

THE SECOND TERM REVISION - GRADE 10 (2022-2023)

I. Vocabulary and Pronunciation: From Unit 6 to Unit 10.

- GENDER EQUALITY
- VIETNAM AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS
- NEW WAYS TO LEARN
- PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT
- ECOTOURISM

II. Language focus and grammar:

- The Passive voice with Modals
- Comparatives and superlatives
- Relative clauses: defining vs. non-defining relative clauses
- Reported speech
- Conditional sentence type 1 and type 2

PRACTICE EXERCISES

PRONUNCIATION

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. env <u>ir</u> onment | B. fertil <u>iz</u> er | C. edit <u>or</u> | D. sci <u>en</u> tist |
| 2. A. dispos <u>a</u> l | B. inorg <u>a</u> nic | C. chemi <u>c</u> al | D. natu <u>r</u> al |
| 3. A. redu <u>u</u> ction | B. poll <u>u</u> tion | C. solu <u>u</u> tion | D. conclu <u>u</u> sion |
| 4. A. consu <u>m</u> e | B. rin <u>s</u> e | C. resour <u>c</u> e | D. organ <u>i</u> se |
| 5. A. d <u>i</u> verse | B. r <u>i</u> tual | C. br <u>i</u> desmaid | D. decis <u>i</u> ve |
| 6. A. c <u>e</u> remony | B. prosper <u>e</u> ous | C. pr <u>e</u> stige | D. pr <u>e</u> sent (n) |
| 7. A. prop <u>o</u> se | B. appr <u>o</u> val | C. gr <u>o</u> om | D. s <u>u</u> perstition |
| 8. A. orig <u>i</u> nate | B. prestig <u>i</u> ous | C. eng <u>a</u> gement | D. relig <u>i</u> ous |
| 9. A. pr <u>e</u> serva <u>t</u> ion | B. <u>e</u> nrol | C. pr <u>e</u> ference | D. s <u>e</u> condary |
| 10. A. <u>s</u> ue | B. <u>s</u> pend | C. <u>s</u> ure | D. Purs <u>u</u> e |
| 11. A. edu <u>c</u> ated | B. <u>d</u> entist | C. tra <u>d</u> e | D. hard <u>w</u> are |
| 12. A. com <u>m</u> it | B. pr <u>o</u> mot <u>e</u> | C. econo <u>m</u> ic | D. po <u>v</u> erty |
| 13. A. regio <u>n</u> al | B. g <u>e</u> nder | C. surge <u>n</u> | D. singu <u>l</u> ar |
| 14. A. tra <u>d</u> e | B. qua <u>l</u> ity | C. pa <u>t</u> ient | D. dan <u>g</u> er |
| 15. A. <u>e</u> ssential | B. <u>e</u> xpert | C. <u>e</u> xperience | D. <u>e</u> conomic |
| 16. A. tech <u>n</u> ical | B. <u>c</u> hemistry | C. <u>c</u> harity | D. <u>c</u> haos |

Choose the word whose stress is placed differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 17. A. fertilizer | B. ecosystem | C. agriculture | D. environment |
| 18. A. machinery | B. independent | C. preservation | D. conservation |
| 19. A. psychological | B. occupation | C. biological | D. deforestation |
| 20. A. atmosphere | B. influence | C. contaminate | D. instrument |
| 21. A. deplete | B. preserve | C. sewage | D. pollute |
| 22. A. reasonable | B. appropriate | C. enjoyable | D. accessible |
| 23. A. identify | B. disadvantage | C. technology | D. eliminate |
| 24. A. introduce | B. understand | C. consider | D. entertain |
| 25. A. limit | B. demand | C. research | D. distract |
| 26. A. culture | B. diverse | C. fortune | D. Altar |
| 27. A. economic | B. independent | C. possibility | D. environmental |
| 28. A. essential | B. poverty | C. quality | D. regional |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 29.A. technical | B. vaccinate | C. parachute | D. investor |
| 30.A. commit | B. enter | C. expert | D. welcome |
| 31.A. economic | B. economy | C. competitive | D. experiment |
| 32.A. invest | B. product | C. respect | D. promote |
| 33.A. organisation | B. environmental | C. international | D. communication |
| 34.A. vaccination | B. competitive | C. economy | D. equality |
| 35.A. traditional | B. communicate | C. economic | D. intelligence |

VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Vocabulary: Choose the best answer among A, B, C or D that best completes each sentence.

