55. A. as | B. so | C. such as | D. alike |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

California Power Surplus City

While California's giant electric utility companies struggle to stay afloat in the face of skyrocketing energy costs, they might look to the little town of Redding, California to learn how to do it.

Edward and Nina Goehring use electricity to heat their home, their water, their spa, and in summer, to run their air conditioning. Now, in the midst of California's electric energy crisis, they're glad they're all electric, and that they live in Redding. Edward Goehring, a Redding California resident says "It's given us ease of mind because we know we're not going to be hit with these tremendous rate increases that the rest of California is having."

The city of 80-thousand generates most of its own power with three gas turbines, a steam plant, and a small generator at a dam. Redding also buys electricity at below market prices under long-term contracts from other power generators. That totals more electricity than Redding needs. It sells the rest on the wholesale market.

Jim Feider of the Redding Electric Utility says, "The revenues that we get from that kind of sale out on the open market, we bring home to pay off the infrastructure of this power facility here as well as other investments to date, and ultimately provide rate relief for our rate payers here at home."

Giant utilities P.G.&E. and Southern California Edison and San Diego Gas and Electric say they're facing bankruptcy because of the high prices they've had to pay for new electrical energy to meet increasing demand.

Redding has turned a tidy 18-million-dollar profit supplying energy to the big utilities. While most Californians are looking at rate increases, Redding residents are looking forward to rate cuts. That's because a new power plant soon to be built here could drop rates twenty percent in the next year and a half.

Fate and foresight combined with Redding's decision to put the city into the electric business almost eighty years ago. Jim Feider says of that foresight, "I think the city is feeling very good right now about the decision they made long before I got here. And we want to keep them on that path." - a path that keeps Redding free from the dominance of the big power utilities.

56. Why have electric rates skyrocketed in California?
- A. The utility companies are close to bankruptcy.
 - B. The demand for electricity has increased.
 - C. Most people don't use enough electricity.
 - D. The municipal power companies are making their own electricity.
57. Why are Redding, California residents glad that they are all electric?
- A. They don't have to pay high prices for natural gas or oil.
 - B. They don't have to buy their electricity at tremendous prices.
 - C. Their electric prices will probably stay low.
 - D. All of the above
58. Why is the city of Redding free from the dominance of big power utilities?
- A. It is a medium-sized city.
 - B. It must sell its electricity to the big utilities.
 - C. It generates its own electricity.
 - D. Its citizens need air-conditioning in the summer.
59. How did Redding earn 18 million dollars?
- A. They were able to sell their extra electricity at a high price.
 - B. They are free from the dominance of the big power utilities.

C. They sold their generators.

D. They used more power than they generated.

60. How did Redding city leaders show foresight 80 years ago?

A. They decided to depend on the large electric utilities.

B. They realized that they would be better off to generate their own electricity.

C. They decided to keep their city fairly small.

D. They forced everyone to use electricity.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. We had to finish all the work before we could leave.

A. We left after we had finished all the work.

B. We could leave since we had finished all the work.

C. We had to stay until we had finished all the work.

D. We shouldn't leave the work unfinished.

62. Tim had not expected the concert to be so good.

A. The concert was not very good, which made Tim disappointed.

B. The concert was better than Tim had expected.

C. What Tim expected was a good concert.

D. Tim had expected to see a better concert than this.

63. If Ann doesn't train harder, she'll never get into the swimming team.

A. Ann will never get into the swimming team unless she does more training.

B. Anna can't get into the swimming team because she doesn't train very hard.

C. Although Ann trains very hard, she can't get into the swimming team.

D. Ann can't get into the swimming team because of her laziness.

64. "It's a good idea to rehearse your speech in front of a mirror," George told me.

- A. George asked me if I had rehearsed my speech in front of a mirror.
- B. George forced me to rehearse my speech in front of a mirror.
- C. George advised me to rehearse my speech in front of a mirror.
- D. George allowed me to rehearse my speech in front of a mirror.

65. John is interested in knowing more about astronomy.

- A. John thinks that astronomy is very interesting.
- B. John would like to know more about astronomy.
- C. John is interested in nothing but astronomy.
- D. John knows a lot about astronomy.

CELEBRATIONS

Grammar

Relative clauses

Relative clauses give us information about things, people, possessions, places and times using a relative pronoun (**which, that, who, whose...**)

1. Things (*which, that*)

*I like books **which** / **that** have good plots.*

2. People (*who, whom, that*)

*Ann thanked the man **who** / **that** helped her.*

*People **whom** the company employs are expected to sign a contract.*

3. Possessions (*whose*)

*Mrs. Angela has a painting **whose** value is inestimable.*

4. Places (*where, which / that + preposition*)

*This is the room **where** Bob sleeps.*

*This is the room **which** / **that** Bob sleeps in.*

5. Time (*when*)

*I will never forget the day **when** I met you.*

Adverb clauses of concession

Although, though, and even though express the idea of a contrast.

Although Susan lived in Mexico for a year, she did not learn Spanish.

Though is informal.

Though I liked the car, I decided not to buy it.

Though can also be used at the end of a sentence.

- IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.**

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22. Timmy doesn't do well in school _____ his inability to concentrate on any one thing for longer than a minute or two.
A. due to B. as C. because D. although
23. He told me about a student _____ had taken the entrance exam five times.
A. who B. whom C. which D. —
24. They enjoy _____ tennis.
A. playing B. to play C. play D. played
25. On Easter Day, young children receive chocolate or sugar eggs as _____ as they are good.
A. far B. often C. long D. wide
26. The secretary _____ I talked to didn't know where the meeting was.
A. whom B. that C. - D. A, B & C
27. Family members _____ live apart try to be together at Tet.
A. which B. who C. where D. whom
28. _____ she has a job, she doesn't make enough money to support her four children.
A. Because B. In spite of C. Since D. Although
29. _____ her mother's diary.
A. Rose happened to find
B. Rose happened and found
C. It happed to Rose that she found
D. It happened to Rose that she had found
30. He put on his sunglasses _____ the sun was bright.
A. even though B. because
C. despite D. however
31. You need to talk to a person _____ you can trust. You will feel better if you do.
A. which B. whose C. where D. whom

32. Jerome Kern's most famous work is *Showboat*, _____, most enduring musical comedies.
- A. it is one of the finest B. of the finest one
C. the finest one D. one of the finest
33. I'm going horseback riding with my father this afternoon _____ I'm afraid of horses.
- A. because of B. so as to
C. even though D. due to
34. Mandy is the kind of person to _____ one can talk about anything.
- A. that B. her C. whom D. whose
35. There was so much noise in the bar that I could not make myself _____.
- A. heard B. hearing C. hear D. being hear
36. "How can that be? It's freezing, _____ you're wearing shorts and a T-shirt!"
- A. because B. although C. yet D. so
37. I'm _____ a complete loss to understand why you reacted so violently.
- A. at B. in C. on D. by
38. _____ you cut down your carbohydrate intake, you'd have lost weight by now.
- A. Did B. Were C. If D. Had
39. If the level of VAT is _____ this year, small businesses will be affected.
- A. raised B. risen C. arisen D. raising
40. Most pets are well _____ by their owners.
- A. cared after B. looked for
C. cared for D. looked into
41. Don't _____ anything to him if you can help it.
- A. speak B. say C. talk D. tell

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Have you ever stopped (42) _____ why people give each (43) _____ eggs at Easter? The Christian festival of Easter celebrates the return of Christ from the dead, but the festival is actually named (44) _____ the goddess of the sun; Eostre, whose name is taken from the East where she (45) _____. In very ancient times, Easter was a celebration that winter was (46) _____ and that a new life was about to begin.

The rabbit, (47) _____ to the number of young it produces, is a symbol of life. In some parts of the world, the rabbit leaves large (48) _____ of eggs (another symbol of new life) in the garden and children have to find as many as they can. This is very (49) _____ Christmas when Santa Claus leaves presents for individual children. At Easter, children have to be independent and (50) _____ after themselves. In this (51) _____, the hunt for Easter eggs represents the need for young people to go out into the world and make their own (52) _____. Because of the origins of these traditions, you are not (53) _____ to see rabbits and eggs in churches very often.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 42. A. to wonder | B. wondering | C. wonder | D. wander |
| 43. A. else | B. person | C. others | D. other |
| 44. A. for | B. about | C. after | D. with |
| 45. A. goes | B. sets | C. rises | D. raises |
| 46. A. finish | B. conclusion | C. up | D. over |
| 47. A. as | B. since | C. due | D. because |
| 48. A. numbers | B. sums | C. figures | D. totals |
| 49. A. like | B. unlike | C. different | D. similar |
| 50. A. take | B. get | C. look | D. carry |
| 51. A. day | B. way | C. habit | D. time |
| 52. A. fun | B. chance | C. luck | D. fortune |
| 53. A. likely | B. probable | C. probably | D. definitely |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

New Year's Celebrations

New Year's Day is celebrated all over the world, but not always at the same time. Our New Year starts on 1 January but the Chinese New year takes place any time between 21 January and 19 February, depending on the year. In Germany, a few centuries ago, people celebrated the New Year in November, because this was the time when they had finished bringing in the harvest. They looked forward to this part of the year because after the harvest they would have a period of rest when they could relax and have fun.

Nowadays, New Year is regarded as a time for celebrating and for making a new start in life. People wish each other "Happy New Year" and often send special greetings cards. In recent years, these cards have been replaced by colorful e-mail messages. In many European countries, people make New Year's resolutions. This involves people promising themselves that they will improve their behavior in some way, by giving up bad habits. People might decide to give up smoking, for example, or to go on a diet. These promises are often broken in the first few days of the New Year, however!

On New Year's Eve many people go to parties or get together with their families, neighbors or friends and they stay up until midnight to see the New Year in. Some people can't resist drinking a little bit more than they should on this night. In Britain and especially in Scotland, they sing a special song called "Auld Lang Syne". In London, people gather to celebrate in Trafalgar Square, waiting for Big Ben to strike twelve. When it is almost midnight people are very quiet but when Big Ben begins to strike they all start cheering. People greet each other with "Happy New Year" and some even kiss the police who are there to control the crowd. It would be more accurate to say that the police try to control the crowd but in such an atmosphere it is very difficult, and a lot of people end up in the fountain in the Square with on their clothes on.

In China, days before New Year's Day, every family is busy giving its house a thorough cleaning. They hope to sweep away all

he ill-fortune there may have been in the family to make way for good luck in the coming year. People also paint their doors and windows red. The New Year's Eve supper is an important family event. All members of the family like to have dinner together. When it is over, the whole family stays up late 4 playing cards or board games. At midnight the whole sky lights up with fireworks. Very early next morning, children greet their parents and receive their present: money wrapped in red paper.

54. New Year in China falls _____.

- A. on 1 February
- B. on the same day every year
- C. on the same day in February
- D. later than in Europe

55. In Germany the New Year was originally _____.

- A. a celebration to mark the end of winter
- B. a celebration at the end of the harvest
- C. celebrated by holding a big party
- D. a time when people were on holiday

56. The promises people make for the New Year _____.

- A. don't last long
- B. make them healthier
- C. change their lives
- D. are written on special cards

57. On New Year's Eve people _____.

- A. never drink alcohol
- B. sometimes drink too much
- C. drink a special New Year's drink
- D. start drinking at midnight

58. In Trafalgar Square on New Year's Eve _____.

- A. the police join in the party
- B. people are allowed to kiss the police

C. the police don't work very hard

D. the police try to stop people from jumping in the fountain

59. In China, people clean their houses before the New Year _____.

A. to get rid of all the bad things that have happened during the year

B. because a dirty house is full of ghosts

C. because it brings the whole family together

D. to get them ready to be painted

60. The New Year's Eve in China _____.

A. starts with games involving all the family

B. is accompanied by a firework display

C. brings together the whole family

D. has several different dishes

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. The match was called off because of the bad weather.

A. Despite the bad weather, they went to the match.

B. They didn't go to the match because the weather was very bad

C. They cancelled the match because of the bad weather.

D. The success or failure of the match depends on the weather.

62. Maybe Peter forgot that we changed the time of the meeting.

A. Peter might have forgotten that we changed the time of the meeting.

B. Peter didn't come to the meeting because he didn't know the time.

C. If Peter had known the time of the meeting, he would have come.

D. Peter shouldn't have forgotten that we changed the time of the meeting.

63. While I was on holiday, a lot of interesting things happened to me.
- A. Whenever I go on holidays, I see a lot of interesting things.
 - B. During my holiday I had a lot of interesting experiences.
 - C. My holiday was unforgettable.
 - D. I have never experienced such interesting things before.
64. You ought to have locked the door before you left.
- A. It was careless of you to leave without locking the door.
 - B. You had locked the door before you left.
 - C. You never remember to lock the door before you leave.
 - D. Lock the door if you leave.
65. "You've passed the exam? Oh, well done!" my aunt said.
- A. My aunt asked me if I had passed the exam.
 - B. My aunt congratulated me on passing the exam.
 - C. My aunt wishes that I had passed the exam.
 - D. My aunt wanted to know the result of my exam.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. par <u>a</u> de | B. cele <u>b</u> rate | C. cre <u>a</u> te | D. delic <u>a</u> te |
| 2. A. <u>h</u> ug | B. <u>h</u> umor | C. <u>h</u> eir | D. <u>h</u> oney |
| 3. A. <u>d</u> escribe | B. ce <u>b</u> rate | C. he <u>a</u> dache | D. pre <u>s</u> sure |
| 4. A. di <u>s</u> ease | B. de <u>s</u> sert | C. de <u>s</u> ign | D. de <u>s</u> olate |
| 5. A. <u>s</u> ensitive | B. <u>s</u> atisfy | C. in <u>s</u> urance | D. in <u>t</u> ensity |

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. distinguish B. Passover C. acquaintance D. consider

7. A. generous B. humorous C. extensive D. charity
8. A. sympathy B. tolerance C. loneliness D. passer-by
9. A. pension B. midday C. socket D. symptom
10. A. legend B. joyous C. extinct D. outdoor

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. That was the day which I mislaid my passport.
A B C D
12. Married customs differ greatly from society to society.
A B C D
13. I said the old man what his recipe for long life was.
A B C D
14. The making of leather goods from animal skins is one of the
A B C
soonest accomplishments of humankind.
D
15. I'm afraid I hadn't sent exactly what he asked for.
A B C D
16. Could we arrange a time on when we'll be both free?
A B C D
17. Peter and John are roommates, but they don't like together.
A B C D
18. I know a little tavern at where you can get a wonderful meal.
A B C D
19. It has been known since the eighteenth century that the
A B C
adrenal glands are essential of life.
D
20. Do you hope getting married within the next five years?
A B C D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. I am delighted to _____ your acquaintance, Mrs. Trang.
A. do B. make C. have D. go

22. The house _____ I was born and grew up was destroyed in an earthquake ten years ago.
A. in which B. where C. that D. A & B
23. Peter had a lot of studying to do. _____, he went to a movie.
A. But B. Even though
C. Nevertheless D. In addition
24. My grand father, _____ a wise man, has greatly influenced my life.
A. is B. that is C. who is D. who he is
25. I'm looking for an electric can opener _____ also can sharpen knives.
A. who B. which C. that D. B & C
26. Tom's teacher _____ a good student.
A. believes him B. suggests him
C. considers him D. knows him
27. His mother _____ him on his results.
A. greeted B. congratulated
C. thanked D. praised
28. I finished all of my work _____ I was very tired.
A. nevertheless B. because of
C. though D. despite
29. People _____ live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.
A. who B. whom C. which D. -
30. It was _____ of him to offer to pay for us both.
A. mean B. happy C. greedy D. generous
31. The problem _____ Tony has seems insurmountable.
A. what B. whose C. that D. who
32. Don't _____ the road until all the runners have gone by.
A. pass B. cross C. across D. pass by

33. The man _____ I introduced you to last night may be the next president of the university.
A. whom B. whose C. which D. him
34. The main argument _____ a ban on cigarette advertising is that it would be undemocratic.
A. against B. opposing C. opposite D. facing
35. I washed my hands. _____, they still look dirty.
A. Yet B. However C. Although D. Even if
36. You _____ put the car in the garage. I'm going out in it later.
A. mustn't B. can't C. haven't D. needn't
37. In the movie, a teenager _____ to pursue a singing career meets resistance from his strong-willed father.
A. wants B. wanted
C. who wants D. which wants
38. Last night thieves _____ goods to the value of \$10,000 from Goodbuy Supermarket in Elm Lane.
A. robbed B. stole C. burgled D. shoplifted
39. -Excuse me, but there is something about _____ immediately.
- Certainly.
A. which I must speak to you
B. which I must speak to you about it
C. that I must speak to you about
D. that I must speak to you
40. Your career should focus on a field in _____ you are genuinely interested.
A. which B. what C. that D. —
41. Yesterday was my birthday. My mother _____.
A. made a cake to me B. made a cake me
C. made for me a cake D. made me a cake

42. *Little Woman*, _____ in 1868, is my sister's favorite book.
 A. is a novel published B. a novel published
 C. a novel was published D. was a novel published
43. People _____ outlook on life is optimistic are usually happy people.
 A. whose B. whom C. that D. which
44. Water pressure _____ cracks open small rocks but also breaks great slabs of stone from the faces of cliffs.
 A. either B. not only C. and so D. moreover
45. Every neighborhood in Brussels has small cafes _____ customers drink coffee and eat pastries.
 A. what B. where C. which D. that
46. I couldn't hear what he said because he was muttering _____ his breath.
 A. out of B. under C. in D. on
47. He asked me where _____.
 A. did I live B. that I lived
 C. do you live D. I lived

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

A Welsh Festival

Wales has a population of about three million. English is the main language and only twenty per cent speak both Welsh and English. Every year (48) _____ August there is a Welsh-speaking festival. It (49) _____ place in a different town each year so everyone has a chance for it to be near them. Local people (50) _____ years making plans for when the festival will be in (51) _____ town. Each festival is (52) _____ by about 160,000 people. They travel not only from nearby towns and villages (53) _____ also from the rest of the British Isles and (54) _____ from abroad. There are concerts, plays and (55) _____ to find the best singers, poets, writers and so on.

Shops sell Welsh music, books, pictures and clothes as (56) _____ as food and drink. The festival provides a chance for Welsh-speaking people to be together for a whole week, with (57) _____ Welsh language all around them.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| 48. A. on | B. by | C. in | D. at |
| 49. A. takes | B. finds | C. has | D. makes |
| 50. A. pass | B. put | C. spend | D. do |
| 51. A. our | B. their | C. his | D. its |
| 52. A. arrived | B. attended | C. joined | D. come |
| 53. A. but | B. and | C. since | D. however |
| 54. A. just | B. hardly | C. quite | D. even |
| 55. A. tests | B. examinations | C. competitions | D. races |
| 56. A. long | B. far | C. good | D. well |
| 57. A. one | B. a | C. the | D. some |

VI. Four parts have been removed from the text. Choose from the paragraphs A – D the one which best fits each space 58 – 61.

Christmas is the one occasion in Britain when a large number of customs are enthusiastically observed by most ordinary people within the family. (58) _____ Even people who consider themselves to be anti-religious quite happily wish each other a “Happy Christmas” or a “Merry Christmas”. They do not (as in some other countries) self-consciously wish each other a “Happy New Year” instead.

Indeed, the “commercialization” of Christmas has itself become part of tradition. Every November in Oxford Street, a famous personality ceremoniously switches on the “Christmas lights” thus “officially” marking the start of the period of frantic Christmas shopping. And it is certainly frantic. (59) _____ Most people buy presents for the other members of their household and also for other relatives, especially children. Some people also buy presents for their close friends. And to a wider circle of friends and relatives, and sometimes also to working associates and neighbors, they send Christmas cards. Some people even send such greetings

to people whom they have not seen for many years, often using the excuse of this tradition to include a letter passing on the year's news.

People also buy Christmas trees. Almost every household has a tree decorated in a different way (in many cases, with colored lights). Most people also put up other decorations around the house. (60) _____ A "crib", which is a model depicting the birth of Christ, also sometimes forms part of the Christmas decorations. In December, as Christmas gets closer, carols are sung in churches and schools, often at special concerts, and also, though less often than in the past, by groups of people who go from house to house collecting money for charitable causes.

The role of Father Christmas (or Santa Claus) and the customs associated with the giving of gifts vary from family to family. Most households with children tell them that Father Christmas comes down the chimney on the night of Christmas Eve (even though most houses no longer have a working chimney!). (61) _____ Most families put wrapped presents around or on the Christmas tree and these are opened at some time on Christmas Day.