- Since the appearance of electronic devices, lessons have become more and more _____ and effective.
A. enjoyable B. disruptive C. accessible D. inappropriate
- The phrase “_____ natives” refers to people who are familiar with computers and the Internet from an early age.
A. device B. portable C. electronic D. digital
- Burning garbage _____ dangerous gases to the environment, and this may lead to global warming.
A. throws B. sends C. emits D. rejects
- Intensive pesticide and fertilizer sprays used in agriculture have resulted in the serious _____ of water, soil and land.
A. protection B. pollution C. deforestation D. consumption
- _____ is a term that refers to the existence of different kinds of animals and plants which make a balanced environment.
A. Wildlife B. Biodiversity C. Challenge D. Investigation
- The _____ rate of students in high schools is said to increase sharply this year.
A. equality B. gender C. discrimination D. enrolment
- Digital lessons are available in a variety of webpages and they can be freely _____ and stored in your computers.
A. uploaded B. downloaded C. printed D. distracted
- Personal electronic devices which _____ students from their class work are banned in most schools.
A. benefit B. protect C. distract D. submit
- Thanks to the Internet, students can look _____ new words in online dictionaries.
A. in B. on C. at D. up
- Son Doong Cave is the largest cave in the world _____ in Phong Nha - Ke Bang National Park.
A. that discovered B. which was discovered C. discovered D. was discovered
- Many students _____ this college volunteer at the Heritage Museum.
A. attended B. to attend C. who attend D. have attended
- These glasses are so dirty. You need _____ them.
A. wash B. washing C. to wash D. washed
- Certain _____ in the atmosphere, such as carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide block heat from escaping.
A. gases B. layers C. effects D. viruses
- A: Have you bought chicken? – B: Oh, no! I forgot to buy it. I _____ to buy some tomorrow.
A. am going to remember B. will remember C. am remembering D. will have remembered
- Reading is an excellent way to increase your vocabulary. _____, it can help you improve your grammar.
A. However B. In addition C. Although D. Even though
- We must solve the problem of air pollution immediately for the _____ of the people living in this place.
A. role B. side C. sake D. ritual
- The car owner sued the truck driver _____ the damage he caused to her car in the accident.
A. about B. on C. to D. for

19. Non-renewable energy sources are running _____.
A. up B. on C. to D. out
20. What do you think could be the negative effects of _____ computers?
A. overlooking B. overtaking C. overusing D. overeating
21. He's _____ with the president and may soon be fired.
A. in favor of B. out of favor C. do a favor D. in his favor
22. We should develop such _____ sources of energy as solar energy and nuclear energy.
A. tradition B. alternative C. revolutionary D. surprising
23. In some countries, girls are deprived _____ access to health care or proper nutrition, leading to a higher mortality rate.
A. of B. off C. from D. away
24. _____ are the standards and expectations to which women and men generally conform.
A. Social problems B. Shabby manners C. Gender norms D. Ill omens
25. Those smart phones are selling like _____. If you want one, you'd better buy one now before they're all gone.
A. hot dogs B. fresh bread C. hot cakes D. fresh shrimps
26. "What's the matter? You don't look very well." – "I feel a little _____."
A. under the weather B. out of the blue C. out of order D. down to earth
27. Lily: "I'm sorry. I can't be of more help in this matter". –Tuan: "_____"
A. Yes, the matter is helpless B. That's fine. I understand
C. You are welcome D. That's a problem
28. Davis: - I reckon that preserving the environment is the responsibility of every individual.
Mai: "- _____. Everyone should do something to protect the earth - our common home."
A. I see things differently B. I'll say the opposite
C. There is no room for doubt D. That's not always the case
29. Would you mind turning your stereo down? - _____
A. My bad. I'll do it now B. I'd be glad to C. Yes, of course D. Sorry. I didn't mean it
30. **Marry**: "Do you fancy black coffee or white coffee?" - **John**: "_____"
A. Let me make you a hot cup B. Never mind
C. It's all the same to me D. It's my cup of tea
31. **Kara**: "Do you want to book an eco tour or a camping safari?" - **Bella**: "....."
A. Yes, I want a book about eco tours B. An eco tour sounds more interesting to me
C. No, I do not like a camping safari D. I couldn't agree more
32. UNICEF has helped many _____ teenagers continue their education by offering them job training.
A. active B. advantaged C. disadvantaged D. talented
33. Viet Nam has participated _____ many UN activities including peacekeeping since 1977.
A. in B. on C. for D. with
34. UNICEF's aim in Viet Nam is to protect children and _____ they are healthy, educated and safe from harm.
A. make sure B. do sure C. give sure D. show sure
35. The WTO is the world's largest international _____ organisation.
A. economy B. economic B. economical D. economist
36. Joining the WTO has helped Viet Nam _____ its economic growth.
A. provide B. promote C. prevent D. predict
37. The _____ accident in the history of the city occurred last night on the Freeway.
A. badest B. most bad C. worse D. worst
38. We _____ to use the donations effectively. We have signed an agreement on this.
A. comments B. accepts C. commits D. preserves
39. The programme gives children with disabilities a chance to _____ and benefit from a quality education.
A. get used to B. get on with C. get acquainted with D. get access to