- A. Between that time and the middle of January, most shops do nearly half of their total business for the year (most have "sales" in early January when prices are reduced).
- B. Many children lay out a Christmas stocking at the foot of their beds, which they expect to see filled when they wake up on Christmas morning.
- C. The slow decrease in participation in organized religion, and the fact that Christmas in modern times is as much as a secular feast as a religious one, has had little effect on these traditions.
- D. Exactly what these are varies a great deal, but certain symbols of Christmas, such as bits of the holly and mistletoe plants, are very common, and the Christmas cards which the household has received are usually displayed.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

62. Apart from Paul nobody has replied to the invitation.

- A. Paul hasn't replied to the invitation.
- B. Paul and other people have replied to the invitation.
- C. Nobody has replied to the invitation.
- D. Paul is the only person who has replied to the invitation.

63. I've never seen such a strange film.

- A. The film was strange to me.
- B. I don't want to see such a strange film.
- C. That's the strangest film I've ever seen.
- D. I'm not keen on that film.

64. My aunt insisted on paying for our tickets.

- A. My aunt paid for our tickets although they were expensive.
- B. My aunt was so generous that she paid for our tickets.
- C. My aunt was determined to pay for our tickets.
- D. My aunt was asked to pay for our tickets.

65. Would you mind not using that red pen?

- A. You should ask me before you use that red pen.
- B. You are not allowed to use that red pen.
- C. I wouldn't mind if you used that red pen.
- D. I'd rather you didn't use that red pen.

NATURAL DISASTERS

Defining relative clauses (without commas)

Defining relative clauses give us the necessary information to know which person or thing is referred to.

*The boy **who** is sitting next to Angela is from China.*

In defining relative clauses, **that** is often used instead of **which** after superlatives, **all**, **every(thing)**, **nothing**, **any(thing)**, **some(thing)**, **none**, **little**, **few**, **much** and **only**.

*That is the best film **that** I have ever seen.*

*The only thing **that** matters is to tell the truth.*

If it is the object, the relative pronoun is often left out.

I will do everything I can to help you.

Non-defining relative clauses (with commas)

Non-defining relative clauses give extra information which is not really necessary.

*My uncle, **who** is a teacher, lives in Australia.*

That cannot be used, and the relative pronoun cannot be left out. A comma must be used before this kind of relative clause, and also after it if it is in the middle of a sentence.

*Hawaii, **which** consists of eight principal islands, is a favorite vacation spot.*

TEST 1

1. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. imm <u>u</u> ne | B. nu <u>t</u> rition | C. cu <u>r</u> rency | D. cu <u>b</u> e |
| 2. A. ti <u>d</u> al | B. de <u>l</u> icacy | C. cli <u>n</u> t | D. co <u>m</u> bine |
| 3. A. a <u>n</u> gry | B. ba <u>l</u> cony | C. co <u>t</u> tage | D. ga <u>r</u> age |

4. A. receipt B. sympathetic C. impress D. reception
5. A. passion B. aggressive C. message D. passenger

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. abrupt B. behave C. carriage D. collapse
7. A. erupt B. destroy C. expect D. border
8. A. stimulate B. temptation C. protection D. ambitious
9. A. notable B. souvenir C. tendency D. gradually
10. A. motivation B. sympathetic C. isolation D. pedestrian

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. They'll introduce you to a lot of people, most of that you'll forget immediately.
A B C D
12. My mother recognized my interest in clothing, and she encouraged me working in the fashion industry.
A B C D
13. You shouldn't get too involve with people you meet on the Internet.
A B C D
14. Alike the United States, Canada conducts a complete census of its population every ten years.
A B C D
15. He was arrested for speeding, that unfortunately was reported in the local newspaper.
A B C D

6. Would you consider to go out with someone from
A B C
a different culture?
D
7. The matter is enough important for you to deal with
A B C
yourself.
D
8. There were some vegetables leave over, a few of which I was
A B C
able to use in some soup for supper.
D
9. Natural resources provide the raw material are needed to
A B
produce finished goods.
C D
10. She had so little energy to keep going all day.
A B C D

V. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

1. Tom is always interrupting me, _____ makes me mad.
 A. who B. that
 C. which D. whom
2. He promised _____ her a diamond ring for their anniversary.
 A. buying B. to buy
 C. will buy D. is going to buy
3. By the time we return to Hue, we _____ away from home
 for more than twenty years.
 A. will be B. will have been
 C. has been D. was
4. The newly married couple _____ lives next door just
 moved here from Canada.
 A. whom B. where C. which D. that
5. We _____ working for "Walker and Son" in 2002.
 A. started B. have started
 C. are starting D. start

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37. Gordon said that smoking hadn't done him any _____.
A. harm B. damage C. badness D. hurt
38. There was a time _____ dinosaurs dominated the earth.
A. where B. what C. that D. when
39. _____ Diana didn't know how to swim, she jumped into the swimming pool.
A. Although B. However C. Yet D. Because
40. He likes _____ films about aliens from outer space.
A. watch B. watching
C. watches D. to be watching
41. - How did you enjoy your dinner with Mr. Jackson?
- It was boring. He talked only about himself, _____ almost put us to sleep.
A. which B. that C. who D. that he
42. It's high time that he _____ to think what to do with the money.
A. would begin B. began
C. begin D. will begin
43. Cathy is trustworthy. She's a person upon _____ you can always depend.
A. who B. which C. whom D. that
44. I have read _____ books about UFOs.
A. some B. any C. a little D. none
45. This coat needs _____.
A. have dry-cleaned B. dry-cleaned
C. to dry-clean D. dry-cleaning
46. He left the room _____ saying goodbye to anyone.
A. no B. without C. however not D. although

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

The Power of Nature

The wind controls our planet's weather and climate, but how much do we understand about this complex force, which can kill and spread fear?

On the night of 15 October 1987, the south of England was struck by the (47) _____ winds it had known for over two hundred years. (48) _____ of over 130 km/h blew through the region. Nineteen people were killed, \$1.5 billion-worth of (49) _____ was caused and 19 million trees were (50) _____ in just a few hours.

Although people thought of this as a hurricane, the winds of 1987 were only (51) _____ storm force. They are far better known than the much more serious storms of 25 January 1990, when most of Britain was hit by daytime winds of up to 173 km/h. On this (52) _____, 47 people were killed, even though, unlike in 1987, the weather forecasters issued accurate (53) _____.

(54) _____ weather events such as these are dramatic reminders of the power of the wind. It is one part of the weather that people generally do not (55) _____ a second thought to, but across the world the wind (56) _____ a crucial role in people's lives.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 47. A. heaviest | B. fastest | C. strongest | D. quickest |
| 48. A. Blows | B. Hits | C. Clouds | D. Gusts |
| 49. A. hurt | B. injury | C. destruction | D. damage |
| 50. A. blown down | B. cut down | C. knocked down | D. blown up |
| 51. A. powerful | B. severe | C. serious | D. dangerous |
| 52. A. occasion | B. event | C. accident | D. incident |
| 53. A. threats | B. warnings | C. news | D. signs |
| 54. A. Extreme | B. Excessive | C. Extravagant | D. Exaggerated |
| 55. A. have | B. make | C. put | D. give |
| 56. A. has | B. makes | C. plays | D. does |

VI. Read this text about the problems of global warming. Four paragraphs have been removed from the text. Choose from the paragraphs A – D the one which best fits each space 57 – 60.

Even optimistic people cannot hide from the fact that the planet is warming up. One of the signs of this greenhouse effect is an increase in the number of natural disasters: hurricanes and tornadoes, snowstorms and extremely heavy rain, and, everywhere you go, record temperatures. The cost of such disasters, both economically and in terms of human lives, is already enormous.

(57) _____

Disagreements of this kind cannot be avoided. We simply do not understand enough about our climate to predict accurately what will happen next. But if countries cannot agree, we may be foolish enough to miss the opportunity to do something about it now. The gods of nature may not be happy to wait for us to make a decision.

(58) _____

Nowadays, we should all know what this means. We should all be aware of the benefits of recycling. Avoid wasting natural resources. If driving isn't totally necessary, don't take the car. It's the little things that matter. When you learn that six per cent of the pollution in Los Angeles is caused by cigarettes and barbecue smoke, you may decide to change your habit.

(59) _____

There may also be positive side effects to a lowering of temperatures. High temperatures change the way we behave. When the temperature rises, the FBI expect more cases of murder and other crimes than in cooler months. One boiling month in New York, the number of murders went up 75 per cent. It appears that the cooler we are, the calmer we are.

(60) _____

Whichever way we look at it, it is clear that we cannot sit back and do nothing. Even if the future of our planet is not at risk, it is important that we all play a part. We may not understand all of what is taking place, but we know enough.

- A. However, even if the politicians do not know which advice to follow, there is much that ordinary people can do. Although we cannot solve the problem, we can try to make sure that we do not make it worse. Simply, we must be greener.
- B. Equally important is reducing global warming by changing our environment. Where there are trees and water in a city the temperature may be 25°C lower than on rooftops or on roads on a hot day in broad sunlight.
- C. Some scientists predict the end of the world and say that humankind has done permanent damage to the ozone layer. Others claim that periods of global warming also took place in very ancient times and were the result of changes in the activity of sunspots.
- D. There are more accidents, too, when temperatures are high. People drink more, crash their cars more often, and drivers are more aggressive when they are hot. All in all, it would seem that there are very strong reasons for turning down the heat.

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. To my surprise, the bank was closed when I arrived.

- A. I expected the bank to close.
- B. I was surprised to find the bank closed when I arrived.
- C. The bank was closed, which was not surprising.
- D. The bank was closed but I was not very surprised.

62. Tom regrets lying to his mother.

- A. Tom never dares to lie to his mother.
- B. Tom lied to his mother, which was not good.
- C. Tom must have lied to his mother.
- D. Tom wishes he had told his mother the truth.

63. They received many letters of support following their appearance on television.

- A. Their supporters have written a lot of letters to them.
- B. They became famous after their appearance on television.
- C. They received many letters of support after they had appeared on television.
- D. They appeared on television to call for support.

64. The winner finished his speech by thanking his parents.

- A. The winner's speech is a special thank you to his parents.
- B. At the end of his speech, the winner thanked his parents.
- C. The winner had his parents to thank for his success.
- D. The winner made a speech to thank his parents for their support.

65. The team leader came up with the best solution.

- A. With the exception of the team leader, no one could think of any solution.
- B. The team leader was very good at solving the problem.
- C. The best solution was thought of by the team leader.
- D. Apart from the team leader, every one could solve the problem.

TEST 2

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>e</u> rupt | B. <u>e</u> xpect | C. <u>e</u> xtensive | D. <u>e</u> nemy |
| 2. A. <u>s</u> ensible | B. <u>d</u> estroy | C. <u>l</u> eather | D. regret <u>t</u> |
| 3. A. decr <u>e</u> ase | B. ch <u>e</u> at | C. m <u>e</u> adow | D. ple <u>a</u> d |
| 4. A. saus <u>a</u> ge | B. hes <u>i</u> tant | C. decr <u>e</u> ase | D. <u>s</u> ocket |
| 5. A. is <u>o</u> lation | B. explos <u>i</u> on | C. pers <u>u</u> asive | D. <u>s</u> olution |

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. funnel B. highland C. typhoon D. tidal
7. A. hurricane B. tornado C. tropical D. scientist
8. A. transform B. harvest C. shortage D. timber
9. A. precaution B. instruction C. parachute D. volcano
10. A. sunburnt B. patience C. famine D. cashier

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. The manager called in my new colleagues,
one or two of whom I meet already.
A B C D
12. Because they are so secretive, blind snakes are seldom seen,
and its habits are not well known.
A B C D
13. People today are least polite than they used to be.
A B C D
14. By the time I graduated from high school, I know that I
would try to make my own choices.
A B C D
15. X rays are too powerful that they can penetrate most solids
as easily as light passes through glass.
A B C D
16. Although the fact that he had revised hard for his exam, he
didn't pass.
A B C D
17. Since ancient times, some people wore amulets, objects that
are supposed to give the wearer magical powers.
A B C D

19. You'd better to tell me the reason why he didn't turn up.
A B C D

20. No cactus has flowers most beautiful or fragrant than those of the night-blooming cereus.

V. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Ms Linda, _____ teaches linguistics at the university recently received recognition for her research on the use of gestures in communication.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
22. The fans climbed over the fence to _____ paying.
A. avoid B. prevent C. abandon D. refuse
23. If you _____ a headache, you should take an aspirin.
A. will have B. had C. have D. are having
24. The earth, _____ is the fifth largest planet in the solar system, is the third planet from the sun.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
25. _____ of liquids through pipes.
A. The flow controlled by valves
B. For valves to control the flow
C. Valves control the flow
D. Controlled by valves, the flow
26. What's London like these days? I haven't been there _____.
A. late B. lately C. later D. latently
27. The award for the Most Valuable Player was won by a player _____ the coaches and the entire team respect.
A. whom B. which C. that D. A & C

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6. I gave the check to Oliver, _____ promptly cashed it and spent all the money before the day was out.
A. who B. whom C. which D. that
7. Make checks _____ to the company.
A. paid B. payable C. paying D. pay
8. Hunger and lack of sleep _____ bad-tempered.
A. cause B. make me
C. result in D. make that I am
9. Thirty people, two of _____ were members of the crew, were injured in the accident.
A. which B. who C. whom D. that
10. Jack turned the last corner and _____ for the finishing line.
A. approached B. arrived C. waited D. headed
1. This is a big decision to make. Think it _____ before you give me your final word tomorrow.
A. over B. upon C. carefully D. on
2. _____ the balloon burst, everyone was startled by the sudden noise.
A. While B. When C. During D. For

7. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each pace.

The Ruins of Pompeii

In AD 79, Mount Vesuvius erupted, sending out a huge cloud of dust and rock that darkened the sky. It came without warning, and the (43) _____ of the explosion was so great that it was felt from hundreds of miles away.

In the town of Pompeii, at the foot of the volcano, the inhabitants picked up whatever belongings they (44) _____ carry and (45) _____ the open countryside. In the terrible storm that followed, dust and rock from the volcano rained down

onto the town, filling the streets with deep layers of ash and poisonous gas, (46) _____ it impossible for the people to (47) _____. The town of Pompeii was completely (48) _____ by the rain of death, and (49) _____ lost to the world for centuries.

Excavation work did not begin (50) _____ 1748, when Rocco Alcubierre found some wall paintings while he was digging at the site. In the years that followed, archaeologists realized that they had (51) _____ one of the most astonishing ruins of all time. Almost everything in Pompeii had been (52) _____ preserved. Several houses still had their roofs, and inside the furniture and the decorations were (53) _____ as they had been centuries (54) _____. There were also the remains of over 2,000 people. Some of the (55) _____ had made the mistake of sheltering in their cellars, where they were killed by poisonous gases from the volcano. Others had been (56) _____ from escaping, and in the prison were men who had been chained to the wall and (57) _____ to die.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 43. A. energy | B. fuel | C. power | D. efficiency |
| 44. A. managed | B. succeeded | C. achieved | D. could |
| 45. A. made up | B. made out | C. made over | D. made for |
| 46. A. having | B. leaving | C. making | D. turning |
| 47. A. get down | B. get over | C. get away | D. get on |
| 48. A. damaged | B. hurt | C. collapsed | D. destroyed |
| 49. A. lay | B. lied | C. laid | D. lain |
| 50. A. by | B. until | C. for | D. since |
| 51. A. come up | B. come across | C. come over | D. come on |
| 52. A. exactly | B. perfectly | C. accurately | D. precisely |
| 53. A. same | B. alike | C. just | D. similar |
| 54. A. earlier | B. previous | C. former | D. preceding |
| 55. A. injured | B. victims | C. sufferers | D. deaths |
| 56. A. avoided | B. blocked | C. arrested | D. prevented |
| 57. A. deserted | B. abandoned | C. left | D. rejected |

I. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

Experts know that a disaster is coming but they do not know when it will happen. They do know that it could cause a lot of damage. They think it will be worse than a hurricane. The disaster they are worried about is an earthquake.

There is a break in the earth's crust. It is called the San Andreas Fault, which is in California. Many earthquakes happen along the San Andreas Fault. In 1989 there was a big earthquake on the fault called the 'Loma Prieta Earthquake.' Many people were hurt or died and many buildings were ruined. Lots of people lost their homes. Roads and bridges were also damaged.

Earthquake experts think that a large earthquake could happen in Southern California in the next few years since many small earthquakes have happened recently. The San Andreas Fault has many power lines stretched across it. There are water channels close to the earthquake fault. A large earthquake in Southern California would destroy energy and water supplies. Lots of people could be without power or water for weeks. Buildings that have not been built strong enough would be destroyed. Not all hospitals could be able to help people who were injured. Many people would be or be homeless.

People need to be prepared. They need to know what to do if an earthquake happens. Everyone in California should have a survival kit at home. The emergency kit would include food and water. There should be medication and first aid supplies in the kit. A good survival kit will also have a portable radio, flashlights and spare batteries. All of the supplies in the kit should last at least three days.

8. Where was the Loma Prieta Earthquake?

- A. Along the San Andreas Fault
- B. In southern California
- C. In San Francisco
- D. Along the Pacific coast

59. Why would a large earthquake in southern California interrupt electrical service?
- A. There will be too many people watching television.
 - B. Many power lines run along the San Andreas Fault.
 - C. Many people waste electricity.
 - D. California is overpopulated.
60. A survival kit should include food, water and medication along with:
- A. candy, soda, and the newspaper
 - B. a few games and puzzles
 - C. bandaids, a computer, and a television
 - D. a first aid kit, flashlight, radio and batteries
61. What do experts think about an earthquake in Southern California?
- A. Experts think it would be educational.
 - B. Experts do not think there will be much damage.
 - C. Experts think an earthquake will be worse than a hurricane
 - D. Experts do not know what to expect.
62. Which buildings would likely be destroyed in an earthquake?
- A. only the tallest buildings
 - B. only the really old buildings
 - C. those that have not been built strong enough
 - D. just the buildings that are located on the fault
63. Why do scientists think that another big earthquake will happen?
- A. They study the tides.
 - B. There have been many small earthquakes recently.
 - C. More people live in California now.
 - D. It says so in the manual.

34. What is a fault?

- A. a terrible event
- B. a break in the earth's crust
- C. an earthquake
- D. a type of survival kit

35. How would an earthquake destroy energy and water supplies?

- A. Everyone would use the supplies.
- B. They would all sink into the ground and disappear.
- C. They wouldn't work because of the faults.
- D. Power lines would fall and water channels would break.

LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

Modals: may, might

May or **might** is used to say that something is possible or that it is quite likely.

It may / might be a bomb. (Perhaps it is a bomb.)

I may / might go swimming tomorrow. (Perhaps I will go swimming.)

After **may / might** we can use a continuous form (be + an ing-form)

That man may / might be watching us.

Sarah may / might be working late tonight.

Conditional sentences: type 2

Conditional Sentence Type 2 is used for an imaginary situation, where the meaning is in the present.

If + Past Simple, would + verb

If I had more money, I would buy a Cadillac.

It can be used for a remote possibility in the future.

If I won a competition, I would go on a world cruise.

It can also be used for giving advice.

If I were you, I would stay at home. (**were** is usually preferred to **was** in this case)

TEST 1

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>c</u> apture | B. <u>c</u> onclusive | C. <u>c</u> elebrity | D. <u>c</u> oncern |
| 2. A. <u>h</u> ole | B. <u>s</u> cenario | C. <u>m</u> emo | D. <u>o</u> ffence |

3. A. precious B. anticipation C. appreciate D. excursion
4. A. hassle B. cereal C. transaction D. facility
5. A. planet B. tax C. status D. sadness

[I. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

3. A. conclusive B. alien C. condition D. imagine
7. A. meteor B. terrify C. evidence D. existence
8. A. confidence B. champion C. disruption D. motivate
9. A. throughout B. legend C. sunshine D. marble
10. A. direction B. position C. reception D. memorable

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.

11. If there will be a good breeze on Sunday , we'll
A B C
go hang-gliding.
D
12. The famous conductor recognized by many people.
A B C D
13. She had invited a hundred guests, none of which I knew.
A B C D
14. The poet Amy Lowell sometimes wrote literary criticism and
A B C
biographical.
D
15. There were several large holes in the road, three of those
A B
had to be repaired urgently.
C D
16. A balloon rises because of the hot air or gas inside the balloon
A B
is lighter than the air outside.
C D

17. They are removing the tree what fell on my house tomorrow
A B C D
18. Without a doubt, my most memorable teacher was Mr. Hill,
A B C
was my French professor.
D
19. They booked into the hotel which they had stayed
A B C
on their honeymoon.
D
20. Costume jewelry is made of plastic, wood, or inexpensive
A B
metal, and they may be set with semiprecious or imitation
C D
stones.