40. The programme helps promote equal _____ in society and a culture in which people respect each other.

- A. participate B. participant C. participation D. participating

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the words/phrases that are CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined words/phrases.

41. A computer or laptop can be your powerful weapon and you can **take advantage of** the Internet your study.

- A. take notice of B. have benefits of C. take benefits of D. make use of

42 “Edwards seems **like a dog with two tails** this morning”. “Haven’t you heard the news? His wife gave birth to a baby boy early this morning.”

- A. extremely happy B. extremely dazed C. very exhausted D. very proud

43. **Discharging** chemical pollutants into the environment is a cruel action to the environment as well as the future generation.

- A. Releasing B. Filling C. Making D. Adding

44. The area is roped off because the water is seriously **polluted**.

- A. contaminated B. disappeared C. purified D. endangered

45. The environmental habitat of some **rare** animals is being threatened.

- A. aware B. endangered C. dangerous D. share

46. Many species of **fauna** and flora in this national park is being in danger.

- A. sauna B. coral C. animals D. coastal

47. Water pollution is a result of dumping **pollutants** such as detergents, pesticides, oil and other chemicals in rivers.

- A. contaminants B. sewage C. insecticides D. substances

48. We need to find new ways to **promote** our local products and services in order to attract more customers.

- A. desire B. manage C. consider D. advertise

49. UNICEF **set up** an office in 1975 in Viet Nam

- A. established B. widened C. promoted D. instructed

50. Young people are taught **essential** skills for the job market.

- A. completely satisfied B. completely delighted C. completely new D. completely necessary

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the words/phrases that are OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined words/phrases.

51. The United Kingdom has made a **remarkable** progress in gender equality.

- A. insignificant B. impressive C. notable D. famous

52. Much has to be done to **achieve** gender equality in employment opportunities.

- A. attain B. obtain C. reach D. abandon

53. Stores everywhere compete to sell their **distinctive** versions of Christmas cake before the holiday.

- A. different B. various C. similar D. special

54. Being able to use computers and the Internet can lead to an **improved** quality of life.

- A. increased B. enhanced C. promoted D. deteriorated

55. It seems unthinkable today not to provide children with a **decent** education.

- A. sufficient B. adequate C. deficient D. proper

56. If you follow at least one of the tips, you can be **proud** of taking part in the preservation of water, one of the very important and limited natural resources on earth.

- A. self-confident B. self-satisfied C. discontent D. unpleasant

57. Soil pollution leads to lack of **fertile** land to grow enough food for an increasing population.

- A. arid B. rich C. unclean D. deserted

58. The United Nations has declared the celebration of the International Day of Ecotourism, to **promote** sustainable practices in this growing industry.