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. The crown was set with _____ jewels - diamonds, rubie
and emeralds.
A. worthless B. precious
C. informative D. mysterious
22. I could probably _____ out the answer if I had a pencil
some paper and a calculator.
A. think B. study
C. hand D. work
23. The painting was sold to an _____ American dealer. Hi
name was not given.
A. identity B. identification
C. identified D. unidentified
24. If energy _____ inexpensive and unlimited, many thing
in the world would be different.
A. is B. will be
C. were D. would be

25. Flights are subject _____ delay because of the fog.
A. for B. at
C. with D. to
26. If you _____ to my advice in the first place, you wouldn't be in this mess right now.
A. listen B. will listen
C. had listened D. listened
27. Oh, Linda, you've broken another glass. You ought _____.
A. be more careful B. more careful
C. have been more careful D. to have been more careful
28. If there were no oxygen on earth, life as we know it _____ exist.
A. doesn't B. won't
C. wouldn't D. can't
29. On the first day of our holiday we just _____ by the hotel pool.
A. enjoyed B. calmed
C. comforted D. relaxed
30. I _____ William with me if I had known you and he didn't get along with each other.
A. hadn't brought B. didn't bring
C. wouldn't have brought D. won't bring
31. I feel like _____ a trip somewhere.
A. to make B. making
C. to go for D. to go
32. _____ interested in that subject, I would try to learn more about it.
A. Were I B. Should I
C. I was D. If I am

33. Mary stopped swimming and just _____ on the surface.
A. sank B. floated
C. dived D. poured
34. People _____ be able to fly if they _____ feathers instead of hair.
A. are, have B. will, have
C. would, have D. would, had
35. Bricks baked in a kiln are much harder _____ that are dried in the sun.
A. those B. than do those
C. than those D. ones
36. If Alan _____ breakfast, he wouldn't overeat at lunch.
A. eats B. ate
C. will eat D. would eat
37. Look, I'm sorry to _____ in, but I think I can help you.
A. move B. plug
C. butt D. pop
38. It would have been a much more serious accident _____ fast at that time.
A. had she been driving B. was she driving
C. she had driven D. she drove
39. We could not do anything but _____ for him.
A. waited B. waiting
C. to wait D. wait
40. If I were you, _____ phone and tell her you're going to be late.
A. I'd B. I'll
C. I'd have D. I
41. Have you got some kind of _____ on you?
A. identify B. identifying
C. identified D. identification

42. Have you got a light? My cigarette's gone _____.
A. by B. away
C. off D. out
43. Janice slit the top of the envelope with a knife _____ ripping it open.
A. without B. never
C. instead of D. hardly
44. I lost _____ of my car and it slid the ice.
A. drive B. get
C. control D. manage
45. Mary spread butter all over her piece of toast _____ her knife.
A. on B. with
C. at D. under
46. Maria promised _____ us. I hope she meant what she said.
A. help B. to help
C. helped D. helping
47. Arthur blew out _____ the candles on his birthday cake.
A. most B. some
C. few D. all of
48. Why is my swimming costume too small? What are you _____?
A. seeing to B. getting at
C. making up D. putting out

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

I am sure you have (49) _____ of Marion Taylor, haven't you? Marion was the young girl kidnapped by aliens in 1993. Not only was she given a ride to a distant planet, but she also (50) _____ to take some of the photos of the aliens who had

taken her (51) _____, since she had been carrying a camera when they captured her. Whenever I hear stories like this I assume that they have been (52) _____. It is hard to believe Marion's story, (53) _____ to the fact that she was only ten years old at the time. Besides this, it (54) _____ that she spent most of her time watching science fiction videos. One cannot really believe that there are really little green aliens (55) _____ fly all the way to our planet so that they can kidnap people. (56) _____, Marion became famous and her photos were bought by a newspaper for a great deal of money.

49. A. listened B. imagined C. heard D. discussed
 50. A. demonstrated B. practiced C. avoided D. managed
 51. A. capture B. prisoner C. imprison D. live
 52. A. made up B. turned up C. taken up D. gone up
 53. A. in addition B. owning C. because D. so
 54. A. went out B. set out C. turned out D. looked out
 55. A. when B. what C. whose D. who
 56. A. Nevertheless B. Although C. Despite D. Therefore

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

A. River of flames

Each October during the full moon on the Mekong River near Nongkai in Thailand, mysterious lights float to the surface of the water, before going up into the sky like rockets. The Thai name for them is the Nekha Lights. The nekha is a large fish which lives in the local waters and is seen on the river surface at certain times of the year.

B. A fishing trip

In October 1973, two men were fishing on the Pascagoula River in Mississippi when they heard a strange sound behind them. Turning round, they saw a large spaceship with two flashing lights on top. Three creatures came out and floated towards them. They pulled the fishermen into the spaceship.

Inside, one of the men was taken into a room where a kind of scanner moved backwards and forwards over his body, flashing brightly.

Twenty minutes later, the men found themselves on the bank of the river. It took thirty years for the men to make anyone believe that they had told the truth about their experience.

C. Sweet dreams

Between April and September 1997, thirteen healthy villagers, in Camigliano, Italy, fell asleep for periods of between 15 and 36 hours. Doctors were unable to give scientific explanation of what had happened, and it was suggested at the time that the village had been visited by UFOs.

After a long investigation when evidence was found in their home, Mariano and Claudia Rocchi were arrested, and were charged with poisoning the villagers' food and drink. The couple had hoped to become rich by being employed to look after the victims.

D. Fast forward

On the night of 30 March 1990, both the Belgian police and NATO picked up a UFO on their radar screens. Two fighter jets were sent to investigate. The planes followed the object on their radar, but it moved away at incredible speed. After a 75 minute chase, the UFO disappeared completely.

The event was seen by many people. They all agreed that they had seen a triangle of colored lights on the bottom of a huge spaceship. The Belgian government admitted that it had no idea what it was. Research teams in Europe have still found no logical explanation for what happened, and many people are sure that it was an alien ship.

57. Which texts are about UFOs?

- A. River of flames & A fishing trip
- B. A fishing trip & Fast forward
- C. River of flames & Sweet dreams
- D. Sweet dreams & Fast forward

58. Which text does not describe a supernatural phenomenon?

- A. River of flames
- B. A fishing trip
- C. Sweet dreams
- D. Fast forward

59. Which text describes something that nobody believed at first?
- A. River of flames B. A fishing trip
C. Sweet dreams D. Fast forward
60. Which text is about a crime?
- A. River of flames B. A fishing trip
C. Sweet dreams D. Fast forward
61. Which texts refer to events that were investigated by the authorities?
- A. River of flames & A fishing trip
B. A fishing trip & Fast forward
C. River of flames & Sweet dreams
D. Sweet dreams & Fast forward

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

- 62. "Did you see that film on Saturday?" Susan asked me.**
- A. Susan invited me to go to the cinema with her.
B. Susan wanted to know if I had seen that film on Saturday.
C. Susan told me to see a film on Saturday.
D. Susan warned me not to see that film on Saturday.
- 63. Mike rarely goes swimming on Saturday morning.**
- A. If Mike is free on Saturday morning, he will go swimming.
B. It is unusual for Mike to go swimming on Saturday morning.
C. Mike feels like going swimming on Saturday morning.
D. Mike is used to going swimming on Saturday morning.
- 64. All the students enjoy themselves at this summer camp.**
- A. Every student has great fun at this summer camp.
B. All the students enjoy going camping in the summer.
C. This summer camp is a good experience for all the students.
D. Going camping in the summer is good fun.

5. "You took my car, didn't you?" said my brother.

- A. My brother offered to lend me his car.
B. My brother accused me of taking his car.
C. My brother warned me not to use his car.
D. My brother refused to lend me his car.

TEST 2

10. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- . A. meteor B. expert C. recent D. scenery
 . A. wire B. desire C. childhood D. irritate
 . A. resident B. representative C. position D. season
 . A. accurate B. accept C. accident D. success
 . A. chooses B. houses C. rises D. horses

1. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

9. A. despite B. exist C. capture D. conclude
10. A. meteor B. mineral C. evidence D. disappear
11. A. commercial B. multiply C. authentic D. invasion
12. A. handwriting B. replacement C. container D. nutrition
13. A. disease B. debate C. fulfill D. habit

II. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

1. In the tundra regions of North America, the change from
A B
 summer to winter occurs very sudden.
C D

12. Hardly he had entered the house when the police arrested him.
A B C D
13. It is about 125 years for the cedar tree to reach its full height.
A B C D
14. In a faculty meeting yesterday, it was argue that studying English should be optional.
A B C D
15. Compared to those of animals, the fossil record for plants is quite sketchy.
A B C D
16. Dogs have much kinds of sensory perceptions than people.
A B C D
17. The roads are not as good as they are when I was a child.
A B C D
18. Britain holidaymakers are deserting European destinations for faraway places such as the Caribbean.
A B C D
19. Never I have read such an interesting book before.
A B C D
20. Eric Clapton is one of the more successful rock stars of all time.
A B C D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. They're talking about strange _____ from outer space.
A. creatures B. creation
C. creative D. creates
22. There is convincing _____ of a link between exposure to sun and skin cancer.
A. evidence B. evidential
C. evident D. evidently

30. If you _____ water, it _____ into the atmosphere as vapor.
- A. will boil, disappear B. boil, would disappear
C. boil, will disappear D. will boil, will disappear
31. Players may not leave the area without permission _____ the game is being played.
- A. despite B. during
C. much as D. while
32. We _____ the game if we'd had a few more minutes.
- A. might have won B. won
C. had won D. will win
33. The gun went _____ as he was cleaning it but luckily he wasn't hurt.
- A. out B. by
C. off D. over
34. Do you have any trouble _____ that machine?
- A. operating B. to operate
C. operate D. being operate
35. If they _____ more aware of the trends, they could have avoided bankruptcy.
- A. were B. are
C. have been D. had been
36. Matthew Webb was the first person _____ across the English Channel.
- A. who swam B. to swim
C. swam D. A & B
37. Dr. Perez spent ten hours in the operating room _____ the delicate surgery.
- A. performed B. performs
C. having performed D. performing

38. Paul wanted to _____ a fire, but the logs were too big.
- A. catch B. make
C. do D. work
39. Tommy wanted to play a little _____ on his friend,
Marcia. He ran up to Marcia's front door, rang the doorbell,
and then fled quickly down the street. When Marcia answered
the door, no one was there.
- A. deception B. joke
C. humor D. laughter
40. I think I _____ my pen. I can't find it anywhere.
- A. lose B. will lose
C. have lost D. had lost

V. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

A 34-year-old librarian from Clifden in County Galway claims that she and a friend spotted a large serpent-like monster in lake Fadda in western Ireland on Wednesday afternoon as they were picnicking near the (41) _____ of the lake. Local police are (42) _____ the story, which follows a series of similar reports in (43) _____ years. Researchers at Trinity College, Dublin have also (44) _____ an interest in the reports. Georgia Cranberry, the wife of a local businessman, (45) _____ what she and her friend saw at about three o'clock last Wednesday as "a huge monster writhing in the water (46) _____ a snake, about 30 meters (47) _____". Her friend, Mary Reilly, a shop assistant in a department store in Galway, (48) _____ the story and added: "We were (49) _____. The creature was enormous and it swam with its mouth open. It was (50) _____ like those pictures of the Loch Ness Monster." More (51) _____ were not available as before they were (52) _____ to take a photograph of the monster it disappeared below the (53) _____ of the lake, which is nearly half a mile long. The description given to the police by the two women (54) _____ that of other eyewitnesses of incidents involving strange creatures in the lakes

of Connemara. Local people have been (55) _____ not to swim in the lake.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| 41. A. bay | B. beach | C. coast | D. shore |
| 42. A. inquiring | B. searching | C. investigating | D. exploring |
| 43. A. recent | B. last | C. final | D. these |
| 44. A. taken | B. found | C. seen | D. got |
| 45. A. said | B. told | C. claimed | D. described |
| 46. A. as | B. like | C. similar | D. such |
| 47. A. distance | B. distant | C. further | D. offshore |
| 48. A. believed | B. checked | C. repeated | D. confirmed |
| 49. A. terrible | B. terrified | C. terrorized | D. terrifying |
| 50. A. only | B. similar | C. just | D. lot |
| 51. A. events | B. information | C. news | D. details |
| 52. A. managed | B. allowed | C. able | D. possible |
| 53. A. top | B. waves | C. surface | D. depth |
| 54. A. suits | B. matches | C. goes | D. reminds |
| 55. A. denied | B. ordered | C. informed | D. warned |

VI. Read this magazine article about science fiction and scientific reality and choose the most suitable heading for each part of the article.

56. _____

If we go back in time, over a hundred years ago, the fantasies of science-fiction writers like Jules Verne were laughed at. Now we take their predictions a lot more seriously. Feature films and TV series not only entertain the public, they also inspire serious novelist.

- A. Accurate predictions
C. Changing attitudes

- B. But what of the future?
D. Failed projects

57. _____

The exploration of outer space or astronauts landing on the moon is already old history. Spaceships circle the earth and other missions have gone to Mars. Robots are no longer a new phenomenon and the arrival of replicants – genetically engineered humans – is almost with us. Whether these developments represent our best hope of a bright future or a terrifying nightmare is a matter of opinion. What they all have in common is the fact that they first appeared on the cinema screen.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. Accurate predictions | B. Changing attitudes |
| C. New developments | D. Think twice |

58. _____

Does all this mean that the planet will soon be under threat from an evil empire of deadly aliens or that robots will want to destroy their masters? Most scientists think not. But even if we haven't yet matched the dreams of some science fiction writers, progress is fast and we can expect to see an incredible number of exciting new things in the next 20 years.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| A. But what of the future? | B. Failed projects |
| C. Changing attitudes | D. Think twice |

59. _____

Remember the transporter machine in *Star Trek*? Scientists at Stanford University in California have succeeded in transporting a small object to the other side of the town. What they actually made was a three-dimensional copy, but it is still a great achievement. We often think that time travel, as in the film *Back to the Future*, is just a fantasy. However, this could be a reality in the not too distant future.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| A. Changing attitudes | B. Failed projects |
| C. New developments | D. But what of the future? |

60. _____

So when you're next at the cinema, watching *Star Wars Episode 9* or *Star Trek XV*, enjoy the latest battle between the evil dark knight and the farm boy hero. Enjoy the race against time to

save the crew of the stranded spaceship. But remember: life imitates art as much as art imitates life.

A. Accurate predictions

B. Changing attitudes

C. New developments

D. Think twice

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

61. I had trouble following the instructions.

A. The instructions were very difficult.

B. I had to follow the instructions though I didn't want to.

C. Following the instructions is not a problem.

D. I found it difficult to follow the instructions.

62. All of the paintings are so beautiful that I don't know which one to buy.

A. I don't know that those paintings are so beautiful.

B. I am amazed at those beautiful paintings.

C. I can't decide which painting to buy because they are all beautiful.

D. These paintings are more beautiful than those one.

63. Had you bought me a ticket, I could have seen the play too.

A. Could you buy me a ticket for the play?

B. Buy me a ticket so that I can see the play too.

C. If you had bought me the ticket, I could have seen the play too.

D. You were so mean with money that you didn't buy me a ticket.

64. Intelligent though she is, I don't think she'll win the competition.

A. Although she is intelligent, I don't think she'll win the competition.

- B. She'll win the competition because of her intelligence.
- C. She is so intelligent that she'll win the competition.
- D. Such was her intelligence that she'll win the competition.

65. Hardly had the date been chosen than invitations were sent out.

- A. Hardly any invitations were sent out.
- B. They found it hard to choose a day to send out the invitations.
- C. Invitations were sent out as soon as the date was chosen.
- D. They chose the date after the invitations had been sent out.

PROGRESS TEST

I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

1. A. vegetation B. single C. biography D. bungalow
2. A. nervousu B. casualty C. pessimistic D. satellite
3. A. pass B. bass C. calm D. raft
4. A. charming B. touching C. chalk D. chemist
5. A. councilor B. drowned C. toaster D. trout

II. Pick out the word whose main stress is placed differently from the others.

6. A. currency B. deposit C. delightful D. romantic
7. A. deputy B. policy C. tropical D. exhibit
8. A. delicatessen B. enthusiastic C. congratulation D. cosmopolitan
9. A. castle B. clinic C. arrest D. argue
10. A. scenery B. soprano C. ancestor D. confident

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.

11. We became good friends almost^A immediately. After talk^B to each other for only a short time^C, we felt as if^D we had known each other all of our lives.
12. Helen wishes Judy will wash^A her dirty clothes, pick up her clothes^B and other stuff^C, and make^D her bed.
13. If Ivan hadn't already^A borrowed Dan's saw^B and never returned it, Ivan wouldn't have been^C embarrassed now to borrow^D Dan's axe.

14. When I met Mr. Lee for the first time, we played ping pong at the student center. Even though we couldn't communicate very well, but we had a good time.

A

B

C

D

15. During the parade, Tom lifted his daughter to his shoulder that she could see the dancers in the street.

A

B

C

D

16. Recognize her face but having forgotten her name, I just smiled and said "Hi."

A

B

C

D

17. I would like to write about several problems I have faced them since I came to Australia.

A

B

C

D

18. Antarctica is covered by a huge ice cap that containing 70 percent of the earth's fresh water.

A

B

C

D

19. Anna has promised herself to be on time to work every day, that is a good idea.

A

B

C

D

20. There is a lot of equipment in the research laboratory, but undergraduates are not allow to use it.

A

B

C

D

IV. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.

21. Alice told me she _____ the film.

A. saw already

B. have just seen

C. already seen

D. had seen

22. Before he got married, Danny always went out on Saturday nights. He never _____ stay in.

A. would

B. use to

C. used to

D. is used to

23. The guard told the prisoner _____.
 A. not to smoke B. not smoking
 C. no smoking D. to not smoke
24. If you _____ mentioned it, nobody would ever have known.
 A. wouldn't have B. hadn't
 C. didn't D. shouldn't
25. I remember Alison as a spotty young girl but she's turned _____ a beautiful woman.
 A. to B. in
 C. into D. on
26. Goats, _____ were first tamed more than 9,000 years ago in Asia, have provided people with milk, meat, and wool since prehistoric times.
 A. which B. that
 C. what D. where
27. If the weather _____ good, we'll have a picnic beside the river.
 A. will be B. is
 C. were D. would be
28. I _____ reading this book by next weekend.
 A. will have finished B. will be finishing
 C. have finished D. finish
29. _____ you arrived on time, you would have understood the lecture.
 A. If B. Had
 C. Unless D. As long as
30. If you like skiing, there's a ski _____ under an hour's drive from Madrid.
 A. station B. resort
 C. place D. port

31. Deirdre and Paul have just bought a small house _____ of the town.
- A. in the district B. in the edge
C. in the suburb D. on the outskirts
32. I enjoy my job as a baker but it's taken me over five years to _____ to working at nights.
- A. be use B. get used
C. used D. getting used
33. Harrods, in London, is probably one of the best-known _____ in the world.
- A. departmental stores B. department stores
C. department shops D. departmental shops
34. Stephen always wanted to be an actor when he _____ up.
- A. grew B. brought C. settled D. came
35. _____ to take you fishing when you were younger?
- A. Use your father B. Did your father use
C. Would your father D. Did your father used
36. The new motorway _____ and built last year.
- A. planned B. was planned
C. was planning D. had planned
37. Julio asked what time the post office _____.
- A. closing B. to close C. close D. closed
38. Unless you _____ harder, you won't succeed.
- A. will try B. try
C. are trying D. have tried
39. This broken cup cannot _____.
- A. repair B. to be repaired
C. be repaired D. repairing

49. Most days we went for a walk _____ after lunch.

A. along the sea

B. in the beach

C. in the sand

D. along the shore

50. I think you need to have _____.

A. your television repaired

B. repair your television

C. television repaired

D. repair your television

✓. Read the text and choose the answer that best fits each space.

Are you the person you'd like to be?

Have you ever regretted doing something you shouldn't have done or something you didn't do which you should have? At one (51) _____ or another we probably all have. There's no (52) _____ in getting depressed about it now – it's no (53) _____ crying over spilt milk. However, there may be some (54) _____ in thinking about exactly what happened and why because we might be able to (55) _____ some conclusions for the future.