- A. favour B. raise C. boost D. delay

59. Researchers believe tourists **disrupt** animals in their natural habitat.

A. disturb

B. confuse

C. organize

D. mix up

60. Medical **experts** are predicting a massive rise in obesity-related illnesses.

A. professors

B. specialists

C. acquaintances

D. novices

Grammar:

A. Passive voice with modals

Change these sentences into passive voice

1. You should open the wine about 3 hours before you use it.

→

2. Members may keep books for 3 weeks.

→

3. Passengers shouldn't throw away their tickets as inspectors may check them during the journey.

→

4. We cannot exchange articles which customers have bought during the sale.

→

5. They ought to have reported the accident to the police.

→

B. Comparatives and superlatives

Rewrite the sentences without changing the initial meaning

1. This is the most delicious cake I've ever tasted.

→ I've

2. Lisa is 1.6 meters tall. Nina is 1.7 meters tall. Their sister, Nana, is 1.75 meters tall.

→ Of the three sisters, Nina

3. There isn't anybody as kind-hearted as your mother.

→ Your mother

4. There is no better teacher in this school than Mr John.

→ Mr John

5. Have you got any bigger than that one?

→ Is this

C. Relative clauses

Rewrite the following sentence, using relative clauses.

1. The pub is opposite the Town Hall. The Town Hall was built in the 19th century.

.....

2. He was sitting on a chair. It was uncomfortable.

.....

3. Australia underwent a terrible forest fire last year. It is home to lots of endangered animals.

.....

4. Let me see the pictures. You took them at Peter's wedding.

.....

5. My cat is going to give birth. She's 4 years old already.

.....

E. Reported Speech

Rewrite the following sentences

1. "I'm sorry I forgot to buy you some cat food.", Ellie told me.

=> Ellie said

2. "Did you lose your phone again?", asked my mother.

=> My mother wanted

3. "Where is the nearest convenience store?", asked a backpacker.

=> A backpacker asked

4. "Don't forget to load the dishwasher after you finish your dinner.", said my sister.

=> My sister reminded

5. "Send your parents my best wishes, Julie.", said June.

=> June told

F. Conditional sentences

1. If you have any questions, contact me via my email.

=> Should.....

2. My phone is dead at the moment, so I can't transfer money to you immediately.

=> I could.....

3. Unless he remembers what the murder looks like, more people will be in danger.

=> If.....

4. Get out or I will call 911.

=> Unless.....

5. You should start your work now, or you won't finish it on time.

=> If.....

ERROR IDENTIFICATION: Choose the underlined part that needs correction

1. It is right that politicians (A) should make (B) important decisions without consulting (C) the public for who (D) they are accountable?

2. In an essay (A) which was writing (B) in 1779, Judith Sergeant Murray promoted the cause of (C) women's education (D).

3. This year (A), that (B) is for the first time, the event is open to (C) all amateur athletes along with (D) the traditional professional.

4. Some people (A) think that there is still (B) gender discriminate (C) in (D) our country.

5. Working as (A) a volunteer provides (B) you for (C) opportunities to know more about (D) cultural diversity.

6. They announced that (A) he has met (B) a number of key (C) figures the day (D) before.

7. I have never been to (A) Danang, where (B) is said to be the most (D) peaceful city in Vietnam. (D)

8. What is (A) the name of the (B) boy his father (C) is the president of the (D) school parents Association?

9. Personal (A) electronic devices may bring (B) more harmful (C) than good (D) to students

10. One reason why birds have been (A) so (B) successful is because of their able (C) to escape from danger quickly. (D)

WORD BUILDING:

1. As a country situated in Asia, in which many mysteries and legends originate, Vietnam has kept various _____ beliefs about daily activities. **(TRADITION)**

2. The coastal areas have been severely _____ by the disposals of harmful chemical rubbish. **(POLLUTE)**

3. The _____ of fossil fuels has gradually increased in many countries which is concern for many environmentalists. **(CONSUME)**

4. All fossil fuels are _____ resources that cannot be replaced after use. **(RENEW)**

5. Increased consumption will lead to faster _____ of our natural resources. **(EXHAUST)**

6. Many national parks have been established to protect _____ animals. **(DANGER)**

7. A large international meeting was held with the aim of promoting _____ development in all countries. **(SUSTAIN)**

8. _____ are making great efforts to help save the giant panda from becoming extinction. **(ENVIRONMENT)**