One thing we all do now and again is to lose our (56) _____ with a friend or close (57) _____. The odd thing is that we more often display great anger (58) _____ someone we're (59) _____ of than towards strangers. The explanation may be that we see friends and relatives as a kind of safety net, an opportunity to let off a bit of steam in a safe (60) _____, whereas the (61) _____ of insulting a stranger or a (62) _____ at work could be far more serious.

Being honest is usually (63) _____ of as a virtue and undoubtedly this is the (64) _____. On the other hand, we have all experienced occasions when we have spoken our minds to someone, (65) _____ them exactly what we feel, and then have found ourselves (66) _____ with feelings of guilt and remorse. Perhaps we should have kept our mouths shut?

51. A. occasion

B. hour

C. time

D. day

52. A. reason

B. purpose

C. point

D. advantage

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 53. A. use | B. point | C. value | D. benefit |
| 54. A. gain | B. profit | C. goodness | D. worth |
| 55. A. draw | B. make | C. do | D. take |
| 56. A. temper | B. mind | C. anger | D. head |
| 57. A. relationship | B. member | C. familiar | D. relative |
| 58. A. at | B. with | C. towards | D. about |
| 59. A. keen | B. fond | C. friendly | D. familiar |
| 60. A. circle | B. area | C. surroundings | D. environment |
| 61. A. effect | B. consequences | C. conclusion | D. punishment |
| 62. A. staff | B. mate | C. professional | D. colleague |
| 63. A. thought | B. considered | C. regarded | D. believed |
| 64. A. true | B. case | C. event | D. fact |
| 65. A. telling | B. saying | C. speaking | D. describing |
| 66. A. full | B. heavy | C. sad | D. overcome |

VI. Read the text and choose the best answer to each question.

When I was 21, I came to live in London. I shared a damp basement flat with a beautiful ex-art student from Brighton. Her name was Sam. She had long brown hair and a slim figure that I was madly jealous of. She ate three chocolate bars for breakfast every morning.

I used to live in bed looking at her eating and getting dressed, wondering how she could possibly consume so much sugar without losing her teeth, her figure or her complexion. She'd put on her make-up in under a minute, throw on whatever clothes happened to be lying around the room, and rush off to work looking like a model on the cover of a fashion magazine. Like me, she was just an art teacher in a secondary school.

I, on the other hand, used to put on weight if I even smiled at a bar of chocolate. I'd already lost several upper teeth, my face was spotty and I looked like a heavy-weight boxer whatever I wore.

My morning reaction to Sam was always the same. I'd shut my eyes, pull the blankets over my head and force myself back to sleep. I knew that I really ought to get up too, and make use of the early start to have a shower, iron my blouse, polish my shoes, paint my nails and eat something for breakfast.

But I have never been what you'd call a morning person. The teaching job I was doing at the time was the only period of my life, thank goodness, that I've had to be anywhere by 8.30 a.m. Anyway, I needed a few extra comforting dreams after the shock of seeing Sam looking so beautiful.

Going back to sleep to shut everything out, and using my bed as a favorite means of retreat, became an addiction - my worst habit.

Of course, I overslept and was late for work every single day of the week. Eventually I was told if things didn't improve I might be *given the sack*. So I gave up my job and got married instead. I blame it all on Sam and her beauty.

67. The writer of the passage wished _____.

- A. she had Sam's job
- B. she was called Sam
- C. she looked like Sam
- D. she was an art student

68. In the mornings Sam used to _____.

- A. take a long time to put on her make-up
- B. get ready for work very quickly
- C. choose her clothes very carefully
- D. lie around before going to work

69. The writer went back to sleep in the mornings because _____.

- A. she couldn't face the day ahead.
- B. she was always tired.
- C. she didn't have a job.
- D. she had no reason to get up.

70. The writer got to work late because _____.

- A. she always had a big breakfast

- B. she spent a long time getting ready
- C. she wasn't keen on her job
- D. she didn't get up in time

71. Eventually the writer left her job because _____.

- A. she didn't want to do it any more
- B. her employer dismissed her
- C. she couldn't get to work on time
- D. she had got married

VII. Choose the correct sentence which is closest in meaning to the one in bold.

72. When I was in the department store, someone took me for a shop assistant.

- A. I met a shop assistant in the department store.
- B. When I was in the department store, someone took me to the shop assistant.
- C. I worked as a shop assistant in the department store.
- D. When I was in the department store, someone thought I was a shop assistant.

73. I wonder how she learnt to speak English so well.

- A. She spoke English so well, which was wonderful.
- B. I would like to know how she learnt to speak English so well.
- C. I hope she will show me how to learn to speak English.
- D. I was interested in the way she spoke English.

74. In my opinion, there is no chance of our team losing.

- A. I am totally convinced that our team will win.
- B. Is there any chance of winning the match?
- C. If our team lose, I will be very disappointed.
- D. I have a good opinion of our team.

75. We wouldn't have known what happened without your having written that letter.

- A. We would like to thank you for having written that letter.
- B. We didn't know what had happened because you didn't write to us.
- C. Unless you write to us, we won't know what has happened.
- D. It's a good thing you wrote that letter or we wouldn't have known what had happened.

76. That old power station is going to be pulled down.

- A. That old power station is going to be closed for refurbishment.
- B. They're going to work for that old power station.
- C. They're going to demolish that old power station.
- D. That old power station is in bad condition.

77. My watch was so badly damaged that there was no point in keeping it.

- A. My watch was so badly damaged that it wasn't worth keeping.
- B. What is the point of keeping this watch?
- C. I don't want to keep my watch any more.
- D. I didn't like my watch because it was badly damaged.

78. He must have been exhausted after his long journey.

- A. Did he feel tired after his long journey?
- B. He found it tiring to go on a long journey.
- C. I expect he was exhausted after his long journey.
- D. He had a terrifying journey.

79. It was unfair that the gymnast was given such low marks.

- A. The gymnast didn't deserve to be given such low marks.
- B. The gymnast would have been given high marks if he had played fair.

C. The gymnast must have received low marks.

D. The gymnast should have been fairer.

80. "If you wanted to take my car, you should have asked me first," said Tom to his son.

A. Tom told his son to ask him if he wanted to take his car.

B. Tom wondered why his son had taken his car without asking him.

C. Tom criticized his son for having taken his car without asking him first.

D. Tom asked his son if he wanted to take his car.

ANSWER KEY

UNIT 1

A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL

TEST1

1. B	2. D	3. B	4. B	5. A	6. D	7. C	8. A	9. B	10. C
11. B	12. C	13. C	14. C	15. B	16. C	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. D
21. B	22. D	23. A	24. C	25. B	26. A	27. B	28. D	29. D	30. D
31. D	32. B	33. C	34. D	35. A	36. D	37. C	38. B	39. D	40. B
41. D	42. D	43. B	44. C	45. A	46. C	47. A	48. C	49. C	50. A
51. D	52. D	53. B	54. C	55. C	56. B	57. A	58. D	59. B	60. C
61. D	62. B	63. A	64. D	65. C					

TEST 2

1. A	2. D	3. B	4. C	5. C	6. A	7. A	8. C	9. D	10. D
11. A	12. B	13. A	14. B	15. A	16. A	17. C	18. D	19. B	20. C
21. B	22. A	23. C	24. D	25. A	26. B	27. C	28. A	29. B	30. D
31. B	32. C	33. A	34. B	35. A	36. A	37. D	38. A	39. B	40. C
41. B	42. A	43. C	44. B	45. B	46. D	47. A	48. C	49. A	50. D
51. D	52. B	53. B	54. A	55. B	56. B	57. C	58. C	59. C	60. B
61. A	62. D	63. B	64. C	65. C					

UNIT 2

CLOTHING

TEST1

1. D	2. B	3. A	4. B	5. D	6. B	7. C	8. A	9. D	10. C
11. C	12. C	13. D	14. D	15. C	16. D	17. B	18. C	19. A	20. B
21. C	22. D	23. C	24. B	25. C	26. A	27. D	28. B	29. C	30. C
31. A	32. D	33. A	34. C	35. B	36. C	37. D	38. A	39. A	40. B
41. C	42. B	43. B	44. A	45. D	46. C	47. D	48. B	49. A	50. B
51. D	52. C	53. A	54. D	55. C	56. A	57. C	58. D	59. C	60. B
61. A	62. B	63. C	64. D	65. D					

TEST 2

1. B	2. C	3. D	4. A	5. C	6. C	7. D	8. D	9. C	10. A
11. D	12. B	13. D	14. C	15. B	16. C	17. B	18. C	19. C	20. D
21. A	22. C	23. A	24. B	25. A	26. C	27. B	28. A	29. C	30. C
31. D	32. D	33. D	34. B	35. B	36. D	37. D	38. C	39. C	40. B
41. C	42. A	43. C	44. D	45. B	46. D	47. A	48. B	49. A	50. D
51. C	52. C	53. A	54. B	55. C	56. D	57. D	58. A	59. C	60. B
61. D	62. C	63. C	64. A	65. C					

UNIT 3

A TRIP TO THE COUNTYSIDE

TEST 1

1. C	2. D	3. B	4. B	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. A	9. B	10. C
11. B	12. B	13. D	14. A	15. D	16. A	17. C	18. D	19. C	20. B
21. C	22. C	23. D	24. D	25. A	26. C	27. D	28. A	29. C	30. B
31. A	32. C	33. A	34. A	35. B	36. B	37. A	38. C	39. C	40. A
41. C	42. B	43. A	44. A	45. B	46. A	47. B	48. C	49. D	50. C
51. A	52. C	53. D	54. D	55. B	56. A	57. C	58. B	59. A	60. D
61. D	62. D	63. A	64. A	65. C					

TEST 2

1. C	2. D	3. A	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. A	9. B	10. D
11. B	12. C	13. C	14. C	15. D	16. A	17. A	18. C	19. C	20. A
21. B	22. C	23. A	24. B	25. C	26. D	27. B	28. A	29. B	30. D
31. D	32. B	33. A	34. D	35. B	36. C	37. A	38. B	39. D	40. A
41. B	42. A	43. A	44. D	45. D	46. B	47. D	48. C	49. A	50. C
51. D	52. A	53. B	54. B	55. C	56. D	57. A	58. C	59. D	60. A
61. A	62. C	63. D	64. B	65. C					

UNIT 4

LEARNING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

TEST1

1. A	2. D	3. C	4. A	5. C	6. D	7. B	8. C	9. A	10. B
11. A	12. C	13. B	14. D	15. D	16. A	17. C	18. B	19. D	20. D
21. A	22. D	23. A	24. B	25. C	26. C	27. C	28. B	29. A	30. A
31. B	32. A	33. A	34. A	35. D	36. C	37. C	38. C	39. B	40. B
41. B	42. B	43. D	44. B	45. A	46. C	47. C	48. B	49. C	50. A
51. D	52. A	53. C	54. D	55. A	56. A	57. B	58. A	59. A	60. B
61. A	62. B	63. B	64. C	65. B					

TEST 2

1. B	2. A	3. D	4. D	5. D	6. B	7. C	8. C	9. B	10. A
11. C	12. A	13. B	14. B	15. C	16. C	17. C	18. A	19. A	20. C
21. B	22. B	23. C	24. A	25. D	26. D	27. A	28. B	29. C	30. C
31. B	32. A	33. B	34. A	35. C	36. C	37. C	38. D	39. D	40. C
41. B	42. C	43. C	44. A	45. B	46. D	47. A	48. C	49. A	50. C
51. A	52. D	53. B	54. A	55. A	56. C	57. A	58. C	59. B	60. D
61. A	62. A	63. B	64. C	65. A					

UNIT 5

THE MEDIA

TEST1

1. B	2. C	3. D	4. A	5. D	6. C	7. A	8. D	9. D	10. C
11. C	12. D	13. B	14. A	15. B	16. D	17. D	18. D	19. B	20. A
21. C	22. A	23. D	24. A	25. C	26. A	27. D	28. B	29. A	30. A
31. D	32. C	33. A	34. C	35. C	36. B	37. C	38. B	39. B	40. B
41. C	42. B	43. A	44. D	45. A	46. A	47. D	48. A	49. C	50. D
51. D	52. B	53. A	54. D	55. D	56. C	57. C	58. D	59. A	60. C
61. B	62. C	63. B	64. C	65. D					

TEST 2

1. B	2. C	3. D	4. B	5. D	6. D	7. B	8. C	9. D	10. A
11. D	12. D	13. B	14. D	15. D	16. C	17. C	18. B	19. A	20. A
21. A	22. A	23. D	24. B	25. B	26. D	27. A	28. B	29. B	30. A
31. B	32. B	33. A	34. C	35. C	36. A	37. B	38. B	39. B	40. C
41. D	42. A	43. C	44. D	45. D	46. C	47. A	48. B	49. A	50. C
51. B	52. C	53. D	54. B	55. D	56. A	57. B	58. D	59. B	60. E
61. A	62. C	63. D	64. B	65. C					

UNIT 6

THE ENVIRONMENT

TEST 1

1. D	2. B	3. B	4. A	5. A	6. C	7. A	8. D	9. B	10. A
11. B	12. A	13. A	14. A	15. D	16. B	17. B	18. C	19. D	20. E
21. B	22. C	23. C	24. D	25. B	26. B	27. B	28. A	29. A	30. E
31. B	32. A	33. A	34. C	35. A	36. A	37. C	38. C	39. A	40. A
41. C	42. B	43. A	44. C	45. D	46. C	47. A	48. B	49. B	50. C
51. D	52. B	53. A	54. D	55. B	56. D	57. C	58. B	59. C	60. E
61. B	62. C	63. C	64. D	65. B					

TEST 2

1. B	2. B	3. D	4. C	5. C	6. A	7. A	8. D	9. B	10. C
11. A	12. D	13. A	14. B	15. D	16. B	17. A	18. D	19. B	20. A
21. D	22. C	23. B	24. D	25. C	26. A	27. B	28. D	29. A	30. C
31. C	32. C	33. A	34. A	35. D	36. C	37. B	38. A	39. A	40. B
41. B	42. D	43. C	44. A	45. B	46. B	47. A	48. B	49. D	50. B
51. D	52. A	53. C	54. A	55. A	56. C	57. A	58. D	59. B	60. D
61. D	62. A	63. C	64. B	65. B					

UNIT 7

SAVING ENERGY

TEST1

1. A	2. C	3. B	4. D	5. C	6. C	7. A	8. C	9. D	10. B
11. C	12. A	13. D	14. A	15. C	16. A	17. D	18. D	19. A	20. D
21. B	22. B	23. D	24. B	25. D	26. A	27. B	28. A	29. A	30. D
31. C	32. D	33. D	34. B	35. A	36. B	37. B	38. D	39. D	40. C
41. B	42. A	43. C	44. A	45. B	46. D	47. A	48. C	49. D	50. C
51. B	52. D	53. A	54. C	55. D	56. B	57. C	58. D	59. D	60. B
61. D	62. A	63. D	64. C	65. A					

TEST 2

1. B	2. D	3. B	4. A	5. D	6. C	7. D	8. B	9. A	10. D
11. B	12. A	13. A	14. C	15. A	16. A	17. A	18. A	19. B	20. C
21. C	22. D	23. B	24. A	25. B	26. D	27. C	28. A	29. C	30. D
31. D	32. D	33. B	34. C	35. A	36. A	37. D	38. C	39. D	40. B
41. C	42. A	43. D	44. C	45. B	46. A	47. B	48. B	49. A	50. B
51. C	52. D	53. C	54. A	55. C	56. B	57. D	58. C	59. A	60. B
61. C	62. B	63. A	64. C	65. B					

UNIT 8

CELEBRATIONS

TEST1

1. D	2. B	3. A	4. B	5. A	6. A	7. D	8. B	9. C	10. A
11. B	12. C	13. B	14. B	15. A	16. B	17. B	18. D	19. C	20. D
21. B	22. A	23. A	24. A	25. C	26. D	27. B	28. D	29. A	30. B
31. D	32. D	33. C	34. C	35. A	36. C	37. A	38. D	39. A	40. C
41. B	42. A	43. D	44. C	45. C	46. D	47. C	48. A	49. B	50. C
51. B	52. D	53. A	54. D	55. B	56. A	57. B	58. D	59. A	60. C
61. C	62. A	63. B	64. A	65. B					

TEST 2

1. D	2. C	3. A	4. D	5. C	6. B	7. C	8. D	9. B	10. C
11. C	12. A	13. A	14. D	15. B	16. C	17. D	18. B	19. D	20. B
21. B	22. D	23. C	24. C	25. D	26. C	27. B	28. C	29. A	30. D
31. C	32. B	33. A	34. A	35. B	36. D	37. C	38. B	39. A	40. A
41. D	42. B	43. A	44. B	45. B	46. B	47. D	48. C	49. A	50. C
51. B	52. B	53. A	54. D	55. C	56. D	57. C	58. C	59. A	60. D
61. B	62. D	63. C	64. C	65. D					

UNIT 9

NATURAL DISASTERS

TEST 1

1. C	2. B	3. C	4. A	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. A	9. B	10. D
11. C	12. D	13. B	14. A	15. B	16. B	17. B	18. B	19. B	20. A
21. C	22. B	23. B	24. D	25. A	26. D	27. C	28. D	29. B	30. B
31. C	32. D	33. D	34. C	35. D	36. C	37. A	38. D	39. A	40. B
41. A	42. B	43. C	44. A	45. D	46. B	47. C	48. D	49. D	50. A
51. B	52. A	53. B	54. A	55. D	56. C	57. C	58. A	59. B	60. D
61. B	62. D	63. C	64. B	65. C					

TEST 2

1. D	2. B	3. C	4. B	5. B	6. C	7. B	8. A	9. C	10. D
11. D	12. C	13. B	14. C	15. A	16. A	17. B	18. B	19. A	20. B
21. A	22. A	23. C	24. C	25. C	26. B	27. D	28. A	29. A	30. C
31. D	32. D	33. C	34. B	35. A	36. A	37. B	38. B	39. C	40. D
41. A	42. B	43. C	44. D	45. D	46. C	47. C	48. D	49. A	50. B
51. B	52. B	53. C	54. A	55. B	56. D	57. C	58. A	59. B	60. D
61. C	62. C	63. B	64. B	65. D					

UNIT 10

LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

TEST 1

1. C	2. D	3. B	4. C	5. C	6. B	7. D	8. C	9. A	10. D
11. A	12. C	13. C	14. D	15. B	16. A	17. B	18. D	19. B	20. C
21. B	22. D	23. C	24. C	25. D	26. C	27. D	28. C	29. D	30. C
31. B	32. A	33. B	34. D	35. C	36. B	37. C	38. A	39. D	40. A
41. D	42. D	43. A	44. C	45. B	46. B	47. D	48. B	49. C	50. D
51. B	52. A	53. B	54. C	55. D	56. A	57. B	58. C	59. B	60. C
61. D	62. B	63. B	64. A	65. B					

TEST 2

1. B	2. D	3. D	4. A	5. D	6. C	7. D	8. B	9. A	10. D
11. D	12. A	13. A	14. C	15. B	16. B	17. C	18. A	19. A	20. B
21. A	22. A	23. C	24. D	25. B	26. A	27. A	28. B	29. B	30. C
31. D	32. A	33. C	34. A	35. D	36. D	37. D	38. B	39. B	40. C
41. D	42. C	43. A	44. A	45. D	46. B	47. D	48. D	49. B	50. C
51. D	52. C	53. C	54. B	55. D	56. C	57. A	58. A	59. C	60. D
61. D	62. C	63. C	64. A	65. C					

PROGRESS TEST

1. A	2. B	3. B	4. D	5. C	6. A	7. D	8. D	9. C	10. B
11. B	12. A	13. C	14. D	15. B	16. A	17. C	18. C	19. D	20. D
21. D	22. C	23. A	24. B	25. C	26. A	27. B	28. A	29. B	30. B
31. D	32. B	33. B	34. A	35. B	36. B	37. D	38. B	39. C	40. A
41. D	42. A	43. C	44. B	45. D	46. C	47. B	48. C	49. D	50. A
51. C	52. C	53. A	54. A	55. A	56. A	57. D	58. C	59. B	60. D
61. B	62. D	63. A	64. B	65. A	66. D	67. C	68. B	69. A	70. D
71. A	72. D	73. B	74. A	75. D	76. C	77. A	78. C	79. A	80. C

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