9. Evolution occurs as a result of _____ to new environments. **(ADAPT)**

10. _____ is the business of organizing holidays to places that people do not usually visit in a way which does not damage the environment. **(TOURISM)**
11. The destruction of the rain forests is an _____ disaster. **(ECOLOGY)**
12. Pike claimed they had _____ against him because of his nationality.
(DISCRIMINATION)
13. She was aware of gender _____ in favour of men in her company. **(PREFER)**
14. It is a good car, but it has its _____. **(LIMIT)**
15. _____, my father used to go to school with your father. **(INTEREST)**
16. The _____ loss of land is the result of severe deforestation. **(MASS)**
17. It is advised that _____ must be responsible for their action during the trip **(TOUR)**
18. Voice _____ is the app which helps some types of smartphone attracts customers
(RECOGNIZE)
19. Accessing to _____ information harms your mental health **(APPROPRIATE)**
20. Many species of plants and animals are in danger of/threatened with _____ **(EXTINCT)**
21. UNICEF aims to create _____ opportunities for all children **(EDUCATE)**
22. UNICEF has run projects in _____ fields to provide the highest possible support for children in our country. **(VARY)**
23. UNICEF helps Viet Nam in joining regional educational programmes to improve children's learning _____. **(ACHIEVE)**
24. When you leave school, you should have the necessary skills and _____ to work in a fast-changing world. **(KNOW)**
25. Joining international _____ will bring many benefits to a country. **(ORGANIZE)**

READING:

A. Read the following passage and choose the correct word for each of the blanks.

Do you think computer games are just for kids? Then you should think again. You might be (1)_____ to learn that the game industry now makes more money than Hollywood. (2)_____ a family buys a new PC, all they want to do is to play games. It is hardly surprising that video (3)_____ has become one of the most popular (4)_____ of entertainment today. A good game is like a good film; it will hold your (5)_____, capture your imagination and play with your emotions.

The big (6)_____, however, is that watching a movie is a passive (7)_____ you have no say in how the plot develops or which characters dominate the story. With computer games, you direct your (8)_____ and that is what makes them so exciting. Finding the (9)_____ game is likely to signal the beginning of a lasting love affair with the interactive (10)_____ of make-believe.

It is wrong to think of gaming as something simply for children and teenagers. In fact, the biggest growth area of the market is the 25-35 age group.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. concerned | B. admired | C. surprised | D. started |
| 2. A. As soon as | B. As well as | C. As far as | D. As long as |
| 3. A. game | B. games | C. gamers | D. gaming |
| 4. A. places | B. branches | C. shapes | D. forms |
| 5. A. gaze | B. attention | C. breath | D. control |
| 6. A. gap | B. variety | C. difference | D. direction |
| 7. A. pastime | B. task | C. routine | D. employment |
| 8. A. movement | B. change | C. performance | D. action |
| 9. A. accurate | B. right | C. complete | D. proper |
| 10. A. region | B. area | C. world | D. society |

B. Read the following passage and choose the correct word for each of the blanks.

What is the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) and what is its purpose? The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) is a multilateral organization which was (1) _____ to give Southeast Asian states a forum to communicate (2) _____ each other. Since the region had a long colonial past and a history of endemic warfare, there has never been much peaceful and constructive (3)

_____ between kings, presidents and other officials. A neutral forum was, (4) _____, a very useful development for all of those countries.

ASEAN was formed as a result of the Bangkok (5) _____ of 1967 and initially had five members: Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, (6) _____ Philippines and Singapore. Brunei (7) _____ joined in 1984 after it had won independence from Britain. Vietnam became the seventh member of the group, officially joining in 1995. (8) _____ several years of negotiation, Myanmar and Laos joined in 1997 and the final member of the ten, Cambodia, joined in 1999. The only (9) _____ state in Southeast Asia which is not a member of ASEAN is now East Timor. It is still (10) _____ vulnerable and fragile to be able to participate for the foreseeable future.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1: A. created | B. made | C. done | D. discovered |
| 2: A. in | B. on | C. for | D. with |
| 3: A. interflow | B. interaction | C. interference | D. intercommunity |
| 4: A. nevertheless | B. moreover | C. therefore | D. however |
| 5: A. Entitle | B. Requirement | C. Independence | D. Declaration |
| 6: A. a | B. an | C. the | D. Ø |
| 7: A. subsequently | B. fortunately | C. approximately | D. surprisingly |
| 8: A. Before | B. After | C. Since | D. While |
| 9: A. dependent | B. independent | C. independently | D. independence |
| 10: A. enough | B. either | C. also | D. too |

READING COMPREHENSION:

A. Read the following passage and choose the best answers to the questions.

In many ways, the increasingly rapid pace of climate change is a direct result of the growth of the human population. In the last 100 years, the world population has more than tripled. Obviously, this has meant that the world has needed to produce three times as much food, energy, and other natural resources.

In addition, the average person uses more energy and natural resources than the average person one hundred years ago, meaning that the rates of consumption are actually much higher than just the increase in population would imply.

All of these activities: food production, energy usage, and the use of natural resources, contribute to climate change in some way. The greater amounts of oil and other fuels burned to create energy release chemicals which add to global warming. In order to produce more food, farmers cut down trees to gain more land for their fields. In addition, we cut down trees to build the houses needed for a larger population. Those trees are an essential part of controlling global warming.

In addition to a growing population, the world also has a population that desires a higher standard of living than in the past, and a higher standard of living requires the use of even more natural resources. For example, China is the world's most populous nation, with 1.3 billion people. Currently, the standard of living for most of those people is far below that of people in first world nations. Therefore, the average Chinese citizen uses far fewer natural resources and less energy than the average citizen of the US or Japan. If every Chinese person attains a first world lifestyle, the amount of energy and natural resources needed in the world will double, even if the standard of living in every other nation on Earth remains the same as it is today.

1. The word "**pace**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.
A. growth B. speed C. problem D. pollution
2. The word "**consumption**" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.
A. development B. usage C. population D. increase
3. According to the passage, how does food production contribute to global warming?
A. Food production requires that the forests be cleared to create farmland.
B. Food production uses many chemicals which add to global warming.
C. Producing more food leads to growth in the world population.
D. Food production decreases the ability of the air to release heat.
4. According to the passage, how does the standard of living affect global warming?
A. Higher standards of living are better for the environment.

- B. First world nations create less population than developing nations.
 - C. The use of natural resources is directly related to the standard of living.
 - D. High standards of living lead to increases in world population.
5. Why does the author discuss China, Japan and the United States?
- A. To compare the standards of their citizens.
 - B. To explain why China will not be able to become a first world nation.
 - C. To explain why the world's use of energy will need to double soon.
 - D. To better illustrate the effects of an increase in standards of living.

B. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The World Trade Organization came into being in 1995. One of the youngest of the international organizations, the WTO is the successor to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) established in the wake of the Second World War. So while the WTO is relatively young, the multilateral trading system that was originally set up under the GATT is over 70 years old.

The past 70 years have seen an exceptional growth in world trade. Merchandise exports have grown on average by 6% annually. This growth in trade has been a powerful engine for overall economic expansion and on average trade has grown by 1.5 times more than the global economy each year. Total exports in 2016 were 250 times the level of 1948. The GATT and the WTO have helped to create a strong and prosperous trading system contributing to unprecedented growth.

The system was developed through a series of trade negotiations, or rounds, held under the GATT. The first rounds dealt mainly with tariff reductions but later negotiations included other areas such as anti-dumping and non-tariff measures. The 1986-94 round – the Uruguay Round – led to the WTO's creation.

- 1: What is the passage mainly about?
- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| A. the World Trade Organization | B. the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade |
| C. the Second World War | D. the global economy |
- 2: When was the World Trade Organization founded?
- | | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| A. in 1993 | B. in 1994 | C. in 1995 | D. in 1996 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
- 3: How many percent have merchandise exports grown on average annually?
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A. 2% | B. 4% | C. 6% | D. 8% |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
- 4: How many times were the total exports in 2016 in comparison with 1948?
- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| A. 50 times | B. 520 times | C. 250 times | D. 20 times |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
- 5: Which sentence is NOT TRUE?
- A. Trade has grown rapidly.
 - B. WTO creates a strong and prosperous trading system.
 - C. Trade negotiations can also be called rounds.
 - D. GATT was established in the first World War.

- THE END -